## SIAM FOOD PRODUCTS PUBLIC CO., LTD.



1 Empire Tower, 43rd Floor, South Sathorn Road, Yannawa, Sathorn, Bangkok. 10120 Thailand. Tel. (662) 287-7000 Fax. (662) 670-0154

(Translation)

Ref SFP 044/2023

8 June 2023

Subject:

Amendment to the Opinion of the Company on the Tender Offer (Form 250-2) of Siam Food

Products Public Company Limited No.1

Attention:

President of the Stock Exchange of Thailand

Enclosure: Amendment and disclosure of information in the Report of the Opinion of the Company on the

Tender Offer (Form 250-2) of Siam Food Products Public Company Limited No.1

Siam Food Products Public Company Limited ("the Company") has submitted the Opinion of the Company on the Tender Offer (Form 250-2), dated 15 May 2023, to the office of the Securities and Exchange Commission, the Stock Exchange of Thailand, and shareholders of the Company, as there are some amendments in such report, the Company would like to provide and disclose details about such amendments. The details are as provided in the enclosure.

Please be informed accordingly.

Yours Truly,

(Mr. Charnvit Subsanyakorn)

President

#### (English Translation)

## Amendment to the Opinion of the Company on the Tender Offer for Securities (Form 250-2) No. 1 Siam Food Products Public Company Limited

The additional matters appear in **bold blue with underline** and the erased matters appear in **bold blue with a strikethrough** as follows:

#### 1. Page 5 No. 1.1 General Information of SFP

#### **Original**

Company Name : Siam Food Products Public Company Limited

Company Start Date : 8 December 1970

**Head Quarter Location**: 1 Empire Tower, 4th Floor, South Sathorn Rd., Yannawa, Sathorn,

Bangkok

**Business Type** : The company is a manufacturer and exporter of canned pineapple,

pineapple juice and juice concentrate and other processed tropical fruits. It operates a multi-fruit processing factory in Chonburi Province and Prachuap Khiri Khan, exports its produce under the brand of the company's customers. In addition, the company is in preparation and readiness for initiating a project of land development as an industrial estate with utilities in Rayong and

Chonburi Provinces in the future.

Registered Capital : THB 300,000,000.00
Paid-up Capital : THB 210,000,000.00
Par Value : THB 10.00 per share

**Revision** 

Company Name : Siam Food Products Public Company Limited

Company Start Date : 8 December 1970

**Head Quarter Location**: 1 Empire Tower, 4th Floor, South Sathorn Rd., Yannawa, Sathorn,

Bangkok

**Business Type** : The company is a manufacturer and exporter of canned pineapple,

pineapple juice and juice concentrate and other processed tropical fruits. It operates a multi-fruit processing factory in Chonburi Province and Prachuap Khiri Khan, exports its produce under the brand of the company's customers. In addition, the company is in preparation and readiness for initiating a project of land development as an industrial estate with utilities in Rayong and Chonburi Provinces in the future. In addition, based on the resolution of the Board of Directors' Meeting No. 4/2021 held on May 13, 2021, it was resolved to approve the restructuring of business operations within the Group. This includes restructuring in preparation for the future business of land development as an

industrial estate in Rayong and Chonburi.

Registered Capital : THB 300,000,000.00
Paid-up Capital : THB 210,000,000.00
Par Value : THB 10.00 per share



## 2. Page 6 No. 1.2 History and Development of the Company

## **Original**

Significant development of the Company in the preceding year are as following:

1970	:	SFP has been incorporated in 1970, and has constructed its factory in 1971 on
	-	an area of 1,248 rai in Ban Bueng District, Chonburi Province, with initial
		registered capital of THB 25.00 million, and has started its production in 1972
		with objective of production of canned pineapple and other fruits for export to
		overseas markets the Company has received an investment promotion from
		B.O.I., and in the following years, the Company has gradually expanded its
		businesses and production capacity.
1005	<b>-</b>	
1985	•	SFP has become a listed company with its registered capital of THB 300.00
		million, and became a public limited company on 10th February 1985, and in
		1994, the Company had its paid-up capital of THB 210.00 million. At present,
		the Company's majority shareholder is Plantheon Co., Ltd.
1994	:	To ensure the availability of raw materials in its production, the Company bought
		a large plot of land of 20,000 rai in Chonburi Province to grow pineapple, and
		promoted approximately 1,000 farmers in the Eastern Region to grow pineapple
		to obtain products of over 150,000 tons per year. At present, the Company's
		farming area is reduced to 12,154 rai because the Company sold parts of the
		farming areas for joint venture in establishment of Eastern Seaboard Industrial
		Estate in Rayong Province.
	:	Eastern Seaboard Industrial Estate (Rayong) Co., Ltd, ("ESIE") is a joint venture
		company between SFP and Hemaraj Land and Development PCL. Eastern
		Seaboard Industrial Estate (Rayong) Co., Ltd. was set up on 3 November 1994.
		The company has a registered and paid up capital of THB 358.00 million, 40.00%
		of which is owned by SFP. Its business is to develop an industrial estate in Rayong,
		and to build and sell public utilities to both Thai and foreign investors.
2010	:	On 27 October 2010, the company established a subsidiary company under the
		name of Quality Pineapple Products Co., Ltd., or QPP, whose office is located at
		1 Empire Tower, 43rd Floor, South Sathorn Road, Yannawa Sub-district, Sathorn
		District, Bangkok 10120. QPP was established in order to support the expansion
		of the company's business which purchased a canned pineapple and
		concentrated pineapple juice factory in Hua Hin District, Prachuab Kirikhan
		Province.
2013	:	In December 2013 the company invested in 6.88 percent of the paid-up
		registered capital of THB 4,700.00 million of the Real Estate Investment Trust
		and lease rights in Ratcha Industrial ("HPF") which invested in some assets of
		Hemaraj Industrial Estate Public Company Limited and ESIE.
2015	:	On 26 August 2015, a subsidiary company was established under the name of
		Siam Food (2513) Co., Ltd. (SF(2513)) with a registered capital of THB 1.00 million
		with its head office located at No. 1, Empire Tower, 43rd Floor, South Sathon
		Road, Yannawa Sub-District, Sathon District, Bangkok 10120. The affiliate was
		set up to accommodate the business expansion of the company and to operate
		commercial and investment business such as manufacturing, supplying raw
		materials and expanding the investment in AEC.
2016	:	The Annual General Meeting of the Shareholders No. Bor Mor Jor 24 for the year
2010	•	2016 held on 22 April 2016 had considered and unanimously resolved to change
		ending date of Annual Accounting Period of the Company from 31st December



		to be 30th September of each year, starting fiscal year 2016 which will be the first year nine-month period from January to September 2016, after that a period of 12 months starting October – September for each year.
2019	:	At the annual general meeting of the shareholders of ESIE, its associate, held on 28 March 2019, the shareholders of associate approved a reduction of the authorized share capital from THB 358.00 million to THB 158.00 million (15,800,000 ordinary shares at THB 10.00 par value). The associate registered the reduction of share capital with the Ministry of Commerce on 27 May 2019. On 27 May 2019, the BOI granted promotional privilege no. 62-0535-0-00-1-0 involving industrial business type 7.8 for industrializing local area to Siam Food
		PCL covering 5,113 rais of land at Chonburi Province.
2021	:	At the Board of Directors' Meeting of SFP No.2/2022, held 24 November 2021, the Board of Directors has passed its resolution to notify its shareholders of the pineapple business restructuring, with the following details:  • At the Board of Directors' Meeting of SFP No.1/2022, held on 13 May 2021, has resolved to approve the restructuring plan of pineapple business, the Company shall cause SF (2513), a subsidiary of the Company, as an entity to conduct the entire pineapple business instead of the Company and QPP, a subsidiary of the Company. According to the restructuring plan, SF (2513) will commence its operation as a manufacturer of pineapple business instead of the Company from 1 December 2021 onwards. Then, it will become an exporter and distributor of pineapple business products instead of the Company from January 1, 2022 onwards. The Company has restructuring plan of pineapple business of QPP, in this regard, SF (2513) shall be a manufacturer, distributor, and exporter of the Pineapple Business products in
		<ul> <li>place of QPP from August 2022 onwards.</li> <li>The business restructuring will benefit the overall business operation of the Group as the restructuring aims to increase the efficiency in management and operation of the entire pineapple business. In addition, the restructuring also accommodates the preparation and readiness of the Company for initiating a project of land development as an industrial estate with various utilities in Rayong and Chonburi Provinces in the future.</li> </ul>
2022	:	SFP has accomplished the restructuring of the pineapple business plan within the group by designating SF (2513) to take on the roles of manufacturing, exporting, and distributing pineapple products, instead of having the Company and QPP perform those tasks as originally planned, all of which was completed on schedule.
2023	:	The Board of Directors' Meeting of Siam Food Products Public Company Limited (the "Company") No. 2/2023, held on 14 February 2023, resolved to propose to The Extraordinary General Meeting of Shareholders no. 1/2023 on 24 March 2023 to consider and approve the delisting of the Company's shares from being securities listed on the Stock Exchange of Thailand, which in accordance with the letter of tender offer for the entire securities of Company from Phantheon Co., Ltd., which is the major shareholder of the Company.

Source: Additional Public Disclosure Note (As of 31 December 2022)

### **Revision**

Significant development of the Company in the preceding year are as following:



4070	1 1	
1970	:	SFP has been incorporated in 1970, and has constructed its factory in 1971 on
		an area of 1,248 rai in Ban Bueng District, Chonburi Province, with initial
		registered capital of THB 25.00 million, and has started its production in 1972
		with objective of production of canned pineapple and other fruits for export to
		overseas markets the Company has received an investment promotion from
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1985	:	SFP has become a listed company with its registered capital of THB 300.00
		million, and became a public limited company on 10th February 1985, and in
		1994, the Company had its paid-up capital of THB 210.00 million. At present,
		the Company's majority shareholder is Plantheon Co., Ltd.
1994	:	To ensure the availability of raw materials in its production, the Company bought
		a large plot of land of 20,000 rai in Chonburi Province to grow pineapple, and
		promoted approximately 1,000 farmers in the Eastern Region to grow pineapple
		to obtain products of over 150,000 tons per year. At present, the Company's
		farming area is reduced to 12,154 rai because the Company sold parts of the
		farming areas for joint venture in establishment of Eastern Seaboard Industrial
		Estate in Rayong Province.
	-	Eastern Seaboard Industrial Estate (Rayong) Co., Ltd, ("ESIE") is a joint venture
	•	
		company between SFP and Hemaraj Land and Development PCL. Eastern
		Seaboard Industrial Estate (Rayong) Co., Ltd. was set up on 3 November 1994.
		The company has a registered and paid up capital of THB 358.00 million, 40.00%
		of which is owned by SFP. Its business is to develop an industrial estate in Rayong,
		and to build and sell public utilities to both Thai and foreign investors.
2010	:	On 27 October 2010, the company established a subsidiary company under the
		name of Quality Pineapple Products Co., Ltd., or QPP, whose office is located at
		1 Empire Tower, 43rd Floor, South Sathorn Road, Yannawa Sub-district, Sathorn
		District, Bangkok 10120. QPP was established in order to support the expansion
		of the company's business which purchased a canned pineapple and
		concentrated pineapple juice factory in Hua Hin District, Prachuab Kirikhan
		Province.
2013	:	In December 2013 the company invested in 6.88 percent of the paid-up
		registered capital of THB 4,700.00 million of the Real Estate Investment Trust
		and lease rights in Ratcha Industrial ("HPF") which invested in some assets of
		Hemaraj Industrial Estate Public Company Limited and ESIE.
2015	:	On 26 August 2015, a subsidiary company was established under the name of
		Siam Food (2513) Co., Ltd. (SF(2513)) with a registered capital of THB 1.00 million
		with its head office located at No. 1, Empire Tower, 43rd Floor, South Sathon
		Road, Yannawa Sub-District, Sathon District, Bangkok 10120. The affiliate was
		set up to accommodate the business expansion of the company and to operate
		commercial and investment business such as manufacturing, supplying raw
		materials and expanding the investment in AEC.
2016		The Annual General Meeting of the Shareholders No. Bor Mor Jor 24 for the year
		2016 held on 22 April 2016 had considered and unanimously resolved to change
		ending date of Annual Accounting Period of the Company from 31st December
		to be 30th September of each year, starting fiscal year 2016 which will be the
		first year nine-month period from January to September 2016, after that a period
2010	+-	of 12 months starting October – September for each year.
2019	•	At the annual general meeting of the shareholders of ESIE, its associate, held on
		28 March 2019, the shareholders of associate approved a reduction of the
		authorized share capital from THB 358.00 million to THB 158.00 million



		(15,800,000 ordinary shares at THB 10.00 par value). The associate registered the reduction of share capital with the Ministry of Commerce on 27 May 2019.
	-	On 27 May 2019, the BOI granted promotional privilege no. 62-0535-0-00-1-0
		involving industrial business type 7.8 for industrializing local area to Siam Food
		PCL covering 5,113 rais of land at Chonburi Province.
2021	:	At the Board of Directors' Meeting of SFP No.2/2022, held 24 November 2021,
		the Board of Directors has passed its resolution to notify its shareholders of the
		pineapple business restructuring, with the following details:
		• At the Board of Directors' Meeting of SFP No.1/2022, held on 13 May 2021,
		has resolved to approve the restructuring plan of pineapple business, the
		Company shall cause SF (2513), a subsidiary of the Company, as an entity to
		conduct the entire pineapple business instead of the Company and QPP, a
		subsidiary of the Company. According to the restructuring plan, SF (2513) will
		commence its operation as a manufacturer of pineapple business instead of
		the Company from 1 December 2021 onwards. Then, it will become an exporter and distributor of pineapple business products instead of the
		Company from January 1, 2022 onwards. The Company has restructuring plan
		of pineapple business of QPP, in this regard, SF (2 5 1 3 ) shall be a
		manufacturer, distributor, and exporter of the Pineapple Business products in
		place of QPP from August 2022 onwards.
		The business restructuring will benefit the overall business operation of the
		Group as the restructuring aims to increase the efficiency in management and
		operation of the entire pineapple business. In addition, the restructuring also
		accommodates the preparation and readiness of the Company for initiating a
		project of land development as an industrial estate with various utilities in
		Rayong and Chonburi Provinces in the future.
2022	:	SFP has accomplished the restructuring of the pineapple business plan within the
		group by designating SF (2513) to take on the roles of manufacturing, exporting,
		and distributing pineapple products, instead of having the Company and QPP perform those tasks as originally planned, all of which was completed on
		schedule.
2023	:	The Board of Directors' Meeting of Siam Food Products Public Company Limited
		(the "Company") No. 2/2023, held on 14 February 2023, resolved to propose to
		The Extraordinary General Meeting of Shareholders no. 1/2023 on 24 March
		2023 to consider and approve the delisting of the Company's shares from being
		securities listed on the Stock Exchange of Thailand, which in accordance with the
		letter of tender offer for the entire securities of Company from Phantheon Co.,
		Ltd., which is the major shareholder of the Company.
Source: Additional	Diir	NIC DISCINSULA NOTA LAS AT 21 December 2022 according to the attachment in the Extraordinary

Source: Additional Public Disclosure Note (As of 31 December 2022) <u>according to the attachment in the Extraordinary</u>
<u>General Meeting of Shareholders No. 1/2023.</u>

#### 3. Page 8 No. 1.3 Nature of business operation

#### **Original**

Siam Food Products Public Company Limited ("SFP" or "the Business") was established in 1970 as Company Limited under the name Siam Food Products Company Limited. The Business has been listed in the Stock Exchange of Thailand (the "SET") on 19 July 1985 and converted to Public Company on 10 February 1993. Currently the Business has 2 subsidiaries, which are as follows:



#### (1) Producer and distributor of processed agricultural products for export:

This business is operated under a subsidiary named Siam Food (2513) Co., Ltd. ("SF(2513)"). SF (2513) is a major producer within the country, and the majority of its products are exported to foreign countries. There are various products offered, including:

- (a) Pineapple packed in cans, pouches and cups
- (b) Concentrated pineapple juice in aseptic bag
- (c) Canned tropical fruits

The Business owns a plot of land for pineapple farming approximately 12,154 rais at Chonburi province and promotes approximately 1,000 farmers in the Eastern Region to grow pineapple to obtain products of over 150,000 tons per year to ensure the availability of raw materials for the production at 2 factories in Chonburi and Prachuap Khiri Khan Province.

#### (2) Real estate development business and business related to real estate:

The Company participates in joint investments for industrial estate development through the establishment of Eastern Seaboard Industrial Estate (Rayong) Co., Ltd. This company is a joint venture between Hemaraj and SFP, with a ratio of 60:40 respectively. The joint development has been ongoing since 1995 and has become one of the largest integrated industrial centers and automotive clusters. Additionally, the Group is currently considering the feasibility and investment structure for developing land into industrial estates with various utilities in Chonburi and Rayong in the future. It's important to note that the Group has not made any investments beyond the joint venture with Eastern Seaboard Industrial Estate (Rayong) Co., Ltd.

As of 31 December 2022, the Business has a registered capital of THB 300,000,000.000 divided into 30,000,000 ordinary shares at par value of THB 10.00 per share and paid-up capital of THB 210,000,000.00 divided into 21,000,000 ordinary shares at par value of THB 10.00.

#### **Total Manufacturing Capacity**

#### (1) Manufacturing capacity and manufacturing quantity of canned pineapple

Items	2020 (Oct 19 - Sep 20)	2021 (Oct 20 - Sep 21)	2022 (Oct 21 - Sep 22)
Manufacturing capacity (one thousand standard cases)	5,500	5,500	5,500
Actual manufacturing quantity (one thousand standard cases)	1,774	3,137	3,324
Manufacturing utilization rate (%)	32.25	57.04	60.43
Actual manufacturing quantity growth (%)	(30.15) <sup>/1</sup>	76.88	5.94

Remark: /1 The manufacturing quantity experienced negative growth in 2020 compared to 2019 due to a pineapple shortage, which led to a decrease in production volume.

#### (2) Manufacturing capacity and quantity of concentrated juice

Itama	2020	2021	2022	
Items	(Oct 19 - Sep 20)	(Oct 20 - Sep 21)	(Oct 21 - Sep 22)	
Manufacturing capacity (ton)	17,500	17,500	17,500	
Actual manufacturing quantity (ton)	3,780	7,185	8,300	
Manufacturing utilization rate (%)	21.60	41.06	47.43	
Actual manufacturing quantity growth (%)	(37.12) /1	90.09	15.52	

Remark: /1 The manufacturing quantity experienced negative growth in 2020 compared to 2019 due to a pineapple shortage, which led to a decrease in production volume.

Source: Additional Public Disclosure Note (As of 31 December 2022)



#### **Revision**

Siam Food Products Public Company Limited ("SFP" or "the Business") was established in 1970 as Company Limited under the name Siam Food Products Company Limited. The Business has been listed in the Stock Exchange of Thailand (the "SET") on 19 July 1985 and converted to Public Company on 10 February 1993. Currently the Business has 2 subsidiaries, which are as follows:

#### (1) Producer and distributor of processed agricultural products for export:

This business is operated under a subsidiary named Siam Food (2513) Co., Ltd. ("SF(2513)"). SF (2513) is a major producer within the country, and the majority of its products are exported to foreign countries. There are various products offered, including:

- (a) Pineapple packed in cans, pouches and cups
- (b) Concentrated pineapple juice in aseptic bag
- (c) Canned tropical fruits

The Business owns a plot of land for pineapple farming approximately 12,154 rais at Chonburi province and promotes approximately 1,000 farmers in the Eastern Region to grow pineapple to obtain products of over 150,000 tons per year to ensure the availability of raw materials for the production at 2 factories in Chonburi and Prachuap Khiri Khan Province.

#### (2) Real estate development business and business related to real estate:

The Company participates in joint investments for industrial estate development through the establishment of Eastern Seaboard Industrial Estate (Rayong) Co., Ltd. This company is a joint venture between Hemaraj and SFP, with a ratio of 60:40 respectively (Currently, WHA Industrial Development Public Company Limited holds shares in Eastern Seaboard Company Limited, an Industrial Estate (Rayong) Company Limited, instead of Hemaraj Land and Development Public Company Limited). The joint development has been ongoing since 1995 and has become one of the largest integrated industrial centers and automotive clusters. Additionally, from the Board of Directors' Meeting No. 4/2021 held on May 13, 2021, it was resolved to approve the restructuring of business operations within the Group, including restructuring to prepare for the future development of land into industrial estates in Rayong and Chonburi. However, at present the Group is currently considering the feasibility and investment structure for developing land into industrial estates with various utilities in Chonburi and Rayong in the future. It's important to note that the Group has not made any investments beyond the joint venture with Eastern Seaboard Industrial Estate (Rayong) Co., Ltd.

As of 31 December 2022, the Business has a registered capital of THB 300,000,000.00 divided into 30,000,000 ordinary shares at par value of THB 10.00 per share and paid-up capital of THB 210,000,000.00 divided into 21,000,000 ordinary shares at par value of THB 10.00.

#### **Total Manufacturing Capacity**

(1) Manufacturing capacity and manufacturing quantity of canned pineapple

Items	2020 (Oct 19 - Sep 20)	2021 (Oct 20 - Sep 21)	2022 (Oct 21 - Sep 22)
Manufacturing capacity (one thousand standard cases) <sup>1</sup>	5,500	5,500	5,500
Actual manufacturing quantity (one thousand standard cases) /1	1,774	3,137	3,324
Manufacturing utilization rate (%)	32.25	57.04	60.43
Actual manufacturing quantity growth (%)	(30.15) <sup>/2</sup>	76.88	5.94

Remark: /1 "One thousand standard cases" is a unit of measure specific to the business. It is used to convert unit values from various products of businesses that have different sizes into standardized or uniform units



## (Standardization). This conversion is done to facilitate the internal analysis of performance and financial information.

/2 The manufacturing quantity experienced negative growth in 2020 compared to 2019 due to a pineapple shortage, which led to a decrease in production volume.

#### (2) Manufacturing capacity and quantity of concentrated juice

lkomo	2020	2021	2022
Items	(Oct 19 - Sep 20)	(Oct 20 - Sep 21)	(Oct 21 - Sep 22)
Manufacturing capacity (ton)	17,500	17,500	17,500
Actual manufacturing quantity (ton)	3,780	7,185	8,300
Manufacturing utilization rate (%)	21.60	41.06	47.43
Actual manufacturing quantity growth (%)	(37.12) <sup>/1</sup>	90.09	15.52

Remark: /1 The manufacturing quantity experienced negative growth in 2020 compared to 2019 due to a pineapple shortage, which led to a decrease in production volume.

Source: Additional Public Disclosure Note (As of 31 December 2022) <u>according to the attachment in the Extraordinary General Meeting of Shareholders No. 1/2023.</u>

#### 4. Page 8 No. 1.4 Revenue Structure

#### **Original**

#### Revenue Structure of the Company for the year 2020 – 2022 and the first 6 months of 2023

		6 months period ended on 31 March								
Product	2020		2021		2022		2022		2023	
	THB Million	%	THB Million	%	THB Million	%	THB Million	%	THB Million	%
Canned pineapple and concentrated pineapple juice	1,501.06	72.10	2,171.00	81.81	2,914.58	86.25	1,478.13	86.97	1,303.83	85.34
Pineapple in plastic cups and canned tropical fruits	388.01	18.64	342.09	12.89	332.99	9.85	152.50	8.97	151.04	9.89
Other products	52.12	2.50	92.09	3.47	90.29	2.67	46.56	2.74	50.64	3.32
Total Sales Revenue	1,941.19	93.24	2,605.18	98.17	3,337.87	98.78	1,677.19	98.68	1,505.51	98.54
Other Income	140.82	6.76	48.52	1.83	41.28	1.22	22.45	1.32	21.16	1.46
Total Revenue	2,082.01	100.00	2,653.70	100.00	3,379.15	100.00	1,699.64	100.00	1,526.67	100.00

Source: 56-1 One Report for the year 2022 and Additional Public Disclosure Note (As of 31 December 2022)

Remark: Other income consists of dividend income, Biological valuation gains, foreign exchange profit, and sale of leftover materials from the production process. In Q2/2023, most of other income came from sales of leftover materials.

#### **Revision**

#### Revenue Structure of the Company for the year 2020 – 2022 and the first 6 months of 2023

	Year ending on 30 September							6 months period ended on 31 March			
Product	2020		2021		2022		2022		2023		
	THB Million	%	THB Million	%	THB Million	%	THB Million	%	THB Million	%	
Canned pineapple and concentrated pineapple juice	1,501.06	72.10	2,171.00	81.81	2,914.58	86.25	1,478.13	86.97	1,303.83	85.34	



	Year ending on 30 September							6 months period ended on 31 March			
Product	2020		2021		2022		2022		2023		
	THB Million	%	THB Million	%	THB Million	%	THB Million	%	THB Million	%	
Pineapple in plastic cups and canned tropical fruits	388.01	18.64	342.09	12.89	332.99	9.85	152.50	8.97	151.04	9.89	
Other products	52.12	2.50	92.09	3.47	90.29	2.67	46.56	2.74	50.64	3.32	
Total Sales Revenue	1,941.19	93.24	2,605.18	98.17	3,337.87	98.78	1,677.19	98.68	1,505.51	98.54	
Other Income	140.82	6.76	48.52	1.83	41.28	1.22	22.45	1.32	21.16	1.46	
Total Revenue	2,082.01	100.00	2,653.70	100.00	3,379.15	100.00	1,699.64	100.00	1,526.67	100.00	

Source: 56-1 One Report for the year 2022 and Additional Public Disclosure Note (As of 31 December 2022) <u>according to the</u> <u>attachment in the Extraordinary General Meeting of Shareholders No. 1/2023.</u>

Remark: Other income consists of dividend income, Biological valuation gains, foreign exchange profit, and sale of leftover materials from the production process. In Q2/2023, most of other income came from sales of leftover materials.

In addition, in 2020, the Company recorded a profit from measuring the fair value of biological assets according to TAS 41 Agriculture, which has been in effect since January 1, 2016. The profit amounted to 106.44 million baht, as the purchase price of fresh pineapples from agriculture at the end of the accounting year 2020 exceeded the cost of planting for the business. Furthermore, in 2021, the business recorded a profit from the valuation of biological assets, amounting to 20.97 million baht.

#### 5. Page 9 No. 1.5 Shareholding Structure

#### **Original**

Company	Туре	Type of business	Country	Shareholding percentage by the Business (Directly and Indirectly)	Paid-up capital (THB)
Siam Food	The	Rental business by	Thailand	-	210.00
Products Public	Business	leasing asset,			
Company		property,			
Limited		machinery and			
		building to SF			
		(2513)and developing land			
		into an Industrial			
		Estate			
Quality	Subsidiaries	Rental business by	Thailand	99.99	550.00
Pineapple		leasing asset,			
Products		property,			
Company		machinery and			
Limited		building to SF			
		(2513)			
Siam Food	Subsidiaries	Producing and	Thailand	99.99	100.00
(2513) Company		exporting			
Limited		pineapple and			
		other fruits product			



Company	Туре	Type of business	Country	Shareholding percentage by the Business (Directly and Indirectly)	Paid-up capital (THB)
Eastern Seaboard Industrial Estate (Rayong)	Associates	Developing land into an Industrial Estate	Thailand	40.00	158.00
Company Limited /1					

Source: Additional Public Disclosure Note (As of 31 December 2022) and Interim financial statement Remark: /1 The remaining 60.00% is held by WHA Industrial Development Public Company Limited, a joint venture.

#### Revision

Company	Туре	Type of business	Country	Shareholding percentage by the Business (Directly and Indirectly)	Paid-up capital (THB)
Siam Food Products Public Company Limited	The Business	Rental business by leasing asset, property, machinery and building to SF (2513)and developing land into an Industrial Estate	Thailand	-	210.00
Quality Pineapple Products Company Limited	Subsidiaries	Rental business by leasing asset, property, machinery and building to SF (2513)	Thailand	99.99	550.00
Siam Food (2513) Company Limited	Subsidiaries	Producing and exporting pineapple and other fruits product	Thailand	99.99	100.00
Eastern Seaboard Industrial Estate (Rayong) Company Limited /1	Associates	Developing land into an Industrial Estate	Thailand	40.00	158.00

Source: Additional Public Disclosure Note (As of 31 December 2022) <u>according to the attachment in the Extraordinary General Meeting of Shareholders No. 1/2023</u> and Interim financial statement

Remark: /1 The remaining 60.00% is held by WHA Industrial Development Public Company Limited, a joint venture.



## 6. Page 14 No. 1.8 Financial status and operating performance

## **Original**

Siam Food Products Public Company Limited	For the ye	For 6 month ended 31 March		
Key Financial Ratios	2020	2021	2022	2023
Liquidity Ratio				
Current Ratio (times)	3.11	2.51	2.63	2.34
Quick Ratio (times)	1.43	0.74	0.71	0.41
Activity Ratio				
Total Asset Turnover (times)	1.09	1.39	1.57	1.26
Average Collection Period (Days)	25.64	24.35	28.12	32.86
Average Sale Period (Days)	64.81	71.68	80.93	124.81
Average Payment Period (Days)	26.26	20.07	15.13	34.46
Cash Cycle (Days)	64.19	75.97	93.92	123.21
Profitability Ratio				
Gross Profit Margin (%)	(12.63)	7.18	9.75	9.91
Net Profit Margin (%)	(11.95)	3.35	5.61	5.52
Earnings Per Share (THB per share)	(11.74)	4.20	9.03	4.02
Price to Earnings Per Share Ratio (times)	(11.03)	28.95	13.40	58.73
Return on Equity (%)	(15.43)	5.82	11.54	4.67
Return on Asset (%)	(15.61)	4.48	11.17	4.40
Leverage Ratio				
Debt to Equity Ratio (times)	0.22	0.29	0.34	0.38
Interest Coverage Ratio (times)	(293.50)	18.74	46.86	33.76

Source: SFP's audited financial statement for year 2020-2022 and interim financial statements for the second quarter of 2023

### **Revision**

Siam Food Products Public Company Limited	For the ye	For 6 month ended 31 March		
Key Financial Ratios	2020	2021	2022	2023
Liquidity Ratio				
Current Ratio (times)	3.11	2.51	2.63	2.34
Quick Ratio (times)	1.43	0.74	0.71	0.41
Activity Ratio				
Total Asset Turnover (times)	1.09	1.39	1.57	1.26
Average Collection Period (Days)	25.64	24.35	28.12	32.86
Average Sale Period (Days)	64.81	71.68	80.93	124.81
Average Payment Period (Days)	26.26	20.07	15.13	34.46
Cash Cycle (Days)	64.19	123.21		
Profitability Ratio				
Gross Profit Margin (%)	(12.63)	7.18	9.75	9.91



Siam Food Products Public Company Limited	For the ye	For 6 month ended 31 March			
Key Financial Ratios	2020	2021	2022	2023	
Net Profit Margin (%)	(11.95)	3.35	5.61	5.52	
Earnings Per Share (THB per share)	(11.74)	4.20	9.03	4.02	
Price to Earnings Per Share Ratio (times)	(11.03)	28.95	13.40	58.73	
Return on Equity (%)	(15.43)	5.82	11.54	4.67	
Return on Asset (%)	(15.61)	4.48	11.17	4.40	
Leverage Ratio					
Debt to Equity Ratio (times)	0.22	0.29	0.34	0.38	
Interest Coverage Ratio (times)	(293.50)	18.74	46.86	33.76	

Source: SFP's audited financial statement for year 2020-2022 and interim financial statements for the second quarter of 2023

Remark: /1 The share price is determined based on the closing price of ordinary shares at the end of each accounting period. The profit is calculated based on the net profit for the last 12 months of each accounting period.

#### 7. Page 15 No. 1.8 Financial status and operating performance

#### Original

#### Other Income

Other income of the company includes dividend income, gain from remeasuring of biological assets, gain from foreign exchange and other income such as sales of leftover material and production waste, and differences of export expenses. In the year 2020 - 2022 and the first 6 months of 2023, the Company's other income were THB 140.81 million, THB 48.52 million, THB 41.28 million, and THB 21.16 million, respectively. Other income in the year 2020 - 2021 were mainly from the gain from remeasuring of biological assets, which are remeasured according to market price of fresh pineapple, while other income in year 2022 and the first 6 months of 2023 were mainly from the sales of leftover material and production waste, differences of export expenses, and dividend income.

#### Revision

#### **Other Income**

Other income of the company includes dividend income <u>from equity investment in Hemaraj Industrial Property and Leasehold Fund (HPF)</u>, gain from remeasuring of biological assets, gain from foreign exchange and other income such as sales of leftover material and production waste, and differences of export expenses. In the year 2020 – 2022 and the first 6 months of 2023, the Company's other income were THB 140.81 million, THB 48.52 million, THB 41.28 million, and THB 21.16 million, respectively. Other income in the year 2020 – 2021 were mainly from the gain from remeasuring of biological assets, which are remeasured according to market price of fresh pineapple, while other income in year 2022 and the first 6 months of 2023 were mainly from the sales of leftover material and production waste, differences of export expenses, and dividend income.

#### 8. Page 17 No. 1.9 Expected Future Performance

#### **Original**

The Offeror has no plan to significantly change the Company's objectives during 12 months period after the end of the Tender Offer period. The Company still continues to focus on the business of



manufacturer and exporter of canned pineapple and other canned fruits, pineapple juice concentrate in sterilized pouch, and seasonal fruits.

However, the Offeror may consider the adjustment of nosiness plans to be complied with the Company's regulation, relevant laws and regulations effective at that time and may also include the adjustment of the financial structure to manage cash in the Company. The Tender Offeror and the Company may consider together on the adjustments in business plans and financial structure or other significant adjustment on the financial status or the business conditions of the Company or any other necessary adjustment.

#### **Revision**

The Offeror has no plan to significantly change the Company's objectives during 12 months period after the end of the Tender Offer period. The Company still continues to focus on the business of manufacturer and exporter of canned pineapple and other canned fruits, pineapple juice concentrate in sterilized pouch, and seasonal fruits. Based on the Board of Directors' Meeting No. 4/2021 held on May 13, 2021, it was resolved to approve the restructuring of business operations within the group, including the preparation for land development as an industrial estate in Rayong and Chonburi in the future. Furthermore, the investment plan for industrial estate development is contingent upon feasibility studies and investment structures. The feasibility of the investment plan must be carefully assessed to ensure that it can generate favorable performance for the business. Additionally, the success of such investments relies on various internal and external factors, such as the final investment value, economic conditions, and market competition, among others.

However, the Offeror may consider the adjustment of nosiness plans to be complied with the Company's regulation, relevant laws and regulations effective at that time and may also include the adjustment of the financial structure to manage cash in the Company. The Tender Offeror and the Company may consider together on the adjustments in business plans and financial structure or other significant adjustment on the financial status or the business conditions of the Company or any other necessary adjustment.

#### 9. Page 19 No. 3.4.2 Related Party Transactions

#### **Original**

For the year 2022 ended 30 September 2022 and for the six-month period ended 31 March 2023, the Business has related transactions with the Tender Offeror including subsidiaries

Company name and	Type of	Value	(THB)
Company name and relationship	Type of transaction	2022 (Oct 2021 - Sept 2022)	Six-month period (Oct 2022 - Mar 2023)
Paksong Capital Co.,Ltd	Buy gift	1,400.00	-

#### **Revision**

For the year 2022 ended 30 September 2022 and for the six-month period ended 31 March 2023, the Business has **no** related transactions with the Tender Offeror including subsidiaries



Company name and	Commonweared Time of		Value (THB)		
company name and	Type of	<del>2022</del>	Six-month-period		
<del>relationship</del>	<del>transaction</del>	(Oct 2021 - Sept 2022)	<del>(Oct 2022 - Mar 2023)</del>		
Paksong Capital Co.,Ltd	Buy gift	<del>1,400.00</del>	-		

#### 10. Page 20 No. 3.6 Source of Funds used by the Offeror for the Tender Offer

#### **Original**

The Offeror will make a Tender Offer for all 5,337,233 ordinary shares, representing 25.42 percent of the total issued and paid-up shares of the Business. The total purchase value equals THB 1,357,098,234.91.

The source of fund to finance this Tender Offer shall originate from internal cash flow of the Offeror. In addition, the Offeror has provided the evidence on the availability of capital needed to finance the transaction which can be found in Attachment 8. As of 4 April 2023, the Offeror has an Savings Deposit Account with Kasikornbank Public Company Limited with a balance of THB 1,360,000,000 ("Source of Funds"). The Funds would be used for the purpose of conducting the Tender Offer with the purchase value equal to THB 1,357,098,234.91, indicating that the Offeror's source of fund is sufficient. The Funds are assured to be free from encumbrances and as specified in the certificate of balance issued by Kasikorn Bank Public Company Limited.

When considering source of cash as of 4 April 2023 and as specified in the certificate of balance issued by Kasikorn Bank Public Company Limited for the Tender Offer, the Company's Board of Directors deems that the Tender Offeror has sufficient capital for this Tender Offer.

#### **Revision**

The Offeror will make a Tender Offer for all 5,337,233 ordinary shares, representing 25.42 percent of the total issued and paid-up shares of the Business. The total purchase value equals THB 1,357,098,234.91.

The source of fund to finance this Tender Offer shall originate from internal cash flow of the Offeror. In addition, the Offeror has provided the evidence on the availability of capital needed to finance the transaction which can be found in Attachment 8. As of 4 April 2023, the Offeror has an Savings Deposit Account with Kasikornbank Public Company Limited with a balance of THB 1,360,000,000 ("Source of Funds"). The Funds would be used for the purpose of conducting the Tender Offer with the purchase value equal to THB 1,357,098,234.91, indicating that the Offeror's source of fund is sufficient. The Funds are assured to be free from encumbrances and as specified in the certificate of balance issued by Kasikorn Bank Public Company Limited, Silom Branch ("Bank"), has certified that as of April 4, 2023, the Offeror holds a deposit account with the Bank that is free from any outstanding obligations. This information is detailed in the Bank statement certificate issued by Kasikornbank Public Company Limited.

When considering source of cash as of 4 April 2023 and as specified in the certificate of balance issued by Kasikorn Bank Public Company Limited for the Tender Offer, the Company's Board of Directors deems that the Tender Offeror has sufficient capital for this Tender Offer.

#### 11. Page 22 No. 4.1 Reasons to Accept or Reject the Tender Offer

#### **Original**



The Company's Board of Directors (excluding directors with conflict of interests) considered the Tender Offer Document (Form 247-4) and the opinion of the IFA on the Tender Offer. The opinion of the Board of Directors was aligned with the opinion of the IFA that the Tender Offer and the Offer Price is appropriate and unanimously resolved that the opinion of the IFA was reasonable thus the shareholders should, at this point in time, consider to accept the Tender Offer. The opinions of the Board of Directors are as follows:

#### 1) The Appropriateness of the Tender Offer Price

Since the Offer Price at THB 254.27 per share is higher than the range of the fair value of the Company calculated by the IFA using the adjusted book value approach, which is between THB 250.97 to THB 254.22 per share, with a base case of THB 252.57 per share (as detail of fair value valuation appear in IFA's report). Moreover, the Offer Price is not lower than the maximum price calculated based on the procedures and provisions in determining a tender offer price for securities delisting pursuant in accordance with Clause 56 of the Notification of the Capital Market Supervisory Board No. Tor Chor. 12/2554 Re: Rules, Conditions and Procedures for the Acquisition of Securities for Business Takeover dated on 13 May 2011 (as amended).

# 2) Accepting the Tender Offer provides an alternative for minority shareholders to mitigate potential risks and impacts after delisting from the SET

Minority shareholders will be affected after the Business is delisted from the SET. Accepting this Tender Offer is an alternative for minority shareholders to dispose the Business's shares as an alternative way for minority to sell their share at appropriate price to guard against the following risks:

#### 1. Lack of Trading Liquidity

After delisting from SET, the shareholders will not be able to trade the Company's shares on SET, which is the secondary market for trade. Trade will not be as fast and liquid. In addition, there will not be reference market price as a benchmark for share trading.

#### 2. Limited Form of Return on Investment

The return on investment in holding the Company's share may be limited in the form of dividend. Meanwhile, the opportunity to earn capital gains could be lower since the Company's shares will have no secondary market nor reference market price as a benchmark for securities trading. In addition, the future dividend payout of the Company is uncertain and will depend on the policy of Plantheon as the major shareholder of the Company.

#### 3. Loss of Tax Benefit

Pursuant to the Ministerial Regulation No. 126 (B.E. 2509), when the Company maintains the status of a listed company, individual shareholders who trade shares on SET are exempted from capital gain tax and are not required to include capital gain in their personal income tax calculation. After the Company delist from SET, individual shareholders will not be entitled to such tax benefit. Shareholders will have to report capital gain from the sales of the Company's shares on their personal income tax filing under a progressive rate.

#### 4. Limited Access to the Company's Information

After delisting from SET, the Company will no longer have to comply with SET's disclosure requirement. Therefore, the minority shareholders will receive a limited access to the Company's news, information and those related to reports of interests by directors and executives, etc. Moreover, directors, executives and auditors will not be obligated to prepare and submit a report on their holdings of the Company's securities



in accordance with the SEC Notification No. Sor Jor. 38/2561 Re: Preparation of Report on Changes to the Securities and Derivatives Holding of Director, Executive, Auditor, Plan Preparer and Plan Administrator (as amended).

Moreover, after voluntary delisting from SET, other shareholders who are not the Offeror, concert party or related persons under Section 258, do not hold an aggregate of more than 5.00 percent of the total issued and paid-up shares or the total number of shareholders is not over 100, the Company will not be required to prepare and submit its financial reports and operating results to the SEC in accordance with the Capital Market Supervisory Board's Notification No. Tor Chor. 44/2556 Re: Rules, Conditions and Procedures for Disclosure regarding Financial and Non-financial Information of Securities Issuers. In addition, the Company's directors and executives will not be required to comply with provisions under Section 3/1 of the Securities and Exchange Act B.E. 2535 (as amended) such as provisions related to connected transactions, those related to material transactions, etc.

However, the Company, as a public company, is still required to disclose and submit information in accordance with the Public Limited Companies Act BE, 2535, such as annual reports, financial reports and operating results, and if the minority shareholders would like information about the Company affidavit, list of shareholders, and the annual financial statements of the Company, the minority shareholders can obtain a copy of the Company's information at the Ministry of Commerce.

#### 5. Lack of Checks and Balance of Major Shareholders' Management Powers

Currently, the Company is under the control of Plantheon, which is the majority shareholder holding 74.58 percent of the total issued and paid up capital of the Company. This allows the Offeror to control the management and business direction as well as the resolutions of the shareholders' meeting on common issues that require majority votes of the shareholders who attend the meeting and are eligible to vote, such as the approval of the annual financial statements, the appointment of the board of directors and the appointment of auditor and etc.

Therefore, if the minority shareholders hold less than 10.00 percent of total issued share of the Company after the delisting tender offer, the minority shareholders will not be able to call for shareholders meetings, which require aggregate vole of more than 10.00 percent of total issued share of the Company and aggregate vote for balancing and inspecting of the Company's management of the major shareholder.

#### **Revision**

The Company's Board of Directors (excluding directors with conflict of interests) considered the Tender Offer Document (Form 247-4) and the opinion of the IFA on the Tender Offer. The opinion of the Board of Directors was aligned with the opinion of the IFA that the Tender Offer and the Offer Price is appropriate and unanimously resolved that the opinion of the IFA was reasonable thus the shareholders should, at this point in time, consider to accept the Tender Offer. The opinions of the Board of Directors are as follows:

#### 1) The Appropriateness of the Tender Offer Price

Since the Offer Price at THB 254.27 per share is higher than the range of the fair value of the Company calculated by the IFA using the adjusted book value approach, which is between THB 250.97 to THB 254.22 per share, with a base case of THB 252.57 per share (as detail of fair value valuation appear in IFA's report). Moreover, the Offer Price is not lower than the maximum price calculated based on the procedures and provisions in determining a tender offer price for securities delisting pursuant in accordance with Clause 56 of the Notification of the Capital Market Supervisory Board No. Tor Chor.



12/2554 Re: Rules, Conditions and Procedures for the Acquisition of Securities for Business Takeover dated on 13 May 2011 (as amended).

# 2) Accepting the Tender Offer provides an alternative for minority shareholders to mitigate potential risks and impacts after delisting from the SET

Minority shareholders will be affected after the Business is delisted from the SET. Accepting this Tender Offer is an alternative for minority shareholders to dispose the Business's shares as an alternative way for minority to sell their share at appropriate price to guard against the following risks:

#### 1. Lack of Trading Liquidity and the absence of a market price for trading reference

After delisting from SET, the shareholders will not be able to trade the Company's shares on SET, which is the secondary market for trade. Trade will not be as fast and liquid. In addition, there will not be reference market price <u>from trading price in SET</u> as a benchmark for share trading.

#### 2. Limited Form of Return on Investment

The return on investment in holding the Company's share may be limited in the form of dividend. Meanwhile, the opportunity to earn capital gains could be lower since the Company's shares will have no secondary market nor reference market price as a benchmark for securities trading. In addition, the future dividend payout of the Company is uncertain and will depend on the policy of Plantheon as the major shareholder of the Company.

#### 3. Loss of Tax Benefit

Pursuant to the Ministerial Regulation No. 126 (B.E. 2509), when the Company maintains the status of a listed company, individual shareholders who trade shares on SET are exempted from capital gain tax and are not required to include capital gain in their personal income tax calculation. After the Company delist from SET, individual shareholders will not be entitled to such tax benefit. Shareholders will have to report capital gain from the sales of the Company's shares on their personal income tax filing under a progressive rate.

#### 4. Limited Access to the Company's Information

After delisting from SET, the Company will no longer have to comply with SET's disclosure requirement. Therefore, the minority shareholders will receive a limited access to the Company's news, information and those related to reports of interests by directors and executives, etc. Moreover, directors, executives and auditors will not be obligated to prepare and submit a report on their holdings of the Company's securities in accordance with the SEC Notification No. Sor Jor. 38/2561 Re: Preparation of Report on Changes to the Securities and Derivatives Holding of Director, Executive, Auditor, Plan Preparer and Plan Administrator (as amended).

Moreover, after voluntary delisting from SET, other shareholders who are not the Offeror, concert party or related persons under Section 258, do not hold an aggregate of more than 5.00 percent of the total issued and paid-up shares or the total number of shareholders is not over 100, the Company will not be required to prepare and submit its financial reports and operating results to the SEC in accordance with the Capital Market Supervisory Board's Notification No. Tor Chor. 44/2556 Re: Rules, Conditions and Procedures for Disclosure regarding Financial and Non-financial Information of Securities Issuers. In addition, the Company's directors and executives will not be required to comply with provisions under Section 3/1 of the Securities and Exchange Act B.E. 2535 (as amended) such as provisions related to connected transactions, those related to material transactions, etc.

However, the Company, as a public company, is still required to disclose and submit information in accordance with the Public Limited Companies Act BE, 2535, such as annual reports, financial reports



and operating results, and if the minority shareholders would like information about the Company affidavit, list of shareholders, and the annual financial statements of the Company, the minority shareholders can obtain a copy of the Company's information at the Ministry of Commerce.

#### 5. Lack of Checks and Balance of Major Shareholders' Management Powers

Currently, the Company is under the control of Plantheon, which is the majority shareholder holding 74.58 percent of the total issued and paid up capital of the Company. This allows the Offeror to control the management and business direction as well as the resolutions of the shareholders' meeting on common issues that require majority votes of the shareholders who attend the meeting and are eligible to vote, such as the approval of the annual financial statements, the appointment of the board of directors and the appointment of auditor and etc.

Therefore, if the minority shareholders hold less than 10.00 percent of total issued share of the Company after the delisting tender offer, the minority shareholders will not be able to call for shareholders meetings, which require aggregate vole of more than 10.00 percent of total issued share of the Company and aggregate vote for balancing and inspecting of the Company's management of the major shareholder.

#### 12. Page 23 No. 4.3.1 The Status of the Business

#### **Original**

As stated in Form 247-4, after the SET has delisted the ordinary shares of the Business from being listed securities in the SET, the status of the Business as a listed company in the SET will cease. Nonetheless, the Business shall continue to operate its business and will maintain its status as a public company limited. In any case, should there be any change to the laws related to the conversion of the Business's status and should the Business qualify for the conditions to proceed as required by law, the Offeror may further consider proceeding as appropriateness and in accordance with all the relevant laws.

Nonetheless, as the Business will maintain its status as a public company limited, it is still required to make disclosures and deliveries of information according to the Public Company Act B.E. 2535 (1992) (as amended), but the obligations for disclosures as a listed company in the SET, including obligations under the rules, conditions and procedures governing the disclosure of information and other acts of a Listed Company will cease.

In addition, the Offeror holds shares in the Business before Tender Offer Period totaling 74.58 percent of total voting rights of the Business. Therefore, after the completion of the Tender Offer Period and the SET's delisting of the Business's securities, if the Business has shareholders who are not the Offeror, including their concert parties and their persons under Section 258, holding less than 5.00 percent of the total voting rights of the Business or number of those shareholders are less than 100 persons, this results in (1) the cessation of the Business's obligation to prepare and deliver financial statements to the SEC in accordance to the Notification of the Capital Market Supervisory Board TorChor. 44/2556 re: the Rules, Conditions and Procedures for Disclosure regarding Financial and Non-financial Information of Securities Issuers (2) the Business as well as the directors and executives of the Business no longer being under the requirements related to the governance of a listed company in accordance to Section 3/1 of The Securities and Exchange Act B.E. 2535 (as amended) such as requirements on entering into Connected Transaction, Major Transactions, and Reporting of Equity Holdings of Directors and Executives, and (3) the cessation of requirements for the directors, executives and auditor of the Business to prepare and disclose reports of their securities holdings in accordance to the Notification of the Office of the Securities and Exchange Commission No. Sor Jor.



38/2561 Re: Preparation of Report on Changes to the Securities and Derivatives Holding of Director, Executive, Auditor, Plan Preparer and Plan Administrator.

After delisting from SET, the Company's shares will no longer be traded on the SET which impacts to the shareholders who have no liquidity for selling and buying the Company's share. Moreover, the information of share price and trading will not be published because no creditable public information for reference in investing.

#### Opinion of the Board of Directors

The Board of Directors (excluding interested directors), has considered the status of the Company as stated in Form 247-4 and agreed with Independent Financial Advisor's opinion that although the Company is no longer a listed company in the Stock Exchange of Thailand, the Board of Directors still has duty to supervise the Company to be comply with relevant laws which include the Public Limited Company Act and Corporate Governance Code since the Company still has duty to comply with Public Limited Company Act. So the Company's shareholders still have rights as prescribed by the Public Limited Company Act such as attending shareholder meetings, voting for directors, receiving of dividends and receiving of information, etc.

After delisting of the Company's securities from the SET, the Company will be unable offer securities to the public through the SET. However, the Company is still able to manage its liquidity by borrowing from financial institutions and internal cash flow to support the business operation. In addition, if necessary and appropriate, the Company can obtain financial support from Plantheon, a major shareholder.

#### **Revision**

As stated in Form 247-4, after the SET has delisted the ordinary shares of the Business from being listed securities in the SET, the status of the Business as a listed company in the SET will cease. Nonetheless, the Business shall continue to operate its business and will maintain its status as a public company limited. In any case, should there be any change to the laws related to the conversion of the Business's status and should the Business qualify for the conditions to proceed as required by law, the Offeror may further consider proceeding as appropriateness and in accordance with all the relevant laws.

Nonetheless, as the Business will maintain its status as a public company limited, it is still required to make disclosures and deliveries of information according to the Public Company Act B.E. 2535 (1992) (as amended), but the obligations for disclosures as a listed company in the SET, including obligations under the rules, conditions and procedures governing the disclosure of information and other acts of a Listed Company will cease.

In addition, the Offeror holds shares in the Business before Tender Offer Period totaling 74.58 percent of total voting rights of the Business. Therefore, after the completion of the Tender Offer Period and the SET's delisting of the Business's securities, if the Business has shareholders who are not the Offeror, including their concert parties and their persons under Section 258, holding less than 5.00 percent of the total voting rights of the Business or number of those shareholders are less than 100 persons, this results in (1) the cessation of the Business's obligation to prepare and deliver financial statements to the SEC in accordance to the Notification of the Capital Market Supervisory Board TorChor. 44/2556 re: the Rules, Conditions and Procedures for Disclosure regarding Financial and Non-financial Information of Securities Issuers (2) the Business as well as the directors and executives of the Business no longer being under the requirements related to the governance of a listed company in accordance to Section 3/1 of The Securities and Exchange Act B.E. 2535 (as amended) such as



requirements on entering into Connected Transaction, Major Transactions, and Reporting of Equity Holdings of Directors and Executives, and (3) the cessation of requirements for the directors, executives and auditor of the Business to prepare and disclose reports of their securities holdings in accordance to the Notification of the Office of the Securities and Exchange Commission No. Sor Jor. 38/2561 Re: Preparation of Report on Changes to the Securities and Derivatives Holding of Director, Executive, Auditor, Plan Preparer and Plan Administrator.

After delisting from SET, the Company's shares will no longer be traded on the SET which impacts to the shareholders who have no liquidity for selling and buying the Company's share. Moreover, the information of share price and trading will not be published because no creditable public information for reference in investing.

#### Opinion of the Board of Directors

The Board of Directors (excluding interested directors), has considered the status of the Company as stated in Form 247-4 and agreed with Independent Financial Advisor's opinion that although the Company is no longer a listed company in the Stock Exchange of Thailand, the Board of Directors still has duty to supervise the Company to be comply with relevant laws which include the Public Limited Company Act and Corporate Governance Code since the Company still has duty to comply with Public Limited Company Act. So the Company's shareholders still have rights as prescribed by the Public Limited Company Act such as attending shareholder meetings, voting for directors, receiving of dividends and receiving of information, etc.

After delisting of the Company's securities from the SET, the Company will be unable offer securities to the public through the SET. However, the Company is still able to manage its liquidity by borrowing from financial institutions and internal cash flow to support the business operation. In addition, if necessary and appropriate, the Company can obtain financial support from Plantheon, a major shareholder.

#### 13. Page 24 No. 4.3.2 Policy and Plans of Business Operations

#### **Original**

#### **Business Objectives**

As stated in Form 247-4, after the completion of the Tender Offer Period and the Business's status as a listed company in the SET has ended. The Offeror does not have any plan to make any material significant changes to the business objectives but may consider amending business plan partially for the purpose of efficiency and competitiveness within 12 months after the completion of the Tender Offer Period and the Offeror will comply with relevant laws, policies and regulations which are effective at that time.

Nevertheless, if needed and for the best interest of the business, the Offeror may cooperate with the Business to adjust business plans or in the case of a significant change to the Business position or other necessary changes, such as the Offeror may review and reconsider the Business's operational policies in order to be suitable to the Business's operation and financial position and to avoid any potential negative consequences which may affect its operations, or to improve the efficiency and competitiveness of the Business in the future. Nevertheless, if the Offeror intends to make any change significantly different from those specified in the Tender Offer, the Offeror will seek for an approval from the board of directors' meeting and/or the shareholders' meeting and other necessary approval to comply with related rules and regulations that are effective at that particular time.



#### Opinion of the Board of Directors

The Board of Directors (excluding interested directors), has considered the business objective as stated in Form 247-4 and agreed with Independent Financial Advisor's opinion that the Company still continues to focus on the main business operations. Therefore, the Board of Directors expects that the Company will not have a significant impact on the overall business. However, there may be a possibility that the Company and the Tender Offeror will consider the adjustment of the business plans and financial structure to be more appropriate and highly beneficial to the Company's business operations.

In the event that the Company will significantly change the business objectives that are different from those specified in the Tender Offer, the Company must be approved by the Board of Directors and/or the Shareholders' meeting and/or other related contractual parties (if necessary) in order to comply with the relevant laws and regulations effective at that time.

#### **Revision**

#### **Business Objectives**

As stated in Form 247-4, after the completion of the Tender Offer Period and the Business's status as a listed company in the SET has ended. The Offeror does not have any plan to make any material significant changes to the business objectives but may consider amending business plan partially for the purpose of efficiency and competitiveness within 12 months after the completion of the Tender Offer Period and the Offeror will comply with relevant laws, policies and regulations which are effective at that time.

Nevertheless, if needed and for the best interest of the business, the Offeror may cooperate with the Business to adjust business plans or in the case of a significant change to the Business position or other necessary changes, such as Industry conditions in the entity's business may change, or the tender offeror may consider new business opportunities, etc. the The Offeror may review and reconsider the Business's operational policies in order to be suitable to the Business's operation and financial position and to avoid any potential negative consequences which may affect its operations, or to improve the efficiency and competitiveness of the Business in the future. Nevertheless, if the Offeror intends to make any change significantly different from those specified in the Tender Offer, the Offeror will seek for an approval from the board of directors' meeting and/or the shareholders' meeting and other necessary approval to comply with related rules and regulations that are effective at that particular time.

#### Opinion of the Board of Directors

The Board of Directors (excluding interested directors), has considered the business objective as stated in Form 247-4 and agreed with Independent Financial Advisor's opinion that the Company still continues to focus on the main business operations. Therefore, the Board of Directors expects that the Company will not have a significant impact on the overall business. However, there may be a possibility that the Company and the Tender Offeror will consider the adjustment of the business plans and financial structure to be more appropriate and highly beneficial to the Company's business operations.

In the event that the Company will significantly change the business objectives that are different from those specified in the Tender Offer, the Company must be approved by the Board of Directors and/or the Shareholders' meeting and/or other related contractual parties (if necessary) in order to comply with the relevant laws and regulations effective at that time.



#### 14. Page 25 No. 4.3.2 Policy and Plans of Business Operations

#### **Original**

#### **Additional Investment and Capacity Expansion**

As stated in Form 247-4, after the completion of the Tender Offer Period and the Business's status as a listed company in the SET has ended. The Offeror does not have plan for a significant investment or capacity expansion that not in line with the Business's normal investment plan within 12 months after the completion of the Tender Offer Period.

Nonetheless, in the interest of the Business, as deemed appropriate, the Offeror, together with the Business may review and consider amending such investment plan as appropriate to increase an efficiency of the operation, management, and business development in each current business line of the Business. In case the Offeror makes any significant amendment to the investment plan, the Offeror will comply with relevant laws, policies and regulations which are effective at that time.

#### Opinion of the Board of Directors

The Board of Directors (excluding interested directors), has considered the investment or production capacity expansion plan as stated in Form 247-4 and agreed with Independent Financial Advisor's opinion that at present, the Company has a canned pineapple's manufacturing capacity of 5,500.00 one thousand standard case per year and concentrated juice's manufacturing capacity of 17,500.00 tons per year which is sufficient to produce products to meet the needs of customers and suit the current market conditions. So, the Company has not been significantly affected if no any plan to expand investment or production capacity in any way except for the normal investment plan for maintenance of the machine in order to keep them in a good condition.

#### **Revision**

#### **Additional Investment and Capacity Expansion**

As stated in Form 247-4, after the completion of the Tender Offer Period and the Business's status as a listed company in the SET has ended. The Offeror does not have plan for a significant investment or capacity expansion that not in line with the Business's normal investment plan within 12 months after the completion of the Tender Offer Period. At present, the Company has only considered the feasibility and investment structure for land development as an industrial estate, as detailed in Section 1.3, Nature of Business Operations.

Nonetheless, in the interest of the Business, as deemed appropriate, the Offeror, together with the Business may review and consider amending such investment plan as appropriate to increase an efficiency of the operation, management, and business development in each current business line of the Business. In case the Offeror makes any significant amendment to the investment plan, the Offeror will comply with relevant laws, policies and regulations which are effective at that time.

#### Opinion of the Board of Directors

The Board of Directors (excluding interested directors), has considered the investment or production capacity expansion plan as stated in Form 247-4 and agreed with Independent Financial Advisor's opinion that at present, the Company has a canned pineapple's manufacturing capacity of 5,500.00 one thousand standard case per year and concentrated juice's manufacturing capacity of 17,500.00 tons per year which is sufficient to produce products to meet the needs of customers and suit the current market conditions. So, the Company has not been significantly affected if no any plan to expand investment or production capacity in any way except for the normal investment plan for



maintenance of the machine in order to keep them in a good condition. In addition, the investment plan for developing land into industrial estates depends on financial feasibility and investment structure. The feasibility of the investment plan must be carefully studied to ensure that it can generate good performance for the business and be in the best interest of the business and shareholders. It should be noted that these investment plans are still uncertain as they require approval from the board of directors. Furthermore, the success of such investments depends on various internal and external factors, such as the final investment value, economic conditions, and market competition, among others.

#### 15. Page 25 No. 4.3.2 Policy and Plans of Business Operations

#### **Original**

#### **Organization and Management Structure**

As stated in Form 247-4, after the completion of the Tender Offer Period and the Business's status as a listed company in the SET has ended. The Offeror may nominate persons as directors and/or independent directors in the best interest of the Business, as deemed appropriate, such as in case of a resignation of director or expiration of the director's term of office or additional appointment of director by considering various factors for the best interest of the Business such as business operations plan, business strategy, competitiveness and growth of the Business including a plan to change or reduce executives. At present, the Offeror does not have a plan involving the restructuring of the organization and management, including significant hiring or termination of executives and employees.

As of the date of submission of the Tender Offer, the Offeror does not have plan to change organization and management structure of the Business within 12 months after the end of the Tender Offer Period. Nonetheless, during the period of 12 months after the end of the Offer Period, the Offeror may consider to change organization and management to be appropriate for growth and efficiency in operation.

In the case that the Offeror makes any significant amendment in the organization and management structure, the Offeror will comply with relevant laws, policies and regulations which are effective at that time.

#### Opinion of the Board of Directors

The Board of Directors (excluding interested directors), has considered the organizational and management structure as stated in Form 247-4 and agreed with Independent Financial Advisor's opinion that the Company will not be affected in any way from organizational restructuring. At present, the Company has 4 represented directors from Plantheon, out of the total of 11. So, Plantheon has significant roles in the formulation of policies, business plans and operations of the Company. After this Tender Offer and the Company doesn't have the status of being a listed company, the Company may not renew the term of the position for independent directors and audit committee when the term becomes expired. The consideration to change the number of the directors will be based on the best interest of the Company.

Moreover, the Board of Directors (excluding interested directors) has opinion that at present, the management of the Company is the same group as Plantheon's management which are Mr. Kiartisak Lertsiriamon and Mr. Suwicha Boonsupa, and etc. As a result, after this Tender Offer and the Company doesn't have the status of being a listed company, the management of the Company will still follow policies and business plans that Plantheon has set as usual.



In Addition, if the board of directors or shareholders' meeting consider and deem that the change in corporate structure and management in the Business, at any point in time, will be the best interest of the Business, the Tender Offeror will comply with the decision of the board of directors or shareholders' meeting of the Business, and/or relevant laws as a case may be.

#### Revision

#### Organization and Management Structure, and Employment Plans

As stated in Form 247-4, after the completion of the Tender Offer Period and the Business's status as a listed company in the SET has ended. The Offeror may nominate persons as directors and/or independent directors in the best interest of the Business, as deemed appropriate, such as in case of a resignation of director or expiration of the director's term of office or additional appointment of director by considering various factors for the best interest of the Business such as business operations plan, business strategy, competitiveness and growth of the Business including a plan to change or reduce executives. At present, the Offeror does not have a plan involving the restructuring of the organization and management, including significant hiring or termination of executives and employees.

As of the date of submission of the Tender Offer, the Offeror does not have plan to change organization and management structure of the Business within 12 months after the end of the Tender Offer Period. Nonetheless, during the period of 12 months after the end of the Offer Period, the Offeror may consider to change organization and management to be appropriate for growth and efficiency in operation.

In the case that the Offeror makes any significant amendment in the organization and management structure, the Offeror will comply with relevant laws, policies and regulations which are effective at that time.

#### Opinion of the Board of Directors

The Board of Directors (excluding interested directors), has considered the organizational and management structure as stated in Form 247-4 and agreed with Independent Financial Advisor's opinion that the Company will not be affected in any way from organizational restructuring. At present, the Company has 4 represented directors from Plantheon, out of the total of 11. The remaining 7 directors have been selected and appointed based on their profound knowledge, abilities, and extensive experience within the business area, 4 out of 7 are independent directors. So, Plantheon has significant roles in the formulation of policies, business plans and operations of the Company. After this Tender Offer and the Company doesn't have the status of being a listed company, the Company may not renew the term of the position for independent directors and audit committee when the term becomes expired. The consideration to change the number of the directors will be based on the best interest of the Company.

Moreover, the Board of Directors (excluding interested directors) has opinion that at present, the management of the Company is the same group as Plantheon's management which are Mr. Kiartisak Lertsiriamon and Mr. Suwicha Boonsupa, and etc. As a result, after this Tender Offer and the Company doesn't have the status of being a listed company, the management of the Company will still follow policies and business plans that Plantheon has set as usual.

In Addition, if the board of directors or shareholders' meeting consider and deem that the change in corporate structure and management in the Business, at any point in time, will be the best interest of



the Business, the Tender Offeror will comply with the decision of the board of directors or shareholders' meeting of the Business, and/or relevant laws as a case may be.

#### 16. Page No. 4.4.1 Benefits to and Impacts on Shareholders who Decline the Tender Offer

#### Original

The Board of Directors of the Company (excluding interested directors) has considered and deemed that after the delisting from SET, shareholders who decline the Tender Offer will remain the Company's shareholders and still be entitled to the rights stipulated in the Company's Articles of Association and the Public Limited Companies Act B.E. 2535 such as attending shareholder's meetings, receiving dividend payment, receiving the Company's information and news disclosed to the shareholders' meeting and annual report. In addition, in case minority shareholders who need the Company's information regarding the affidavit, shareholders list and audited financial statement of the Company, shareholders can take a copy of those documents at Ministry of Commerce.

However, the shareholders who decline the Tender Offer may be affected by the Company's status as no longer a listed company on SET such as lack of trading liquidity, chance to obtain investment return in a form of capital gains from trading securities will be limited since there is no secondary market for trading, the individual shareholder will not receive a tax privilege on the capital gain, limited access to SFP's news and the minor shareholders will be unable to balance the power of the major shareholders.

#### **Revision**

The Board of Directors of the Company (excluding interested directors) has considered and deemed that after the delisting from SET, shareholders who decline the Tender Offer will remain the Company's shareholders and still be entitled to the rights stipulated in the Company's Articles of Association and the Public Limited Companies Act B.E. 2535 such as attending shareholder's meetings, receiving dividend payment, receiving the Company's information and news disclosed to the shareholders' meeting and annual report. In addition, in case minority shareholders who need the Company's information regarding the affidavit, shareholders list and audited financial statement of the Company, shareholders can take a copy of those documents at Ministry of Commerce.

However, the shareholders who decline the Tender Offer may be affected by the Company's status as no longer a listed company on SET such as lack of trading liquidity and the absence of a market price for trading reference, chance to obtain investment return in a form of capital gains from trading securities will be limited since there is no secondary market for trading, the individual shareholder will not receive a tax privilege on the capital gain, limited access to SFP's news and the minor shareholders will be unable to balance the power of the major shareholders.





#### -Translation-

June 8, 2023

Subject: Amendment to the Report of Opinion of the Independent Financial Advisor regarding

the Delisting Tender Offer of Siam Food Products Public Company Limited No.1

Attention: Secretary General of the office of the Securities and Exchange Commission

President of the Stock Exchange of Thailand

Shareholders of Siam Food Products Public Company

Enclosure: Amendment and disclosure of information in the Report of the Opinion of the

Independent Financial Advisor regarding the Delisting Tender Offer of Siam Food

Products Public Company No.1

Reference is made to the Report of the Opinion of the Independent Financial Advisor regarding the Delisting Tender Offer of Siam Food Products Public Company ("the Company") dated May 15, 2023, to the office of the Securities and Exchange Commission, the Stock Exchange of Thailand, and shareholders of the Company, there are some amendments in the report. The Company would like to provide and disclose details about the amendments. The details are as provided in the enclosure.

Please be informed accordingly.

Your sincerely,

-Ms. Jirayong Anuman-Rajadhon-

(Ms. Jirayong Anuman-Rajadhon) Managing Director / Operation Controller Jay Capital Advisory Limited

#### (English Translation)

Amendment to Opinion of the Independent Financial Advisor on the tender offer for delisting of the Company's securities from the Stock Exchange of Thailand No. 1

Siam Food Products Public Company Limited

The additional matters appear in **bold blue with underline** and the erased matters appear in **bold blue with a strikethrough** as follows:

#### 1. Page 8 Executive Summary

#### **Original**

#### <u>Summary of Opinion of the Independent Financial Advisor</u>

Independent Financial Advisor deems that the tender offer price of THB 254.27 per share is appropriate since the tender offer price is higher than the value of ordinary share that Independent Financial Advisor assesses by using adjusted book value method. The IFA opines that the valuation of SFP's shareholders' equity using this method is the most appropriate method, because this method reflects the fair value of the Company's assets, particularly the appreciation of the Company's land value. Most of the land has been acquired since the company establishment and is located near industrial areas, result in a significant increase in its present value. This valuation method is appropriate as it considers independent appraisals based on the market price, which best reflects the maximum utilization of the asset at that time. It ranges between THB 250.97 – 254.22 per share, which has the base case equals THB 252.59 per share. (Detail can be found in Part 2.1 of this report). Moreover, the tender offer price is not lower than the maximum price calculated in accordance with the regulations set by the SEC in considering the suitability of the tender offer price in the event of a tender offer for the delisting of securities in accordance with Clause 56 of the Notification of the Capital Market Supervisory Board No. Tor Chor. 12/2554 Re: Rules, Conditions and Procedures for the Acquisition of Securities for Business Takeover dated on 13 May 2011 (as amended).

After the delisting of securities from the SET, if the minor shareholders still hold the Company's shares, those shareholders will be affected in which the Company not being a listed company in the SET as follows:

- Lack of liquidity in trading of securities in which shares can't be quickly and flexibly traded since there is no secondary market for securities trading
- Chance to obtain investment return in a form of capital gains from trading securities will be limited since there is no secondary market for trading and also no market price for reference. Moreover, the dividend payment policy may be changed in accordance with Plantheon as a major shareholder of the Company.
- Individual shareholders will no longer receive tax benefits for the exemption of capital gains tax.
   Also, individuals and juristic persons will not be exempted from stamp duty from transferring shares.
- Access to information will be lower since obligations to disclose information of the Company as a listed company has ended.
- At present, Plantheon as the Tender Offeror and major shareholder, holds the Company's share
  of 74.58 percent of the total number of issued and paid-up shares of the Company. Plantheon has
  control power over the Company in setting the business directions and the Shareholders'
  meetings. Therefore, after the completion of the Tender Offer, if the minority shareholders hold
  less than 10.00 percent of total issued share of the Company after the delisting tender offer, the



minority shareholders will not able to gather votes to balance the power and check the Plantheon's control.

Based on the information in this report, Independent Financial Advisor deems that the <u>Company's shareholders should accept the Tender Offer</u> for the delisting of the Company's securities from the SET. However, the final decision to approve or decline the Tender Offer for the delisting of the Company's securities from the SET depends on the individual shareholders' discretion.

#### **Revision**

#### **Summary of Opinion of the Independent Financial Advisor**

Independent Financial Advisor deems that the tender offer price of THB 254.27 per share is appropriate since the tender offer price is higher than the value of ordinary share that Independent Financial Advisor assesses by using adjusted book value method. The IFA opines that the valuation of SFP's shareholders' equity using this method is the most appropriate method, because this method reflects the fair value of the Company's assets, particularly the appreciation of the Company's land value. Most of the land has been acquired since the company establishment and is located near industrial areas, result in a significant increase in its present value. This valuation method is appropriate as it considers independent appraisals based on the market price, which best reflects the maximum utilization of the asset at that time. It ranges between THB 250.97 – 254.22 per share, which has the base case equals THB 252.59 per share. (Detail can be found in Part 2.1 of this report). Moreover, the tender offer price is not lower than the maximum price calculated in accordance with the regulations set by the SEC in considering the suitability of the tender offer price in the event of a tender offer for the delisting of securities in accordance with Clause 56 of the Notification of the Capital Market Supervisory Board No. Tor Chor. 12/2554 Re: Rules, Conditions and Procedures for the Acquisition of Securities for Business Takeover dated on 13 May 2011 (as amended).

After the delisting of securities from the SET, if the minor shareholders still hold the Company's shares, those shareholders will be affected in which the Company not being a listed company in the SET as follows:

- Lack of liquidity in trading of securities in which shares can't be quickly and flexibly traded since
  there is no secondary market for securities trading and the absence of market price from trading
  price in SET for trading reference.
- Chance to obtain investment return in a form of capital gains from trading securities will be limited since there is no secondary market for trading and also no market price for reference. Moreover, the dividend payment policy may be changed in accordance with Plantheon as a major shareholder of the Company.
- Individual shareholders will no longer receive tax benefits for the exemption of capital gains tax.
   Also, individuals and juristic persons will not be exempted from stamp duty from transferring shares.
- Access to information will be lower since obligations to disclose information of the Company as a listed company has ended. <u>However, the Company still has an obligation to disclose and submit</u> <u>information as a public limited company, in accordance with the Public Limited Companies Act</u> B.E. 2535 (as amended).
- At present, Plantheon as the Tender Offeror and major shareholder, holds the Company's share
  of 74.58 percent of the total number of issued and paid-up shares of the Company. Plantheon has
  control power over the Company in setting the business directions and the Shareholders'
  meetings. Therefore, after the completion of the Tender Offer, if the minority shareholders hold
  less than 10.00 percent of total issued share of the Company after the delisting tender offer, the



minority shareholders will not able to gather votes to balance the power and check the Plantheon's control.

Based on the information in this report, Independent Financial Advisor deems that the <u>Company's shareholders should accept the Tender Offer</u> for the delisting of the Company's securities from the SET. However, the final decision to approve or decline the Tender Offer for the delisting of the Company's securities from the SET depends on the individual shareholders' discretion.

#### 2. Page 11 No. 1.2.4 Top 10 Shareholders

#### **Original**

List of top 10 shareholders of Phantheon as of April 3, 2023

No	Name of Shareholders	Number of Shares	%
1	Mr. Charoen Sirivadhanabhakdi	289,999,972	100.00
2	Cristalla Co.,Ltd.	14	0.00
3	Plantheon Trading Co.,Ltd.	14	0.00
Total		290,000,000	100.00

Source: List of shareholders (BorOrJor 5) as of 3 April 2023

#### **Revision**

List of top 10 shareholders of Phantheon as of April 3, 2023

No	Name of Shareholders	Number of Shares	%
1	Mr. Charoen Sirivadhanabhakdi	289,999,972	100.00
2	Cristalla Co.,Ltd. 11	14	0.00
3	Plantheon Trading Co.,Ltd. 11	14	0.00
Total		290,000,000	100.00

Source: List of shareholders (BorOrJor 5) as of 3 April 2023

Remark: /1 Ultimate Shareholders is Mr. Charoen Sirivadhanabhakdi

#### 3. Page 12 No. 1.3 Sources of Funds used by the Offeror for the Tender Offer

#### Original

The Offeror will make a Tender Offer for all 5,337,233 ordinary shares, representing 25.42 percent of the total issued and paid-up shares of the Business. The total purchase value equals THB 1,357,098,234.91.

The source of fund to finance this Tender Offer shall originate from internal cash flow of the Offeror. In addition, the Offeror has provided the evidence on the availability of capital needed to finance the transaction. As of 4 April 2023, the Offeror has an Savings Deposit Account with Kasikornbank Public Company Limited with a balance of THB 1,360,000,000 ("Source of Funds"). The Funds would be used for the purpose of conducting the Tender Offer with the purchase value equal to THB



1,357,098,234.91, indicating that the Offeror's source of fund is sufficient. The Funds are assured to be free from encumbrances and as specified in the certificate of balance issued by Kasikorn Bank Public Company Limited.

The IFA has verified the source of funds of the Offeror by analyzing the Offeror's Cash Flow as of April 4, 2023 and verified the certificate of balance issued by Kasikorn Bank Public Company Limited. Based on this evaluation, the IFA concluded that the Offeror's source of fund is sufficient to conduct and complete this Tender Offer.

#### Revision

The Offeror will make a Tender Offer for all 5,337,233 ordinary shares, representing 25.42 percent of the total issued and paid-up shares of the Business. The total purchase value equals THB 1,357,098,234.91.

The source of fund to finance this Tender Offer shall originate from internal cash flow of the Offeror. In addition, the Offeror has provided the evidence on the availability of capital needed to finance the transaction. As of 4 April 2023, the Offeror has an Savings Deposit Account with Kasikornbank Public Company Limited with a balance of THB 1,360,000,000 ("Source of Funds"). The Funds would be used for the purpose of conducting the Tender Offer with the purchase value equal to THB 1,357,098,234.91, indicating that the Offeror's source of fund is sufficient. The Funds are assured to be free from encumbrances and as specified in the certificate of balance issued by Kasikorn Bank Public Company Limited. Kasikorn Bank Public Company Limited, Silom Branch ("Bank"), has certified that as of April 4, 2023, the Offeror holds a deposit account with the Bank that is free from any outstanding obligations. This information is detailed in the Bank statement certificate issued by Kasikornbank Public Company Limited.

The IFA has verified the source of funds of the Offeror by analyzing the Offeror's Cash Flow as of April 4, 2023 and verified the certificate of balance issued by Kasikorn Bank Public Company Limited. Based on this evaluation, the IFA concluded that the Offeror's source of fund is sufficient to conduct and complete this Tender Offer.

#### 4. Page 18 No. 2.1.2.3 Investment in Associate

#### Original

SFP holds shares of ESIE, which is considered as an associate of the Company. With good business performance, ESIE has been paying dividend regularly under a clear dividend policy. ESIE has paid dividend in 2022 and planned to pay dividend in 2023 as follows:

**ESIE's Dividend Payout** 

List	2022	2023
Net profit (THB mn)	222.00	152.50
Dividend (THB mn)	160.00	120.00
Dividend payout ratio (%)	72.07	78.69

The IFA used the Dividend Discount Model (DDM) to assess the fair value of ESIE with the assumption that the dividend payout ratio equals 75.00% of net profit, with reference to the actual dividend payout in 2022 and the dividend payout plan in 2023 without long term dividend growth. The future cash flow from dividend is discounted with the cost of equity of 9.36%. Details on the consideration are as follows:



#### **Dividend Discount Model of ESIE**

Dividend Discount Model (THB mn)	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028
Estimated net profit	152.50	121.67	121.67	121.67	121.67	95.12
Estimated dividend payment	114.38	91.25	91.25	91.25	91.25	71.34
Terminal Value						762.07
Total dividend payment	114.38	91.25	91.25	91.25	91.25	833.41
Equity value of ESIE	853.00					
Shareholding ratio (%)	40.00					
Equity value of ESIE by	341.20					
shareholding ratio						
Number of issued and paid-	21.00					
up shares (Million shares)						
Share price of ESIE by	16.25					
shareholding ratio (THB per						

Based on the table above, share price of ESIE under dividend discount model is THB 16.25 per share

The fair value of ESIE's share using dividend discount model under the base case is THB 341.20 million. The IFA has conducted a sensitivity analysis based on ESIE's dividend payout ratio. The IFA adjusted this factor up, with details as follows:

Sensitivity analysis of ESIE's share value using DDM based on dividend payout ratio

Details	Equity Value (Unit: THB million)	Share Price (Unit: THB per share)
Scenario 1: Increase by 10.00% from the base	375.32	17.87
case		
Base case	341.20	16.25
Scenario 2: Decrease by 10.00% from the base	307.08	14.62
case		

Based on the above sensitivity analysis, the equity value of ESIE is in the range of THB 307.08 – 375.32 million or equal to THB 14.62 – 17.87 per share

From the above valuation of assets, The IFA has adjusted the book value of SFP as of March 31, 2023 with the increase in the fair value of the assets of SFP and QPP, as well as investment in associate to reflect the fair value of SFP's shareholders' equity value as follows.

SFP's share valuation based on the Adjusted Book Value Approach

Item	Amount (Unit: THB million)
Shareholders' equity as of March 31, 2023	1,855.53
Adjustments	
<u>Deduct:</u> The book value of land, buildings, and machinery as of March 31,	(531.98)
2023	
Add: The value of land, buildings and machinery appraised by the	3,685.31
independent appraisers	
<u>Deduct:</u> The book value of investment properties as of March 31, 2023	(63.36)



share)

Item	Amount (Unit: THB million)
Add: The value of investment properties appraised by the independent appraisers	125.40
<u>Deduct:</u> The book value of investment in associate as of March 31, 2023	(107.69)
Add: The value of investment in associate appraised by the IFA	307.08 – 375.32
Adjusted book value of shareholders' equity	5,270.30 - 5,338.54
Number of issued and paid-up shares, par value at THB 10.00 per share (million shares)	21.00
Adjusted book value per share as of March 31, 2023 (THB per share)	250.97 – 254.22

Based on the above table, the fair value of SFP's share on March 31, 2023 according to the Adjusted Book Value Approach is between THB 250.97 – 254.22 per share, which is lower than the Tender Offer Price at THB 254.27 by THB 0.05 – 3.30 per share or by 0.02% – 1.30%.

#### Revision

SFP holds shares of ESIE, which is considered as an associate of the Company. With good business performance, ESIE has been paying dividend regularly under a clear dividend policy. ESIE has paid dividend in 2020 - 2022 and planned to pay dividend in 2023 as follows:

**ESIE's Dividend Payout** 

=======================================						
List			2022	2023		
Net profit (THB mn)	<u>162.11</u>	<u>117.80</u>	222.00	152.50		
Dividend (THB mn)	184.00	120.00	160.00	120.00		
Dividend payout ratio	<u>113.51</u>	<u>101.87</u>	72.07	78.69		
(%)						

The IFA used the Dividend Discount Model (DDM) to assess the fair value of ESIE with the assumption that the dividend payout ratio equals 75.00% of net profit, with reference to the actual dividend payout in 2022 and the dividend payout plan in 2023 without long term dividend growth. The future cash flow from dividend is discounted with the cost of equity of 9.36%. Details on the consideration are as follows:

#### **Dividend Discount Model of ESIE**

Dividend Discount Model (THB mn)	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028
Estimated net profit /1	152.50	121.67	121.67	121.67	121.67	95.12
Estimated dividend	114.38	91.25	91.25	91.25	91.25	71.34
payment <sup>/2</sup>						
Terminal Value						762.07
Total dividend payment	114.38	91.25	91.25	91.25	91.25	833.41
Equity value of ESIE	853.00					
Shareholding ratio (%)	40.00					
Equity value of ESIE by	341.20					
shareholding ratio						
Number of issued and paid-	<del>21.00</del>					
up shares (Million shares)						
Share price of ESIE by	<del>16.25</del>					
shareholding ratio (THB per						
<del>share)</del>						



Remark: /1 The IFA estimates net profit based on historical information from 2019 – 2022 and 2023 Budget of ESIE
/2 The IFA assumes that the dividend payment is equal to 75.00% of the net profit, based on the average
dividend payment in 2022 and the dividend payment plan for 2023.

Based on the table above, share price Equity value of ESIE under dividend discount model is THB 16.25 per share 341.20 million

The fair value of ESIE's share using dividend discount model under the base case is THB 341.20 million. The IFA has conducted a sensitivity analysis based on ESIE's dividend payout ratio. The IFA adjusted this factor up, with details as follows:

## Sensitivity analysis of ESIE's share value using DDM based on dividend payout ratio

	·			
Details	Equity Value (Unit: THB million)	Share Price (Unit: THB per share)		
Scenario 1: Increase by 10.00% from the base	375.32	17.87		
case				
Base case	341.20	16.25		
Scenario 2: Decrease by 10.00% from the base	307.08	14.62		
case				

Based on the above sensitivity analysis, the equity value of ESIE is in the range of THB 307.08 – 375.32 million or equal to THB 14.62 – 17.87 per share

From the above valuation of assets, The IFA has adjusted the book value of SFP as of March 31, 2023 with the increase in the fair value of the assets of SFP and QPP, as well as investment in associate to reflect the fair value of SFP's shareholders' equity value as follows.

SFP's share valuation based on the Adjusted Book Value Approach

Item	Amount (Unit: THB million)
Shareholders' equity as of March 31, 2023	1,855.53
Adjustments	
<u>Deduct:</u> The book value of land, buildings, and machinery as of March 31,	(531.98)
2023	
Add: The value of land, buildings and machinery appraised by the	3,685.31
independent appraisers	
<u>Deduct:</u> The book value of investment properties as of March 31, 2023	(63.36)
Add: The value of investment properties appraised by the independent	125.40
appraisers	
<u>Deduct:</u> The book value of investment in associate as of March 31, 2023	(107.69)
Add: The value of investment in associate appraised by the IFA	307.08 - 375.32
Adjusted book value of shareholders' equity	5,270.30 - 5,338.54
Number of issued and paid-up shares, par value at THB 10.00 per share	21.00
(million shares)	21.00
Adjusted book value per share as of March 31, 2023 (THB per share)	250.97 – 254.22

Based on the above table, the fair value of SFP's share on March 31, 2023 according to the Adjusted Book Value Approach is between THB 250.97 – 254.22 per share, which is lower than the Tender Offer Price at THB 254.27 by THB 0.05 – 3.30 per share or by 0.02% – 1.30%.



#### 5. Page 21 No. 2.1.4 Market Comparable Approach

#### **Original**

The Market Comparable Approach assesses various ratios of the companies listed in SET that with similar businesses to SFP; that is manufacturing and exporting of processed agricultural product. This approach rests upon the main assumption that companies with similar business operation should have similar financial ratios, such as the price to book value ratio, the price to earnings ratio and the enterprise value (EV) to earnings before interest, tax, depreciation, and amortization (EBITDA) ratio.

Therefore, the IFA selected listed peer companies with similar businesses to that of SFP, which derive their main revenue from manufacturing and exporting processed agricultural products and have a similar asset size for comparison. The details of these listed peer comparable are as follows:

#### **Revision**

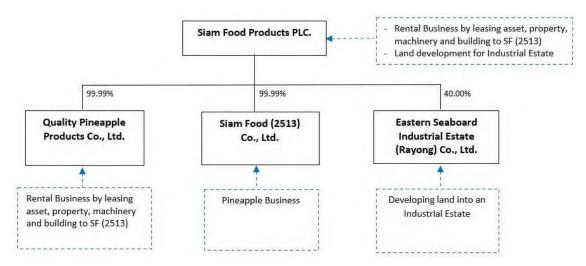
The Market Comparable Approach assesses various ratios of the companies listed in SET that with similar businesses to SFP; that is manufacturing and exporting of processed agricultural product. This approach rests upon the main assumption that companies with similar business operation should have similar financial ratios, such as the price to book value ratio, the price to earnings ratio and the enterprise value (EV) to earnings before interest, tax, depreciation, and amortization (EBITDA) ratio.

Therefore, the IFA selected listed peer companies with similar businesses to that of SFP, which derive their main revenue from manufacturing and exporting processed agricultural products, which has more than 50.00% revenue from export and have a similar asset size for comparison. The details of these listed peer comparable are as follows:

#### 6. Page 25 No. 2.1.5 Sum of The Parts Approach

#### Original

Company group shareholding structure can be summarized as follows:



To determine the equity value of SFP using this approach, the IFA considers the aggregate fair value of the group of companies being evaluated. To ensure an accurate assessment of the fair value of each company, the IFA selects a valuation approach that aligns with the differing operations of each company. The fair value of each company can then be summarized as follows:



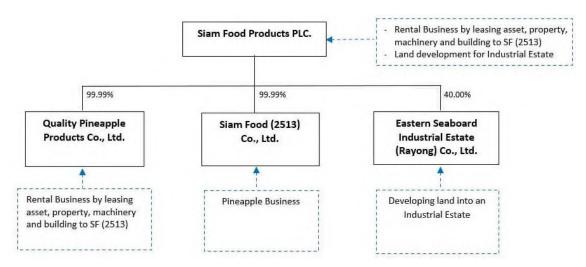
Fair value by shareholding ratio of SFP's Investment

No.	Company	Valuation Approach	Fair Value of Shareholders' Equity (Unit: THB million)	Proportion of SFP's Investment (%)	Fair Value by Shareholding Ratio of Investment (Unit: THB million)
1	SFP	Sum of the Parts	611.66 – 693.12	100.00	611.66 – 693.12
2	QPP	Discounted Cash Flow Approach	146.21 – 160.51	99.99	146.21 – 160.51
3	SF (2513)	Discounted Cash Flow Approach	2,190.04 – 2,386.74	99.99	2,190.04 – 2,386.74
4	ESIE /1	Dividend Discount Model Approach	767.70 – 938.30	40.00	307.08 – 375.32

Remark: /1 Detail of ESIE's valuation can be found in Part 2.1.2.3 Investment in associates of this report

#### **Revision**

Company group shareholding structure can be summarized as follows:



To determine the equity value of SFP using this approach, the IFA considers the aggregate fair value of the group of companies being evaluated. To ensure an accurate assessment of the fair value of each company, the IFA selects a valuation approach that aligns with the differing operations of each company. The fair value of each company can then be summarized as follows:

Fair value by shareholding ratio of SFP's Investment

No.	Company	Valuation Approach	Fair Value of Shareholders' Equity (Unit: THB million)	Proportion of SFP's Investment (%)	Fair Value by Shareholding Ratio of Investment (Unit: THB million)
1	SFP	Sum of the Parts	611.66 - 693.12	100.00	611.66 – 693.12
2	QPP	Discounted Cash	146.21 – 160.51	99.99	146.21 – 160.51
		Flow Approach			
3	SF (2513)	Discounted Cash	<b>2,194.92 - 2,391.62</b>	99.99	<b>2,194.92 – 2,391.62</b>
		Flow Approach	<del>2,190.04 – 2,386.74</del>		<del>2,190.04 – 2,386.74</del>



No.	Company	Valuation Approach	Fair Value of Shareholders' Equity (Unit: THB million)	Proportion of SFP's Investment (%)	Fair Value by Shareholding Ratio of Investment (Unit: THB million)	
4	ESIE /1	Dividend Discount Model Approach	767.70 – 938.30	40.00	307.08 – 375.32	

Remark: /1 Detail of ESIE's valuation can be found in Part 2.1.2.3 Investment in associates of this report

#### 7. Page 26 No. 2.1.5.1 Valuation of SFP's Shareholders' Equity b) Revenue Assumptions

## **Original**

Revenue of SFP can be categorized into 2 types as follows:

- 1. Rental revenue from renting assets to SF (2513) for use in its pineapple business, which includes the following assets:
  - 1.1. Agricultural land at Rai Nong Takhian
  - 1.2. Land and building at Ban Bueng
  - 1.3. Machinery and equipment at Ban Bueng
  - 1.4. Machinery and equipment at Hua Hin
  - 1.5. Machinery and equipment at Rai Nong Takhian
- 2. Other income comprises of interest income and income from management fees.

The revenue assumptions can be summarized as follows:

Summary of assumptions on revenue

Assumption	Description		Reference
1. Rental Revenue			
Rental revenue from renting assets	to SF (2513) for use i	n its pineapple	- Property rental
business, which includes the follow	ving assets:		agreement
1. Agricultural land at Rai Nong Ta	khian		- Management
2. Land and building at Ban Bueng			interview
3. Machinery and equipment at Ba	_		
4. Machinery and equipment at Hu			
5. Machinery and equipment at Ra	ii Nong Takhian		
Based on the management intervie SFP has no plans to increase rental has estimated the revenue from le			
Item	Apr – Sep 2023	Oct 2023 –	
(Unit: THB million)		Sep 2028	
Agricultural land at Rai Nong	5.40	10.80 per year	
Takhian			
Land and building at Ban Bueng	10.56 per year		
Machinery and equipment at	12.00	24.00 per year	
Ban Bueng			



Assumption		Description			
Machinery and e	quipment at	6.96	13.92 per year		
Hua Hin					
Machinery and e	quipment at	0.78	1.56 per year		
Rai Nong Takhian	1				
2. Other Income					
Other Income	-		me from management	- Management	
	fee. The IFA es	timated the other inco	ated the other income as follows:		
				- Estimated by IFA	
	Interest incom	e assumptions			
	Based on the m	nanagement interview	, the IFA has estimated		
	the interest in	come from short-ter	m loans to subsidiary		
	companies to b	oe 1.35% per year.			
	Income from n	nanagement fee assur	nptions		
	Based on the m	nanagement interview	and SFP's policies, the		
	IFA has estim	IFA has estimated that SFP will receive income from			
	management f	ees of a personal exp	ense at a rate of 80%		
	from SF (2513)	throughout the forec	ast period.		

Revenue of SFP can be categorized into 2 types as follows:

- 1. Rental revenue from renting assets to SF (2513) for use in its pineapple business, which includes the following assets:
  - 1.1. Agricultural land at Rai Nong Takhian
  - 1.2. Land and building at Ban Bueng
  - 1.3. Machinery and equipment at Ban Bueng
  - 1.4. Machinery and equipment at Hua Hin
  - 1.5. Machinery and equipment at Rai Nong Takhian
- 2. Other income comprises of interest income and income from management fees.

The revenue assumptions can be summarized as follows:

Summary of assumptions on revenue

Assumption	Assumption Description					
1. Rental Reven						
Rental revenue fro	om renting assets to SF (2513) for use in its pineapple	- Property rental				
business, which S	FP has started to lease assets to SF (2513) since December 1,	agreement				
2021. The assets i	nclude, which includes the following assets:	- Management				
1. Agricultural lan	d at Rai Nong Takhian	interview				
2. Land and buildi	ng at Ban Bueng					
3. Machinery and	equipment at Ban Bueng					
4. Machinery and	equipment at Hua Hin					
5. Machinery and	equipment at Rai Nong Takhian					
SFP has no plans to	Based on the management interview and property rental agreements, currently SFP has no plans to increase rental rates in the next 2-3 years. Therefore, the IFA has estimated the revenue from leasing as follows:					



Assumption			Reference			
Item (Unit: THB million)				Apr – Sep 2023	Oct 2023 – Sep 2028	
Agricultural land a Rai Nong Takhian	t	9.00	<u>5.40</u>	5.40	10.80 per year	
Land and building Ban Bueng	at	<u>8.80</u>	<u>5.28</u>	5.28	10.56 per year	
Machinery and equipment at Ban Bueng		<u>20.00</u>	<u>12.00</u>	12.00	24.00 per year	
Machinery and equipment at Hua	Hin	<u>13.92</u>	<u>6.96</u>	6.96	13.92 per year	
Machinery and equipment at Rai Nong Takhian		<u>1.30</u>	<u>0.78</u>	0.78	1.56 per year	
1. Other Income						
	Comprises interest income and income from management fee. The IFA estimated the other income as follows:  Interest income assumptions Based on the management interview, the IFA has estimated the interest income from short-term loans to subsidiary companies to be 1.35% per year.  Income from management fee assumptions Based on the management interview and SFP's policies, the IFA has estimated that SFP will receive income from					<ul><li>Management Interview</li><li>Estimated by IFA</li></ul>
	of a	_		nal expense at n SF (2513) th		

# 8. Page 28 No. 2.1.5.1 Valuation of SFP's Shareholders' Equity b) Assumption on administrative expense

#### **Original**

Administrative expenses of SFP are as follows:

- 1. Personnel expenses
- 2. Other administrative expenses

Assumptions on administrative expenses can be summarized as follows:

Summary of assumptions on administrative expense

Assumptions	Description	Reference
Personnel	e.g. salary, bonus, and employee benefits	Based on the
expenses		management
	Based on financial statement of SFP and management	interview,
	interviews, SFP currently has a total of 6 employees in	considerations on
	executive positions and has no plan to hire additional	the historical data,
		the IFA estimates,



Assumptions			Description			Reference
	employee. T expenses sta	herefore, t	he IFA has		•	and the company policies
	Oct 2021 – Sep 2022	Oct 2022 - Mar 2023	Apr - Sep 2023	Oct 2023 Onwards	Growth rate	
		Number o	f Employees	(person)		
	5	6	6	6	-	
		Mo	nthly Expen			
	Average THB 0.21	Average THB 0.22	THB 0.21 million/m	THB 0.22 million/m onth/pers	4.00% per year according	
	million/mo nth/perso n	million/m onth/pers on	onth/pers on	on reference from	to SFP policy	
	actual performan ce	actual performa nce	reference from 2021 and growth 4.00% per year	2022 and growth 4.00 % per year		
Other administrative expenses	e.g. committee fee  Based on management interviews, the IFA has estimated other administrative expense by referencing other administrative expense in the first 6 months of 2023 as of ending March 31, 2023, which amounted to THB 8.08 million per year, the estimated other administrative expenses can be summarized as follows:				Based on the management interview, considerations on the historical data, and the IFA estimates	
	Apr - Se		ct 2023 -		th rate	
	2023		ep 2028			
	THB 8.0 million		IB 16.36 Ilion per year	accordin	per year g to Thai ation	

Administrative expenses of SFP are as follows:

- 1. Personnel expenses
- 2. Other administrative expenses

Assumptions on administrative expenses can be summarized as follows:

Summary of assumptions on administrative expense

Assumptions	Description	
		е
Personnel	e.g. salary, bonus, and employee benefits	Based
expenses		on the
		manage



Assumptions		De	escription			Referenc e			
	Based on financial statement of SFP and management interviews, SFP currently has a total of 6 employees in executive positions and has no plan to hire additional employee. Therefore, the IFA has estimated personnel expenses starting from January 2023 as follows:								
	23 Grow ds th rate	on the historic al data, the IFA							
		Number of Employees (person)							
	5	es, and the							
	Average TUD		thly Expense	THB 0.2	22 4.00	compan			
	Average THB 0.21	Average THB 0.22	THB 0.21 million/mont	million/m	nont % per	y policies			
	million/mont h/person	million/mont h/person	h/person reference	referen from 20 and grov	22 ding				
	actual actual from 2021 4.00 % per SFP performance performance and growth 4.00% per policy								
			year						
Other administrative	e.g. committee	fee, transport	ation expense	and depre	ciation etc.	Based on the			
expenses	Based on man administrative expense in the	expense by	referencing	other ad	lministrative	ment			
	which amounte	ed to THB 8.08	million per yea	ar, the estin	mated other	w,			
	Oct 2021	expenses can b		as follows:	Growt	conside rations			
	<u>- Sep</u> 2022		Apr - Sep 2023	2023 - Sep 2028	h rate	on the historic al data,			
	THB 6.68	THB 8.08	THB	THB	1.21%	and the			
	million	<u>million</u>	8.08	16.36	per	IFA			
	According	According	million	million	year	estimat			
	to past performa	to past performa	Accordi	per	accordi ng to	es			
	performa     performa     ng to 6     year     ng to       nce     nce     month     Accordi     Thai								
	2023 ng to 6 inflatio								
	<u>month</u> n								
	Remark: The Boaresolved to appro	•	-		•				
	Company recorded business, except contact to approximate approximate to approximate to approximate approximate approximate app	ed all other adm	ninistrative expe	nses related	to pineapple				
	to clearly separate	e expenses.							



# 9. Page 29 No. 2.1.5.1 Valuation of SFP's Shareholders' Equity b) Assumption on financial cost and corporate income tax expense

## **Original**

Summary of assumptions on financial costs and corporate income tax expense

Assumption			Refe	erence		
Financial cost	Interest rate for short-tequals 1.30% per year	Base managen interview				
Corporate income tax expense	The corporate income ta follows:	he corporate income tax rate and accumulated losses are as ollows:				
	Item	Oct 2022 -	Oct 2027 –			
		Sep 2026	Sep 2028			
	Corporate Income Tax	20.0	0%			
	Accumulated loss that can be used for tax deduction	As of Sep 2022, the accumulated loss outstanding is THB 573.71 million, which can be used from 2023 onwards	-			

#### Revision

Summary of assumptions on financial costs and corporate income tax expense

Assumption		Description		Reference		
Financial cost	Interest rate for short-t equals 1.30% per year	Base on management interviews				
Corporate income tax expense	The corporate income ta follows:	P.N.D. 50 and P.N.D. 51 for the year 2022 of SFP				
	ltem	Oct <u>2020</u> <del>2022</del> – Sep <u>2025</u> <del>2026</del>	Oct <u>2026</u> onwards <del>2027</del> – Sep 2028			
	Corporate Income Tax					
	Accumulated loss that can be used for tax deduction	As of Sep 2022, the accumulated loss outstanding is THB 573.71 million, which can be used from 2023 Oct 1, 2020 onwards	-			

Remarks: The accumulated tax loss that can be used for tax reduction will expire on September 30, 2025. Furthermore, such accumulated tax loss can be utilized for tax reduction only for the accounting period in which the company has a profit before income tax expenses.



## 10. Page 33 No. 2.1.5.1 Valuation of SFP's Shareholders' Equity k) Present value of the free cash flow calculation

#### **Original**

From the above assumptions, the IFA has prepared the free cash flow forecast and adopted the WACC as a discount rate to determine the present value of the future cash flow and the value of SFP's shareholders' equity as follows:

Summary of the free cash flow projection of SED (April 2022 - September 2028)

Summary of the free cash flo	Summary of the free cash flow projection of SFP (April 2023 - September 2028)							
	Apr –	Oct 23 -	Oct 24 -	Oct 25 -	Oct 26 -	Oct 27 -		
Item (Unit: THB million)								
	Sep 23	Sep 24	Sep 25	Sep 26	Sep 27	Sep 28		
Rental revenue	30.42	60.84	60.84	60.84	60.84	60.84		
Cost of renting	(21.48)	(37.48)	(40.03)	(42.26)	(41.96)	(40.01)		
Gross profit	8.94	23.36	20.81	18.58	18.88	20.83		
Other income	11.07	23.03	23.54	24.08	24.63	25.21		
Administrative expense	(15.55)	(32.41)	(33.24)	(34.11)	(35.01)	(35.94)		
Earnings before interest and taxes	4.46	13.98	11.11	8.54	8.50	10.10		
(EBIT)								
<u>Deduct:</u> Tax expenses	-	-	-	(1.80)	(1.79)	(2.11)		
Add: Depreciation and amortization	23.05	37.48	40.03	42.26	41.96	40.01		
Add (Deduct): Change in net	170.53	-	-	-	-	-		
working Capital								
<u>Deduct:</u> Capital expenditure	(23.58)	(23.58)	(23.58)	(23.58)	(23.58)	(23.58)		
Free cash flow	174.46	27.89	27.56	25.43	25.10	24.43		
Add: Terminal Value						319.70		
Total free cash flow	174.46	27.89	27.56	25.43	25.10	344.13		
PV of free cash flow	469.68				d to discount	-		
Add: Cash and cash equivalents as of	16.58	-	)23 – 2028 fo. pril 18, 2023	_	present value	e of free cash		
March 31, 2023		Jiow us of A	prii 10, 2025					
<u>Deduct:</u> Interest-bearing debts	-							
owed to parties outside the								
group of companies as of								

From the above table, the equity value of SFP based on Sum of The Parts Approach (SOTP) is THB 611.66 million.

486.26

125.40

611.66

#### Revision

March 31, 2023

Add: Value of non-operating assets

PV of leasing business

PV of equity value

From the above assumptions, the IFA has prepared the free cash flow forecast and adopted the WACC as a discount rate to determine the present value of the future cash flow and the value of SFP's shareholders' equity as follows:



Financial performance of SFP (October 2021 – September 2028)

	Oct 21 -	Oct 22 – Mar 23	<u>Apr –</u>	Oct 23 -	Oct 24 -	Oct 25 -	Oct 26 -	Oct 27 -
Item (Unit: THB								Sep 28
<u>million)</u>						<u>ice</u>		
Rental revenue	<u>53.02</u>	30.42	30.42	60.84	60.84	<u>60.84</u>	60.84	<u>60.84</u>
<b>Cost of renting</b>	(36.54)	(20.55)	(21.48)	(37.48)	(40.03)	(42.26)	(41.96)	(40.01)
Gross profit	<u>16.48</u>	14.38	8.94	23.36	20.81	<u>18.58</u>	18.88	20.83
Sales Revenue	-	4.19	=	=	=	-11	=	_
Other income	<u>6.52</u>	13.20	11.07	23.03	23.54	24.08	24.63	25.21
Cost of sales		(5.89)	=	=	=	=	=	
Distribution costs	-	(0.01)	=	=	=	=	=	
Administrative	(19.03)	(16.04)	(15.55)	(32.41)	(33.24)	(34.11)	(35.01)	(35.94)
<u>expense</u>								
Earnings before	3.97	<u>5.76</u>	4.46	13.98	11.11	8.54	8.50	10.10
interest and taxes (EBIT)								
Dividend Income <sup>/2</sup>	<u>63.14</u>	23.62	=	=	=	=	=	=

Remark: /1 The Board of Directors' Meeting No. 4/2021, held on May 13, 2021, resolved to approve the restructuring of the pineapple business by allowing SF (2513) to take over the entire pineapple business from SFP starting from January 1, 2022.

/2 The IFA did not estimate the dividend income during the projection period, as it is dependent on the performance of SFP's subsidiaries and associates. Instead, IFA evaluated the value of the shareholders' equity of these subsidiaries and associates, as indicated in Section 2.1.2.3, Section 2.1.5.2, and Section 2.1.5.3 of this report.

Summary of the free cash flow projection of SFP (April 2023 - September 2028)

Summary of the free cash no	ou projec	, cioii oi oi	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	CITIOCI EU	,	
	Apr –	Oct 23 -	Oct 24 -	Oct 25 -	Oct 26 -	Oct 27 -	
Item (Unit: THB million)							
	Sep 23	Sep 24	Sep 25	Sep 26	Sep 27	Sep 28	
Rental revenue	<del>30.42</del>	60.84	60.84	60.84	<del>60.84</del>	<del>60.84</del>	
Cost of renting	<del>(21.48)</del>	(37.48)	<del>(40.03)</del>	<del>(42.26)</del>	<del>(41.96)</del>	<del>(40.01)</del>	
Gross profit	<del>8.94</del>	<del>23.36</del>	<del>20.81</del>	<del>18.58</del>	<del>18.88</del>	<del>20.83</del>	
Other income	<del>11.07</del>	<del>23.03</del>	<del>23.54</del>	<del>24.08</del>	<del>24.63</del>	<del>25.21</del>	
Administrative expense	<del>(15.55)</del>	(32.41)	(33.24)	<del>(34.11)</del>	<del>(35.01)</del>	<del>(35.94)</del>	
Earnings before interest and taxes	4.46	13.98	11.11	8.54	8.50	10.10	
(EBIT)							
<u>Deduct:</u> Tax expenses	ı	-	-	(1.80)	(1.79)	(2.11)	
Add: Depreciation and amortization	23.05	37.48	40.03	42.26	41.96	40.01	
Add (Deduct): Change in net	170.53	-	-	-		-	
working Capital							
<u>Deduct:</u> Capital expenditure	(23.58)	(23.58)	(23.58)	(23.58)	(23.58)	(23.58)	
Free cash flow	174.46	27.89	27.56	25.43	25.10	24.43	
Add: Terminal Value						319.70	
Total free cash flow	174.46	27.89	27.56	25.43	25.10	344.13	
PV of free cash flow	469.68		te equals to 8				
Add: Cash and cash equivalents as of	16.58	flow of FY 2023 – 2028 for deriving net present value of free cas					
March 31, 2023		flow as of April 18, 2023					



Item (Unit: THB million)	Apr –	Oct 23 -	Oct 24 -	Oct 25 -	Oct 26 -	Oct 27 -
item (ont. 115 millon)	Sep 23	Sep 24	Sep 25	Sep 26	Sep 27	Sep 28
<b>Deduct:</b> Interest-bearing debts	-					
owed to parties outside the						
group of companies as of						
March 31, 2023						
PV of leasing business	486.26					
Add: Value of non-operating assets 4	125.40					
PV of equity value	611.66					

Remark: /1 Non-operating assets are Land and Building in Rai Bua Chum, Lopburi Province, which currently does not have any benefit.

From the above table, the equity value of SFP based on Sum of The Parts Approach (SOTP) is THB 611.66 million.

#### 11. Page 34 No. 2.1.5.2 Valuation of QPP's Shareholders' Equity b) Revenue Assumptions

#### **Original**

Revenue of QPP can be categorized into 2 types as follows:

- 1. Rental revenue from renting assets to SF (2513) for use in its pineapple business, which include land and building at Hua Hin
- 2. Other income comprises of interest income and gain from sales of fixed asset The revenue assumptions can be summarized as follows:

# Summary of assumptions on revenue

Assumption		Descri	ption			Reference			
1. Rental Reven	ue								
	Rental revenue from renting assets to SF (2513) for use in its pineapple business, which include land and building at Hua Hin						<ul><li>Property rental agreement</li><li>Management</li></ul>		
Based on the man	agement intervi	ew and propert	y renta	l agreements, current	tly	intervi	ew		
SFP has no plans to has estimated the			•	ears. Therefore, the II	FA				
Ite	Item Apr – Sep 2023 Oct 2023 –								
(Unit: THB million) Sep 2028									
Land and buildin	g at Hua Hin	5.22		10.44 per year					
2. Other income									
Other income	e.g. interest in	come and gain	from sa	ales of fixed asset		Based	on	the	
						manager	ment		
	Based on man	agement interv	views,	the IFA has estimate	ed	interviev	٧,		
	other income	by referencing	other	income in 2022 as	of	consider	ations	on	
	ending Septem	nber 30, 2022, v	which a	amounted to THB 2.8	35	the hist	orical	data,	
	million per ye	ear, the estim	ated c	other income can b	эe	and the I	FA esti	mate	
	summarized as follows:								
	Apr - Se	Apr - Sep 2023 Oct 2023 - Sep 2028							
	THB 1.69	9 million	TH	IB 2.85 million per					
				year					



Revenue of QPP can be categorized into 2 types as follows:

- 1. Rental revenue from renting assets to SF (2513) for use in its pineapple business, which include land and building at Hua Hin
- 2. Other income comprises of interest income and gain from sales of fixed asset The revenue assumptions can be summarized as follows:

Summary of assumptions on revenue

Assumption		Reference					
1. Rental Revenu	ue						
Rental revenue f business, which ir to lease assets to	<ul><li>Property rental agreement</li><li>Management interview</li></ul>						
SFP has no plans to	Based on the management interview and property rental agreements, currently SFP has no plans to increase rental rates in the next 2-3 years. Therefore, the IFA has estimated the revenue from leasing as follows:						
Item							
(Unit: THB mi	(Unit: THB million) Mar 2023 Sep 2028						
Land and building Hin	Land and building at Hua 5.22 5.22 10.44 per year Hin						
2. Other income							
Other income	Based of other in ending 5 million summar	n management come by refere September 30, 2 per year, the tized as follows:  Apr - Sep 2023  HB 1.69 million	Based on the management interview, considerations on the historical data, and the IFA estimate				

# 12. Page 36 No. 2.1.5.2 Valuation of QPP's Shareholders' Equity e) Assumptions on financial costs and corporate income tax expense

## **Original**

Summary of assumptions on financial costs and corporate income tax expense

Assumption		Reference			
Financial cost	Interest rate for short te	Base	on		
	year	management			
		interview			
Corporate	The corporate income ta	x rate and accum	ulated losses are	P.N.D. 50 and P.	N.D.
income tax	as follows:			51 for the year 2	2022
expense	Item	Oct 2022 -	Oct 2027 –	of SFP	
		Sep 2027	Sep 2028		
	Corporate Income Tax	20.0	0%		



Assumption		Reference		
		As of Sep 2022,		
	Accumulated loss that can be used for tax deduction	the accumulated		
		loss outstanding is THB 398.61	_	
		million, which	-	
		can be used		
		from 2023		
		onwards		

Summary of assumptions on financial costs and corporate income tax expense

Assumption		Description						
Financial cost	Interest rate for short te year	Base management interview	on					
Corporate income tax	The corporate income to as follows:	P.N.D. 50 and P.N.D. 51 for the year 2022						
expense	Item	Oct 2022 – Sep 2027	Oct 2027 onwards – Sep 2028	of SFP				
	Corporate Income Tax	20.0	0%					
	Accumulated loss that can be used for tax deduction	As of Sep 2022, the accumulated loss outstanding is THB 398.61 million, which can be used from 2023 Oct 1, 2022 onwards	-					

Remarks: The accumulated tax loss that can be used for tax reduction will expire on September 30, 2027. Furthermore, such accumulated tax loss can be utilized for tax reduction only for the accounting period in which the company has a profit before income tax expenses.

# 13. Page 38 No. 2.1.5.2 Valuation of QPP's Shareholders' Equity k) Present value of free cash flow calculation

## **Original**

From the above assumptions, the IFA has prepared the free cash flow forecast and adopted the WACC as a discount rate to determine the present value of the future cash flow and the value of QPPP's shareholders' equity as follows:

Summary of the free cash flow projection of QPP (April 2023 - September 2028)

Item (Unit: THB million)	Apr –	Oct 23 -	Oct 24 -	Oct 25 -	Oct 26 -	Oct 27 -
	Sep 23	Sep 24	Sep 25	Sep 26	Sep 27	Sep 28
Rental revenue	5.22	10.44	10.44	10.44	10.44	10.44
Cost of renting	(2.78)	(5.62)	(5.55)	(5.30)	(5.03)	(5.03)
Gross profit	2.44	4.89	4.95	5.27	5.47	5.47



	Apr –	Oct 23 -	Oct 24 -	Oct 25 -	Oct 26 -	Oct 27 -
Item (Unit: THB million)						
	Sep 23	Sep 24	Sep 25	Sep 26	Sep 27	Sep 28
Other income	1.69	2.85	2.85	2.85	2.85	2.85
Administrative expense	(0.57)	(1.15)	(1.16)	(1.18)	(1.19)	(1.20)
Earnings before interest and taxes (EBIT)	3.57	6.58	6.64	6.94	7.12	7.11
<u>Deduct:</u> Tax expenses	•	-	-	-	-	(1.42)
Add: Depreciation and	2.78	5.55	5.49	5.17	4.97	4.97
amortization	2.70	3.33	3.73	3.17	4.57	4.57
Add (Deduct): Change in net working Capital	(0.61)	-	-	-	-	-
Deduct: Capital expenditure	-	-	-	-	-	-
Free cash flow	5.74	12.14	12.12	12.11	12.10	10.66
Add: Terminal Value						139.49
Total free cash flow	5.22	10.44	10.44	10.44	10.44	10.44
PV of free cash flow	138.76	Discount I	Rate equal	s to 8.72%	, applied t	o discount
Add: Cash and cash equivalents as	7 / 5	the free cash flow of FY 2023 – 2028 for deriving net				
of March 31, 2023	7.45 present value of free cash flow as of April 18, 20.					18, 2023
PV of equity value	146.21					

From the above table, the equity value of QPP based on discounted cash flow is THB 146.21 million.

#### **Revision**

From the above assumptions, the IFA has prepared the free cash flow forecast and adopted the WACC as a discount rate to determine the present value of the future cash flow and the value of QPPP's shareholders' equity as follows:

	Oct 22 – Mar 23	<u> Apr –</u>	Oct 23 -	Oct 24 -	<u>Oct 25 -</u>	Oct 26 -	<u>Oct 27 -</u>			
Item (Unit: THB							<u>Sep 28</u>			
<u>million)</u>		Estimated Performance								
Rental revenue	<u>5.22</u>	<u>5.22</u>	10.44	10.44	10.44	10.44	10.44			
Cost of renting	(2.78)	(2.78)	(5.62)	(5.55)	(5.30)	(5.03)	(5.03)			
Gross profit	<u>2.44</u>	2.44	4.89	4.95	<u>5.27</u>	<u>5.47</u>	<u>5.47</u>			
Sales Revenue	29.28	<u>-</u>	=	=		<u>-</u>	_			
Other income	<u>1.15</u>	<u>1.69</u>	2.85	2.85	2.85	2.85	2.85			
Cost of sales	(31.27)	=	=	=	-	=				
<b>Distribution costs</b>	(0.03)	=	=	=	-	=				
Administrative expense	<u>(0.57)</u>	(0.57)	(1.15)	(1.16)	(1.18)	(1.19)	(1.20)			
Earnings before interest and taxes (EBIT)	1.00	3.57	<u>6.58</u>	<u>6.64</u>	<u>6.94</u>	7.12	7.11			

Remark: /1 The Board of Directors' Meeting No. 4/2021, held on May 13, 2021, resolved to approve the restructuring of the pineapple business by allowing SF (2513) to take over the entire pineapple business from QPP starting from August 1, 2022.



Summary of the free cash flow projection of QPP (April 2023 - September 2028)

•	Apr –	Oct 23 -	Oct 24 -	Oct 25 -	Oct 26 -	Oct 27 -	
Item (Unit: THB million)							
	Sep 23	Sep 24	Sep 25	Sep 26	Sep 27	Sep 28	
Rental revenue	5.22	<del>10.44</del>	<del>10.44</del>	<del>10.44</del>	<del>10.44</del>	<del>10.44</del>	
Cost of renting	<del>(2.78)</del>	<del>(5.62)</del>	<del>(5.55)</del>	<del>(5.30)</del>	<del>(5.03)</del>	<del>(5.03)</del>	
Gross profit	2.44	4.89	4.95	<del>5.27</del>	<del>5.47</del>	<del>5.47</del>	
Other income	<del>1.69</del>	<del>2.85</del>	2.85	<del>2.85</del>	<del>2.85</del>	<del>2.85</del>	
Administrative expense	<del>(0.57)</del>	<del>(1.15)</del>	<del>(1.16)</del>	<del>(1.18)</del>	<del>(1.19)</del>	<del>(1.20)</del>	
Earnings before interest and taxes (EBIT)	3.57	6.58	6.64	6.94	7.12	7.11	
<u>Deduct:</u> Tax expenses	-	-	-	1	1	(1.42)	
Add: Depreciation and	2.78	5.55	5.49	5.17	4.97	4.97	
amortization	2.78	76 3.33	3.43	J.17	4.57	4.37	
Add (Deduct): Change in net	(0.61)	_	_	_	_	_	
working Capital	(0.01)	_	-	_	-		
<u>Deduct:</u> Capital expenditure	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Free cash flow	5.74	12.14	12.12	12.11	12.10	10.66	
Add: Terminal Value						139.49	
Total free cash flow	5.22	10.44	10.44	10.44	10.44	10.44	
PV of free cash flow	138.76	Discount I	Rate equal	s to 8.72%	, applied to	o discount	
Add: Cash and cash equivalents as	7.45	the free cash flow of FY 2023 – 2028 for deriving I				eriving net	
of March 31, 2023	7.43	present vo	sent value of free cash flow as of April 18, 2023				
PV of equity value	146.21						

From the above table, the equity value of QPP based on discounted cash flow is THB 146.21 million.

#### 14. Page 40 No. 2.1.5.3 Valuation of SF (2513)'s Shareholders' Equity b) Revenue Assumptions

#### **Original**

Revenue of SF (2513) can be categorized into 3 types as follows:

- 1. Sales revenue from processed agricultural products, including the following product group:
  - 1.1. Pineapple packed in cans and pouches
  - 1.2. Concentrated pineapple juice in aseptic bag
  - 1.3. Canned tropical fruits
  - 1.4. Animal feeds
- 2. Interest income from saving deposit of SF (2513)
- 3. Other income including gain (loss) from the sales of fixed assets, gain from foreign exchange, revenue from arranging transportation service, revenue from selling scrap materials

The revenue assumption can be summarized as follows:

Summary of assumptions on revenue

Assumptions Description Reference  1. Sales revenue  Sales revenue of SF (2513) comes from sales of processed agricultural products, - SFP Annual Report					
	Assumptions	Description	Reference		
Sales revenue of SE (2513) comes from sales of processed agricultural products SEP Annual Report	1. Sales revenue				
	with a strong empl as follows:	nasis on exporting. The product portfolio of SF (2513) includes	<ul><li>SFP Annual Report</li><li>Company data of SF (2513)</li></ul>		



# Assumptions Description Concentrated pineapple juice in aseptic bag Canned tropical fruits Animal feeds In this estimation, the IFA has estimated sales revenue from products by considering the key factors involved, including the sales volume and average selling price per unit of each product group. The details are as follows:

#### Sales Volume

Based on financial information of SFP and SF (2513) and management interviews, the IFA has summarized the sales volume from 2018 – 2023 as follows:

Product group	Oct 2018 - Sep 2022	Oct 2022 - Mar 2023
Pineapple packed in cans	2,472.53 – 4,143.89 per	2,177.17
and pouches ( one	year	
thousand standard case)		
Concentrated pineapple	2,257.36 – 5,156.98 per	2,192.63
juice in aseptic bag (one	year	
thousand standard case)		
Canned tropical fruits (one	196.00 - 664.00 per	180.00
thousand standard case)	year	
Animal Feeds ( one	11.84 – 26.49 per year	10.79
thousand standard case)		

- Audited financial statement of SFP for the years 2018 -2022
- Sales volume data for the years 2018 – 2022
- Annual budget of SF (2513)
- Management interviews
- Industry outlook
- The IFA estimates

Based on the table above, it is evident that sales volume is subject to fluctuations depending on various factors including the quantity of pineapple production and the prices of pineapple for each year, which affect selling prices, and the volume of SF (2513) product sales.

The IFA has estimated the sales volume for each year based on the sales volume of the year 2022 (Oct 2021 – Sep 2022) and the sales volume of the year 2023 (Oct 2022 – Mar 2023). The estimated sales volume is categorized by product group as follows:

Product group	Apr - Sep 2023	Oct 2023 – Sep 2028
Pineapple packed in cans	1,966.71	4,143.89
and pouches ( one		
thousand standard case)		
Concentrated pineapple	2,401.88	4,594.51
juice in aseptic bag (one		
thousand standard case)		
Canned tropical fruits (one	180.00	360.00
thousand standard case)		
Animal Feeds ( one	8.06	18.85
thousand ton)		

#### **Average Selling Price per Unit**

Based on financial information of SFP and SF (2513) and management interviews, the IFA has summarized the average sales price from 2018 – 2023 as follows:

 Audited financial statement of SFP for the years 2018 -2022

Assumptions	Description	Reference	
Product group	Oct 2018 - Sep 2022	Oct 2022 - Mar 2023	- Sales volume data
Pineapple packed in cans	14.75	16.37	for the years 2018 –
and pouches ( US dollars			2022
per standard case)			- Annual budget of SF
Concentrated pineapple	4.04	5.67	(2513)
juice in aseptic bag ( US			- Management
dollars per standard case)			interviews
Canned tropical fruits (US	22.26	24.11	- The IFA estimates
dollars per standard case)			
Animal Feeds (US dollars	88.43	88.56	
per ton)			

Based on the table above, it is evident that average selling price is subject to fluctuations depending on various factors including the quantity of pineapple production and the prices of pineapple for each year, which affect selling prices, and the volume of SF (2513) product sales.

The IFA has estimated the average selling price for each year based on the average selling price of the year 2022 (Oct 2021 – Sep 2022). The estimated average selling price is categorized by product group as follows:

Product group	Apr - Sep 2023	Oct 2023 – Sep 2028	Product portfolio
Pineapple packed in	18.02	15.46	2.38%
cans and pouches			according to
( US dollars per			global
standard case)			inflation
Concentrated	3.00	4.23	2.38%
pineapple juice in			according
aseptic bag ( US			to global
dollars per standard			inflation
case)			
Canned tropical	21.27	23.79	2.38%
fruits (US dollars per			according
standard case)			to global
			inflation
Animal Feeds ( US	78.66	92.69	2.38%
dollars per ton)			according
			to global
			inflation

The IFA has estimated the revenue in THB based on the exchange rate of THB 33.30 per US dollar, which was referenced from forward foreign exchange contracts and management interviews.

## Revision

Revenue of SF (2513) can be categorized into 3 types as follows:

- 1. Sales revenue from processed agricultural products, including the following product group:
  - 1.1. Pineapple packed in cans and pouches



- 1.2. Concentrated pineapple juice in aseptic bag
- 1.3. Canned tropical fruits
- 1.4. Animal feeds
- 2. Interest income from saving deposit of SF (2513)
- 3. Other income including gain (loss) from the sales of fixed assets, gain from foreign exchange, revenue from arranging transportation service, revenue from selling scrap materials

The revenue assumption can be summarized as follows:

Summary of assumptions on revenue			
Assumptions	Reference		
1. Sales revenue			
Sales revenue of SF (2513) with a strong emphasis on as follows:  5. Pineapple packed in 6. Concentrated pineap 7. Canned tropical fruit:  8. Animal feeds In this estimation, the IF considering the key factor selling price per unit of each	<ul> <li>SFP Annual Report</li> <li>Company data of SF (2513)</li> <li>Management interviews</li> </ul>		
Sales Volume			
Based on financial information of SFP and SF (2513) and management interviews, the IFA has summarized the sales volume from 2018 – 2023 as follows:			- Audited financial statement of SFP for the years 2018 -
Product group Oct 2018 - Sep 2022 Oct 2022 - Mar			2022
Dincomple marked in con	2 472 52 4 142 90 por	2023	- Sales volume data

Oct 2018 - Sep 2022	Oct 2022 - Mar 2023
2,472.53 – 4,143.89 per	2,177.17
year	
2,257.36 – 5,156.98 per	2,192.63
year	
196.00 - 664.00 per	180.00
year	
11.84 – 26.49 per year	10.79
	2,472.53 – 4,143.89 per year  2,257.36 – 5,156.98 per year  196.00 - 664.00 per year

- Sales volume data for the years 2018 – 2022
- Annual budget of SF (2513)
- Management interviews
- Industry outlook
- The IFA estimates

Remark: /1 "One thousand standard cases" is a unit of measure specific to the business. It is used to convert unit values from various products of businesses that have different sizes into standardized or uniform units (Standardization). This conversion is done to facilitate the internal analysis of performance and financial information.

Based on the table above, it is evident that sales volume is subject to fluctuations depending on various factors including the quantity of pineapple production and the prices of pineapple for each year, which affect selling prices, and the volume of SF (2513) product sales.

The IFA has estimated the sales volume for each year based on the sales volume of the year 2022 (Oct 2021 – Sep 2022) and the sales volume of the year 2023 (Oct 2022 – Mar 2023). The estimated sales volume is categorized by product group as follows:



Assumptions	Descriptio	n	Reference
Duralisat augus	Ann. Can 2022	0+2022	
Product group	Apr - Sep 2023	Oct 2023 – Sep 2028	
Pineapple packed in cans	1,966.71	4,143.89	
and pouches ( one			
thousand standard case)			
Concentrated pineapple	2,401.88	4,594.51	
juice in aseptic bag (one			
thousand standard case)			
Canned tropical fruits (one	180.00	360.00	
thousand standard case)			
Animal Feeds ( one	8.06	18.85	
thousand standard case)			

#### **Average Selling Price per Unit**

Based on financial information of SFP and SF (2513) and management interviews, the IFA has summarized the average sales price from 2018 – 2023 as follows:

Product group	Oct 2018 - Sep 2022	Oct 2022 - Mar 2023
Pineapple packed in cans	14.75	<u>12.46</u> <del>16.37</del>
and pouches ( US dollars		
per standard case)		
Concentrated pineapple	4.04	<u>5.38</u> <del>5.67</del>
juice in aseptic bag (US		
dollars per standard case)		
Canned tropical fruits (US	22.26	<u>25.20</u> <del>24.11</del>
dollars per standard case)		
Animal Feeds (US dollars	88.43	99.41 <del>88.56</del>
per ton)		

\_\_\_\_\_ - TI

Based on the table above, it is evident that average selling price is subject to fluctuations depending on various factors including the quantity of pineapple production and the prices of pineapple for each year, which affect selling prices, and the volume of SF (2513) product sales.

The IFA has estimated the average selling price for each year based on the average selling price of the year 2018 - 2022 (Oct 2021 Oct 2017 – Sep 2022) - and has a growth rate of 2.38% according to the global inflation rate. The estimated average selling price during April - September 2023 is the average between the actual average selling price during Oct 2022 - Mar 2023 and the average selling price forecast in 2023 (Oct 2022 - Sep 2023). The estimated average selling price is categorized by product group as follows:

Product group	Apr - Sep 2023	Oct 2022 2023 - Sep 2028	Product portfolio
Pineapple packed in	18.02	<u>15.10</u> <del>15.46</del>	2.38%
cans and pouches			according to
( US dollars per			global
standard case)			inflation
Concentrated	3.00	<u>4.13</u> 4 <del>.23</del>	2.38%
pineapple juice in			

- Audited financial statement of SFP for the years 2018 -2022
- Sales volume data for the years 2018 – 2022
- Annual budget of SF (2513)
- Management interviews
- The IFA estimates



Assumptions		Description		Reference
aseptic bag ( US			according	
dollars per standard			to global	
case)			inflation	
Canned tropical	21.27	23.24 <del>23.79</del>	2.38%	
fruits (US dollars per			according	
standard case)			to global	
			inflation	
Animal Feeds ( US	78.66	90.53 92.69	2.38%	
dollars per ton)			according	
			to global	
			inflation	
The IFA has estimated t	he revenue in THB	based on the excha	ange rate of THB	
33.30 per US dollar, w	hich was reference	ed from forward fo	oreign exchange	
contracts and managem	ent interviews.			

# 15. Page 42 No. 2.1.5.3 Valuation of SF (2513)'s Shareholders' Equity C) Assumption on cost of goods sold

#### Original

Cost of goods sold of SF (2513) can be categorized into 2 types as follows:

- 1. Cost of goods sold from the manufacturing of processed agricultural product, including the following product groups:
  - 1.1. Pineapple packed in cans and pouches
  - 1.2. Concentrated pineapple juice in aseptic bag
  - 1.3. Canned tropical fruits
  - 1.4. Animal feeds
- 2. Shutdown Cost

The cost of goods sold assumption can be summarized as follows:

Summary of assumptions on cost of goods sold

Assumptions	Description	Reference
1. Cost of goods	sold from the manufacturing of processed agricultural product	
Cost of manufacturing of SF (2513) comes from production of processed agricultural products, with a strong emphasis on exporting. The product portfolio of SF (2513) includes as follows:  1. Pineapple packed in cans and pouches 2. Concentrated pineapple juice in aseptic bag 3. Canned tropical fruits 4. Animal feeds In this estimation, the IFA has estimated cost of goods sold from products by considering the key factors involved, including the production volume and		<ul> <li>SFP Annual Report</li> <li>Company data of SF (2513)</li> <li>Management interviews</li> </ul>
average unit cost		
<b>Production Volun</b>		
1. Pineapple pa	es volume of process agricultural products as follows: acked in cans and pouches d pineapple juice in aseptic bag ical fruits	- Audited financial statement of SFP for the years 2018 - 2022



Assumptions	Description	Reference
	bove revenue assumption (The details of production volume art 2.1.5 Sum of The Part Approach, 2.1.5.3 equity valuation of	<ul> <li>Sales volume data for the years 2018         <ul> <li>2022</li> </ul> </li> <li>Annual budget of SF (2513)</li> <li>Management interviews</li> <li>Industry outlook</li> <li>The IFA estimates</li> </ul>

#### **Average Unit Cost**

Based on financial information of SFP and SF (2513) and management interviews, the IFA has summarized the average unit cost from 2018 – 2023 as follows:

Product group	Oct 2018 - Sep 2022	Oct 2022 - Mar 2023
Pineapple packed in cans and pouches ( THB per standard case)	386.24	391.77
Concentrated pineapple juice in aseptic bag (THB per standard case)	189.68	175.68
Canned tropical fruits (THB per standard case)	521.21	617.89
Animal Feeds (THB per ton)	753.09	1,004.30

Audited financial statement of SFP for the years 2018 -2022

- Sales volume data for the years 2018 -2022
- Annual budget of SF (2513)
- Management interviews
- The IFA estimates

Based on the table above, it is evident that average unit cost is subject to fluctuations depending on various factors including the quantity of pineapple production and the prices of pineapple for each year, which affect average unit cost, and the production volume of SF (2513).

The IFA has estimated the average unit cost for each year based on the average unit cost of the year 2022 (Oct 2021 - Sep 2022). The estimated average selling

Product group	Apr - Sep 2023	Oct 2023 - Sep 2028	Growth rate
Pineapple packed in	325.29	369.53 per year	2.38%
cans and pouches			according to
( THB per standard			global
case)			inflation
Concentrated	177.44	180.11 per year	2.38%
pineapple juice in			according to
aseptic bag (THB per			global
standard case)			inflation
Canned tropical fruits	1,092.69	875.62 per year	2.38%
(THB per standard			according to
case)			global
			inflation
Animal Feeds (THB	870.34	971.67 per year	2.38%
per ton)			

price is categorized by product group as follows:



Assumptions		Descrip	otion		Reference
				according to	
				global	
				inflation	
2. Shutdown Co	st				
Shutdown cost	e.g. repair cost, la	abor cost, and	utilities cost		- Audited financial
					statement of SFP
	Based on manage				for the years 2018 -
	has estimated shi		_	-	2022
	cost in Oct 2018 estimated shutdo	•	•		- Management
	Oct 2022 -	Apr - Sep	Oct 2023	Growth	interviews - The IFA estimates
	Mar 2023	2023	- Sep	rate	- The IFA estimates
	10101 2023	2023	2028	idee	
	-	THB	THB	1.21%	
	actual	65.41	66.20	according	
	performance	million	million	to Thai	
		reference	per year	inflation	
		from	reference		
		Oct 2018	from		
		- Sep	Oct 2018		
		2021	- Sep		
			2021		

Cost of goods sold of SF (2513) can be categorized into 2 types as follows:

- Cost of goods sold from the manufacturing of processed agricultural product, including the cost
  of producing each type of product, such as raw materials, employee costs, utility expenses,
  depreciation, packaging costs, and other related expenses. It includes the following product
  groups:
  - 1.1. Pineapple packed in cans and pouches
  - 1.2. Concentrated pineapple juice in aseptic bag
  - 1.3. Canned tropical fruits
  - 1.4. Animal feeds
- 2. Shutdown Cost

The cost of goods sold assumption can be summarized as follows:

Summary of assumptions on cost of goods sold

Assumptions	Reference							
1. Cost of goods	1. Cost of goods sold from the manufacturing of processed agricultural product							
Cost of manufact	turing of SF (2513) comes from production of processed	- SFP Annual Report						
agricultural produ	cts, with a strong emphasis on exporting, which includes the	<ul> <li>Company data of SF</li> </ul>						
cost of producing	cost of producing each type of product, such as raw materials, employee costs,							
utility expenses, o	utility expenses, depreciation, packaging costs, and other related expenses.							
The product portfo	olio of SF (2513) includes as follows:	interviews						
<ol> <li>Pineapple pa</li> </ol>	cked in cans and pouches							
2. Concentrated								
<ol><li>Canned tropi</li></ol>	cal fruits							
4. Animal feeds								



	l
Assumptions Description	Reference
In this estimation, the IFA has estimated cost of goods sold from products by considering the key factors involved, including the production volume and average unit cost of each product group. The details are as follows:	
Production Volume	
Equals to total sales volume of process agricultural products as follows:  1. Pineapple packed in cans and pouches  2. Concentrated pineapple juice in aseptic bag  3. Canned tropical fruits  4. Animal feeds  As shown in the above revenue assumption (The details of production volume can be found in Part 2.1.5 Sum of The Part Approach, 2.1.5.3 equity valuation of SF (2513), b. revenue assumption)	<ul> <li>Audited financial statement of SFP for the years 2018 - 2022</li> <li>Sales volume data for the years 2018 - 2022</li> <li>Annual budget of SF (2513)</li> <li>Management interviews</li> <li>Industry outlook</li> <li>The IFA estimates</li> </ul>

#### **Average Unit Cost**

Based on financial information of SFP and SF (2513) and management interviews, the IFA has summarized the average unit cost from 2018-2023 as follows:

Product group	Oct 2018 - Sep 2022	Oct 2022 - Mar 2023
Pineapple packed in cans and pouches ( THB per standard case)	386.24	391.77
Concentrated pineapple juice in aseptic bag ( THB per standard case)	189.68	175.68
Canned tropical fruits (THB per standard case)	521.21	617.89
Animal Feeds (THB per ton)	753.09	1,004.30

Based on the table above, it is evident that average unit cost is subject to fluctuations depending on various factors including the quantity of pineapple production and the prices of pineapple for each year, which affect average unit cost, and the production volume of SF (2513).

The IFA has estimated the average unit cost for each year based on the average unit cost of the year 2022 (Oct 2021 – Sep 2022). and has a growth rate of 2.38% according to the global inflation rate. The estimated average unit cost during Apr - Sep 2023 is the average between the actual average unit cost during Oct 2022 - Mar 2023 and the average unit cost forecast in 2023 (Oct 2022 - Sep 2023). The estimated average selling price is categorized by product group as follows:

Product group	Apr - Sep 2023	Oct <u>2022</u> <del>2023</del> -	<b>Growth rate</b>
		Sep 2028	
Pineapple packed in	325.29	360.95 <del>369.53</del>	2.38%
cans and pouches		per year	

- Audited financial statement of SFP for the years 2018 -2022
- Sales volume data for the years 2018 – 2022
- Annual budget of SF (2513)
- Management interviews
- The IFA estimates



Assumptions			Description				Reference
( THB per stan	dard				acc	ording to	
case)					8	global	
					in	ıflation	
Concentrated		177.44	<u>175.93</u> <del>18</del>	3 <del>0.11</del>	2	2.38%	
pineapple juice in			per ye	ar		ording to	
aseptic bag (THB	per				•	global	
standard case)						ıflation	
Canned tropical f		.,092.69	<u>855.29</u> <del>87</del>			2.38%	
(THB per standar	d		per ye	ar		ording to	
case)						global	
						ıflation	
Animal Feeds (TH	В	870.34	949.11 97			2.38%	
per ton)			per ye	ar		ording to	
					global		
				inflation		iflation	
2. Shutdown Co	ı						
Shutdown cost	Based on m has estima cost in Oct	ased on management interviews and historical data, the IFA as estimated shutdown cost referencing average shutdown ost in Oct 2018 – Sep 2021 equals THB 64.42 million, the stimated shutdown cost can be summarized as follows:				shutdown nillion, the	<ul> <li>Audited financial statement of SFP for the years 2018 - 2022</li> <li>Management interviews</li> </ul>
	<u>Oct</u>	Oct	Apr -	Oct	į	Growth	- The IFA estimates
	<u> 2021 – </u>	2022 -	Sep	2023	3 -	rate	
	<u>Sep</u>	Mar	2023	Sep			
	<u>2022</u>	2023		202			
	<u>THB</u>	-	THB	THE		1.21%	
	<u>66.21</u>	actual	65.41	66.2		accordi	
	million	perfor	million	millio		ng to	
	from	mance	referen	per		Thai	
	<u>Actual</u>		ce from	yea		inflatio	
	<u>perfor</u>		Oct	refer		n	
	<u>mance</u>		2018 -	ce fro			
			Sep	Oct			
			2021	2018			
				Sep 202			
				202	1		

# 16. Page 44 No. 2.1.5.3 Valuation of SF (2513)'s Shareholders' Equity D) Selling expense

## **Original**

Selling expenses of SF (2513) are as follows:

- 1. Personnel expenses
- 2. Other selling expenses

Assumptions on selling expenses can be summarized as follows:



Summary	of of	assum	ptions	on	selling	expense
<b>-</b>			P 4. O	• • •	٦٠	C/1P C::0C

Assumption			Descriptio	n		Reference
Personnel	e.g. salary, b		•			Based on the
expenses	Based on fina interviews, S and has no p IFA has estim 2023 as follo	management interview, considerations on the historical data, the IFA estimates				
	Oct 2021	Oct 2022	Apr - Sep	Oct 2023	Growth	
	– Sep	_	2023	Onwards	rate	
	2022	Mar 2023	of Employe	es (person)		
	958	946	946	946		
	938		onthly Exp			
	Average	Average	THB	THB	4.00% per	
	THB	THB	1,231.71			
	1,217.53/	1,300.76/		month/	according	
			month/	person	to SF	
	month/	month/		reference	1 ' '	
	person	person	person	from Oct 2021 –	policy	
			reference			
	actual	actual	from Oct			
	performa	performa	2021 –	growth 4.00 %		
	nce	nce	Sep 2022 and	per year		
			growth	' '		
			4.00% pe	r		
			year			
Other selling expense	e.g. transpor	·	·			Based on the management
		_			ctual selling	interview,
	•		•	•	tember 2022	considerations on
	referencing estimated of	the historical data, the IFA estimates				
	revenue, wh	and in a commuted				
	Oct 2021 - 9		2022 –	Apr - Sep	Oct 2023	
	2022					
	1.56%		78%	1.35%	1.56%	
	a atual		ctual	reference from	reference from Oct	
	actual performan		rmance	Oct 2021 -	2021 - Sep	
	periorman			Sep 2022	2022	

Selling expenses of SF (2513) are as follows:

1. Personnel expenses



# 2. Other selling expenses

Assumptions on selling expenses can be summarized as follows:

Summary of assumptions on selling expense

	Juin		•	on selling ex	Jense	5.6
Assumption			Descriptio			Reference
Personnel	e.g. salary, b	onus, and e	Based on the			
expenses			management			
	Based on fin	ancial state	ment of SF	(2513) and m	anagement	interview,
	interviews, S	iF (2513) cur	rently has a	a total of 22 S	ales person	considerations on
	946 employ	ees and has	no plan to h	ire additiona	lemployee.	the historical data,
	Therefore,	the IFA ha	as estimate	ed personne	l expenses	the IFA estimates
	starting fron	n <u>April</u> <del>Janu</del>	<del>iary</del> 2023 a	s follows:		
	Oct 2021	Oct 2022	Apr - Sep	Oct 2023	Growth	
	– Sep	_	2023	Onwards	rate	
	2022	Mar 2023				
			of Employe	es (person)		
	24.050	22.046	22.046	22.046		
	<u>24 958</u>	22 946	22 946	22 946	-	
	A		onthly Expe		4.000/	
	Average	Average	THB	THB	4.00% per	
	THB	THB	55,932.53		year	
	48,599.84	55,932.53	<del>1,231.71</del> /		according	
		<del>1,300.76</del> /		month/	to SF	
	<del>1,217.53</del> /		month/	person	(2513)	
		month/		reference	policy	
	month/		person	from <u>Oct</u>		
		person		<u> 2022 – </u>		
	person		reference	Mar 2023		
		actual	from Oct	Oct 2021		
	actual	performa	2022 –	<del>– Sep</del>		
	performa	nce	Mar 2023	<b>2022</b> and		
	nce		Oct 2021			
			<del>- Sep</del>	4.00 %		
			2022 and	per year		
			growth			
			4.00% per	<u>.</u>		
			year			
Other selling	e g transno	rtation evo	<u> </u>	harge, and p	ackaging	Based on the
expense	c.g. (10113p0	. tation expe	, 11100	a. bc, and p	a orrading	management
Схрепве	Based on	manageme	nt intervi	ows and ac	tual selling	interview,
		•			ember 2022	considerations on
			-	•	the IFA has	the historical data,
	_			-	age of sales	the IFA estimates
	revenue, wh	the IFA estimates				
	Oct 2021 -	Oct 2022				
			2022 –	Apr - Sep	Oct 2023	
	2022		r 2023	2023	- Sep 2028	
	1.56%		.78%	1.35%	1.56%	
	_		ctual	reference	reference	
	actual		ormance	from	from Oct	
	performar	nce				



Assumption		Reference			
			Oct 2021 -	2021 - Sep	
		Sep 2022 2022			

# 17. Page 45 No. 2.1.5.3 Valuation of SF (2513)'s Shareholders' Equity e) Assumption of administrative expense

## **Original**

Administrative expenses of SF (2513) are as follows:

- 1. Personnel expenses
- 2. Other administrative expenses

Assumptions on administrative expenses can be summarized as follows:

Summary of assumptions on administrative expense

Summary of assumptions on administrative expense								
Assumptions			Description			Reference		
Personnel expenses	e.g. salary, Based on manageme 946 employee. expenses s	Based on the management interview, considerations on the historical data, the IFA estimates						
	Oct 2021 - Sep 2022	Oct 2022 - Mar 2023	Apr - Sep 2023	Oct 2023 Onwards	Growth rate			
		Number o	of Employee	s (person)				
	958	946	-					
		Mo	onthly Exper	nse				
	Average	Average	THB	THB	4.00% per			
	THB	THB	4,491.80/	4,598.13/	year			
	4,251.23/	4,350.76/		month/	according			
	month/	month/	month/ person	person Reference from Oct	to SF (2513) policy			
	person	person		2021 – Sep 2022	, ,			
	Actual performa nce	Actual performa nce	Reference from Oct 2021 – Sep 2022 and growth 4.00% per year	and growth 4.00 % per year				
Depreciation and amortization	e.g. office		Fixed asset registration of SF (2513)					



Assumptions		Descri	otion		Reference
	Depreciation ex using straight-li	•		of assets by	
	Itei	m	Estimated as		
	Office equipm	ent	4 yea	ars	
	Machinery		10 ye	ears	
	Pallet		10 ye	ears	
Other administrative expenses	e.g. rental cl miscellaneous e Based on mana has been estal arose after SF ( result, the IF, expense by refe expense in 2022 amounted to T other administ follows:	expenses agement intervolished that to 2513)'s organ A has estimaterencing SF (2 as of ending HB 38.41 milli	Based on the management interview, considerations on the historical data, and the IFA estimates		
	Oct 2022 –	Apr - Sep	Oct 2023 -	Growth	
	Mar 2023	2023	Sep 2028	rate	
	THB 22.95	THB 15.93	THB 39.35	1.21% per	
	million	million	million per	year	
	actual	reference	year	according	
	performance	from	reference	to Thai inflation	
		Sep 2022 and growth	Oct 2021 - Sep 2022		
		1.12% per	9 1		
		year	1.12% per		
		•	year		

Administrative expenses of SF (2513) are as follows:

- 1. Personnel expenses
- 2. Other administrative expenses

Assumptions on administrative expenses can be summarized as follows:

## Summary of assumptions on administrative expense

Assumptions	Description	Reference				
Personnel	e.g. salary, bonus, and employee benefits	Based on the				
expenses	Based on financial statement of SF (2513) and management interviews, SF (2513) currently has a total of 46 office workers other than sales person 946 employees and has no plan to hire additional employee. Therefore, the IFA has estimated personnel expenses starting from April January 2023 as follows:	management interview, considerations on the historical data, the IFA estimates				



Assumptions			Description			Reference
	Oct 2021 - Sep 2022	Oct 2022 - Mar 2023	Apr - Sep 2023	Oct 2023 Onwards	Growth rate	
	<u>45</u> 958	<u>46</u> 946	<u>46</u> 946	<u>46</u> 946	-	
		Mo	onthly Exper	rse		
	Average	Average	THB	THB	4.00% per	
	THB	THB	89,474.29	93,053.26	year	
	90,503.95	89,474.29	<del>4,491.80</del> /	<del>4,598.13</del> /	according	
		<del>4,350.76</del> /		month/	to SF	
	<del>4,251.23</del> /		month/	person	(2513)	
		month/		Reference	policy	
	month/		person	from Oct		
		person		<u> 2022 – </u>		
	person		Reference	Mar 2023		
		Actual	from Oct	Oct 2021		
	Actual	performa	<u> 2022 – </u>	<del>- Sep</del>		
	performa	nce	Mar 2023	<del>2022</del> and		
	nce		Oct 2021	growth		
			<del>– Sep</del>	4.00 % per		
			<del>2022 and</del>	year		
			growth			
			4.00% per			
			<del>year</del>			

# 18. Page 49 No. 2.1.5.3 Valuation of SF (2513)'s Shareholders' Equity m) Present value of free cash flow calculation

## **Original**

The IFA has considered Weighted Average Cost of Capital (WACC) as discount rate for calculating the present value of QPP's free cash flow to firm, which equals to 8.72% by referencing WACC of SFP (the details of WACC can be found in Part 2.1.5.1 discount rate of this report.)

#### a) Present value of free cash flow calculation

From the above assumptions, the IFA has prepared the free cash flow forecast and adopted the WACC as a discount rate to determine the present value of the future cash flow and the value of SF (2513)'s shareholders' equity as follows:

Summary of the free cash flow projection of SF (2513) (April 2023 - September 2028)

Item (Unit: THB million)	Apr –	Oct 23 -	Oct 24 -	Oct 25 -	Oct 26 -	Oct 27 -
	Sep 23	Sep 24	Sep 25	Sep 26	Sep 27	Sep 28
Sales revenue	1,545.83	3,123.37	3,197.63	3,273.66	3,351.50	3,431.18
Cost of goods sold	(1,335.05	(2,758.57	(2,823.38	(2,889.73	(2,957.64	(3,027.16



	Apr –	Oct 23 -	Oct 24 -	Oct 25 -	Oct 26 -	Oct 27 -
Item (Unit: THB million)						
	Sep 23	Sep 24	Sep 25	Sep 26	Sep 27	Sep 28
Gross profit	210.79	364.80	374.25	383.93	393.85	404.02
Interest income	0.09	0.17	0.17	0.17	0.17	0.17
Other income	11.98	27.45	27.45	27.45	27.45	27.45
Selling expense	(27.85)	(63.68)	(65.44)	(67.25)	(69.11)	(71.03)
Administrative expense	(43.04)	(94.69)	(97.58)	(99.84)	(101.09)	(104.12)
Loss from foreign exchange	-	-	-	-	-	-
Earnings before interest and	151.96	234.06	238.85	244.47	251.27	256.50
taxes (EBIT)						
Deduct: Tax expenses	(22.12)	(46.81)	(47.77)	(48.89)	(50.25)	(51.30)
Add: Depreciation and	1.62	3.14	3.47	3.08	1.59	1.77
amortization						
Add (Deduct): Change in net	141.30	(12.09)	(20.33)	(18.76)	(19.40)	(17.19)
working Capital						
<u>Deduct:</u> Capital expenditure	(2.40)	(2.40)	(2.40)	(2.40)	(2.40)	(2.40)
Free cash flow	270.37	175.90	171.83	177.50	180.81	187.38
Add: Terminal Value						2,452.24
Total free cash flow	270.37	175.90	171.83	177.50	180.81	2,639.62
PV of free cash flow	2,487.30				to discount the	
Add: Cash and cash equivalents as	11.16	flow of FY 20 flow as of Ap		deriving net p	oresent value (	of free cash
of March 31, 2023		Jiow us oj Ap	111 18, 2023			
<b>Deduct:</b> Interest-bearing debts	(210.08)					
owed to parties outside the group						
of companies as of March 31,						
2023						
PV of equity value	2,288.39					

From the above table, the equity value of SF (2513) based on discounted cash flow is THB 2,288.39 million.

#### **Revision**

From the above assumptions, the IFA has prepared the free cash flow forecast and adopted the WACC as a discount rate to determine the present value of the future cash flow and the value of SF (2513)'s shareholders' equity as follows:

Financial performance of SF (2513) (October 2019 – September 2028)

				0: 1=0=0	7 (0000	<u> </u>	- CP CC	11001	<u> </u>	
										Oct 27
Item (Unit: THB million)										Ξ
THE IIIIIIOH						<u>Sep 24</u>				<u>Sep 28</u>
<u>Sales</u>	1,941.1	2,605.1	2,476.1	1,505.0	1,545.8	3,123.3	3,197.6	3,273.6	3,351.5	3,431.1
revenue <sup>/1</sup>	<u>9</u>	<u>8</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>7</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>6</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>8</u>
<b>Cost of goods</b>	(2,271.	(2,418.	(2,316.	(1,360.	(1,335.	<u>(2,758.</u>	(2,823.	(2,889.	<u>(2,957.</u>	(3,027.
<u>sold</u>	<u>78)</u>	24)	<u>89)</u>	20)	<u>05)</u>	<u>57)</u>	<u>38)</u>	<u>73)</u>	<u>64)</u>	<u>16)</u>
<b>Gross profit</b>	(330.5	107.06	150 21	144.00	210.70	264.90	274.25	202.02	202 05	404.02
	<u>9)</u>	<u>187.06</u>	<u>159.21</u>	144.80	<u>210.79</u>	<u>364.80</u>	<u>374.25</u>	383.93	<u>393.85</u>	404.02



Item (Unit: THB million)	Oct 19 = Sep 20	Oct 20 = Sep 21	Oct 21 	Oct 22 - Mar 23	<u>Apr –</u> <u>Sep 23</u>	Oct 23 	Oct 24 	Oct 25 	Oct 26 	Oct 27 : Sep 28
	Ac	tual Per	formanc	e <sup>/1</sup>		Esti	mated P	erforma	<u>nce</u>	
Gain on remeasuring biological assets	106.44	20.97								
Interest income	=	=	0.05	0.09	0.09	<u>0.17</u>	<u>0.17</u>	<u>0.17</u>	<u>0.17</u>	<u>0.17</u>
Other income	16.80	21.57	27.45	<u>15.47</u>	11.98	27.45	27.45	27.45	27.45	27.45
Selling expense	(65.70)	(72.41)	(52.63)	(34.12)	(28.24)	(64.09)	(65.86)	(67.69)	(69.57)	<u>(71.50)</u>
Administrativ e expense	(108.1 2)	(103.9 3)	(87.56)	(47.81)	(42.24)	(93.86)	(96.72)	(98.94)	(100.1 6)	(103.1 4)
Gain/ (Loss) from foreign exchange	<u>8.45</u>	(24.01)	(6.82)	(9.03)	=	-11	=	=	-11	=
Earnings before interest and taxes (EBIT)	(372.7 3)	29.24	39.71	<u>69.40</u>	<u>152.37</u>	234.48	239.30	244.93	<u>251.75</u>	257.00
Dividend Income	9.13	5.98	=	-	=	-	=	=	Ξ	=

Remark: /1 The Board of Directors' Meeting No. 4/2021, held on May 13, 2021, resolved to approve the restructuring of the pineapple business by allowing SF (2513) to take over the entire pineapple business from SFP starting January 1,2022 and QPP starting from August 1, 2022. The actual performance of the year 2020 – 2021 are based on consolidated financial statement of SFP

Summary of the free cash flow projection of SF (2513) (April 2023 - September 2028)

	Apr –	Oct 23 -	Oct 24 -	Oct 25 -	Oct 26 -	Oct 27 -
Item (Unit: THB million)						
	Sep 23	Sep 24	Sep 25	Sep 26	Sep 27	Sep 28
Sales revenue	<del>1,545.83</del>	3,123.37	3,197.63	3,273.66	3,351.50	3,431.18
Cost of goods sold	(1,335.05)	(2,758.57)	(2,823.38)	(2,889.73)	(2,957.64)	(3,027.16)
Gross profit	<del>210.79</del>	<del>364.80</del>	<del>374.25</del>	<del>383.93</del>	<del>393.85</del>	<del>404.02</del>
Interest income	0.09	0.17	0.17	0.17	0.17	0.17
Other income	<del>11.98</del>	<del>27.45</del>	<del>27.45</del>	<del>27.45</del>	<del>27.45</del>	<del>27.45</del>
Selling expense	<del>(27.85)</del>	<del>(63.68)</del>	<del>(65.44)</del>	<del>(67.25)</del>	<del>(69.11)</del>	<del>(71.03)</del>
Administrative expense	<del>(43.04)</del>	<del>(94.69)</del>	<del>(97.58)</del>	<del>(99.84)</del>	(101.09)	<del>(104.12)</del>
Loss from foreign exchange	-	-	1	ı	-	-
Earnings before interest and	<u>152.37</u>	234.48	239.30	244.93	<u>251.75</u>	<u>257.00</u>
taxes (EBIT)	<del>151.96</del>	<del>234.06</del>	<del>238.85</del>	<del>244.47</del>	<del>251.27</del>	<del>256.50</del>
<u>Deduct:</u> Tax expenses	(22.20)	(46.90)	<u>(47.86)</u>	(48.99)	<u>(50.35)</u>	<u>(51.40)</u>
	<del>(22.12)</del>	<del>(46.81)</del>	<del>(47.77)</del>	<del>(48.89)</del>	<del>(50.25)</del>	<del>(51.30)</del>
Add: Depreciation and	1.62	3.14	3.47	3.08	1.59	1.77
amortization						
Add (Deduct): Change in net	<u>141.22</u>	(12.09)	(20.33)	(18.76)	(19.40)	(17.20)
working Capital	<del>141.30</del>					<del>(17.19)</del>



	Apr –	Oct 23 -	Oct 24 -	Oct 25 -	Oct 26 -	Oct 27 -		
Item (Unit: THB million)								
	Sep 23	Sep 24	Sep 25	Sep 26	Sep 27	Sep 28		
<u>Deduct:</u> Capital expenditure	(2.40)	(2.40)	(2.40)	(2.40)	(2.40)	(2.40)		
Free cash flow	270.62	<u>176.24</u>	<u>172.18</u>	<u>177.86</u>	<u>181.19</u>	<u>187.77</u>		
	<del>270.37</del>	<del>175.90</del>	<del>171.83</del>	<del>177.50</del>	<del>180.81</del>	<del>187.38</del>		
Add: Terminal Value						2,452.24		
Total free cash flow	270.62	<u>176.24</u>	<u>172.18</u>	<u>177.86</u>	<u>181.19</u>	2,645.18		
	<del>270.37</del>	<del>175.90</del>	<del>171.83</del>	<del>177.50</del>	<del>180.81</del>	<del>2,639.62</del>		
PV of free cash flow	2,492.19 2,487.30	flow of FY 2023 – 2028 for deriving net present value of free cash						
Add: Cash and cash equivalents as of March 31, 2023	11.16	flow as of Ap	rii 18, 2023					
<u>Deduct:</u> Interest-bearing debts owed to parties outside the group	(210.08)							
of companies as of March 31,								
2023								
PV of equity value	<u>2,293.27</u>							
	<del>2,288.39</del>							

From the above table, the equity value of SF (2513) based on discounted cash flow is THB **2,293.27 -2,288.39** million.

#### 19. Page 50 No. 2.1.5.3 Valuation of SF (2513)'s Shareholders' Equity n) Sensitivity Analysis

#### **Original**

The fair value of SF (2513)'s share using discounted cash flow under the base case is THB 2,288.39 million. The IFA has conducted a sensitivity analysis based on SF (2513)'s key operational factor, that is the growth rate of pineapple production quantity and the growth rate of average selling price. The IFA adjusted this factor up, with details as follows:

# Sensitivity analysis of QPP's share value using DCF based on the growth rate of pineapple production quantity

Details	Equity Value (Unit: THB million)
<b>Scenario 1</b> : Growth by 2.00% per year from the base case	2,198.27
Base case	2,288.39
Scenario 2: Growth by (2.00%) per year from the base	2,378.51
case	

# Sensitivity analysis of QPP's share value using DCF based on the growth rate of average selling price

Details	Equity Value (Unit: THB million)
<b>Scenario 1</b> : Growth by 3.00% per year from the base case	2,190.04
Base case	2,288.39
Scenario 2: Growth by (3.00%) per year from the base	2,386.74
case	



Based on the above sensitivity analysis, the equity value of SF (2513) is in the range of THB 2,190.04 – 2,386.74 million

Shareholders' equity using Sum of the Parts: SOTP

No.	Company	Valuation Approach	Fair Value of Shareholders' Equity (Unit: THB million)	Proportion of SFP's Investment (%)	Fair Value by Shareholding Ratio of Investment (Unit: THB million)
1	SFP	Sum of the Part	611.66 – 693.12	100.00	611.66 – 693.12
2	QPP	Discounted Cash Flow Approach	146.21 – 160.51	99.99	146.21 – 160.51
3	SF (2513)	Discounted Cash	2,190.04 -	99.99	2,190.04 -
		Flow Approach	2,386.74	33.33	2,386.74
4	ESIE	Dividend			
		Discount Model	767.70 – 938.30	40.00	307.08 – 375.32
		Approach			
		3,254.99 –			
Equity value of SFP				3,615.70	
Number of issued and paid-up shares, par value at THB 10.00 per share (million shares)			21.00		
Share Price (THB per share)			155.00 – 172.18		

From the above table, the equity value of SFP using <u>Sum of the Parts: SOTP is in the range of THB 155.00 – 172.18 per share.</u>

#### **Revision**

The fair value of SF (2513)'s share using discounted cash flow under the base case is THB 2,288.39 million. The IFA has conducted a sensitivity analysis based on SF (2513)'s key operational factor, that is the growth rate of pineapple production quantity and the growth rate of average selling price. The IFA adjusted this factor up, with details as follows:

Sensitivity analysis of QPP's share value using DCF based on the growth rate of pineapple production quantity

added on the Brother rate of bineappie broadensis danier,			
Details	Equity Value (Unit: THB million)		
<b>Scenario 1</b> : Growth by 2.00% per year from the base case	<u>2,383.39</u> <del>2,198.27</del>		
Base case	<u>2,293.27</u> <del>2,288.39</del>		
Scenario 2: Growth by (2.00%) per year from the base	<u>2,203.15</u> <del>2,378.51</del>		
case			

# Sensitivity analysis of QPP's share value using DCF based on the growth rate of average selling price

Details	Equity Value (Unit: THB million)
<b>Scenario 1</b> : Growth by 3.00% per year from the base case	<u>2,391.62</u> <del>2,190.04</del>
Base case	<u>2,293.27</u> <del>2,288.39</del>
Scenario 2: Growth by (3.00%) per year from the base	<u>2,194.92</u> <del>2,386.74</del>
case	



Based on the above sensitivity analysis, the equity value of SF (2513) is in the range of THB 2,194.92 – 2,391.62 2,190.04 – 2,386.74 million

Shareholders' equity using Sum of the Parts: SOTP

No.	Company	Valuation Approach	Fair Value of Shareholders' Equity (Unit: THB million)	Proportion of SFP's Investment (%)	Fair Value by Shareholding Ratio of Investment (Unit: THB million)
1	SFP	Sum of the Part	611.66 – 693.12	100.00	611.66 - 693.12
2	QPP	Discounted Cash Flow Approach	146.21 – 160.51	99.99	146.21 – 160.51
3	SF (2513)	Discounted Cash Flow Approach	2,194.92 – 2,391.62 2,190.04 – 2,386.74	99.99	2,194.92 – 2,391.62 2,190.04 – 2,386.74
4	ESIE	Dividend Discount Model Approach	767.70 – 938.30	40.00	307.08 – 375.32
		3,259.87 – 3,620.58 3,254.99 – 3,615.70			
Number of issued and paid-up shares, par value at THB 10.00 per share (million shares)				21.00	
Share	Share Price (THB per share)			155.23 - 172.41 155.00 - 172.18	

From the above table, the equity value of SFP using <u>Sum of the Parts: SOTP is in the range of THB</u> <u>155.23 – 172.41 <del>155.00 – 172.18</del> per share.</u>

#### 20. Page 51 Summary of the valuation of SFP's shareholders' equity

#### **Original**

The valuation of SFP's shareholders' equity based on 5 valuation approaches and the appropriateness of each approach are as follows:

Summary of appropriateness of the valuation approach

Valuation Approach	Appropriateness of valuation approach	Description
1. Book Value Approach	Inappropriate	This approach determines the value of SFP's shareholders' equity at one point in time and does not realize its potential growth and its ability to generate cash flow in the future.
2. Adjusted Book Value Approach	Appropriate	Although this approach may not reflect SFP's potential for its ability to generate cash flow in the future, but it provides an accurate reflection of the fair value of the Company's net assets,



Valuation Approach	Appropriateness of	Description
raidation Approach	valuation approach	particularly the appreciation of the Company's land value. Most of the land has been acquired since company's establishment and is located near industrial areas, resulting
		in a significant increase in its present value. This valuation method is appropriate as it considers independent appraisals based on the market price, which best reflects the maximum utilization of the asset at
3. Historical Market Price Approach	Inappropriate	that time.  Although it moderately reflects the value of SFP based on demand and supply in the stock market in certain level, the Company's ordinary shares have limited liquidity and the market price is affected by many external factors such as the country's economy, political situation, interest rate, etc., which are uncontrollable factors.
4. Market Comparable Approach	Inappropriate	Although this approach compares SFP's financial ratios with companies in similar business as SFP, such companies may differ from SFP on several aspects such as target customer group, capital structure, sales liquidity, etc. In addition, this approach in revenue structures, target customers, size of businesses and trading liquidity. In addition, this approach does not take into account the company's potential growth, its ability to generate earnings and its ability to generate cash flow in the future.
5. Sum of the Parts	Inappropriate	Although this approach is typically considered better than other approaches for reflecting SFP's business operations and its ability to generate cash flow in the future, it is not ideal in this case. The sum of the parts approach results in a lower fair value than adjusted book value approach. Therefore, the IFA has noted that SFP's business operations may not be consistent with the highest use of its assets, particularly the land used for production and distribution. While the sum of the parts approach can show



Valuation Approach	Appropriateness of valuation approach	Description
		SFP's potential to generate cash flow in the future, it may not be suitable for
		determining SFP's fair value in this case.

The summary of shareholders' equity valuation of SFP according to each valuation approach is as follows:

Summary of SFP's share valuation

Valuation Approach	Fair Value by the IFA (THB/share)	The Offer Price (THB/share)	Appropriateness of valuation approach	The IFA price is lower than the Offer Price (%)
1. Book Value Approach	88.36		Inappropriate	65.25
2. Adjusted Book Value Approach	250.97 – 254.22 (Base case equals THB 252.59 per share)		Appropriate	0.02 – 1.30
3. Historical Market Price Approach	190.47 – 246.35	254.27	Inappropriate	3.12 - 25.09
4. Market Comparable Approach				
- P/BV ratio	139.57 - 166.24		Inappropriate	34.62 - 45.11
- P/E ratio	71.60 - 83.03		Inappropriate	30.54 - 67.35
- EV/EBITDA ratio	72.93 – 88.79		Inappropriate	64.29 - 71.32
5. Sum of the Part	155.00 – 172.18		Inappropriate	32.29 - 39.56

From the above table, the IFA opines that the valuation of SFP's shareholders' equity using the adjusted book value method is the most appropriate method. The fair value SFP's shareholders' equity value is in the range of THB 250.97 – 254.22 per share. When compared to the consideration paid at THB 254.27 per share, the fair value is lower by THB 0.05 – 3.30 per share or 0.02% – 1.30%.

#### **Revision**

The valuation of SFP's shareholders' equity based on 5 valuation approaches and the appropriateness of each approach are as follows:

Summary of appropriateness of the valuation approach

Valuation Approach	Appropriateness of valuation approach	Description
1. Book Value Approach	Inappropriate	This approach determines the value of SFP's shareholders' equity at one point in time and does not realize its potential growth and its ability to generate cash flow in the future.
2. Adjusted Book Value Approach	Appropriate	Although this approach may not reflect SFP's potential for its ability to generate cash flow in the future, but it provides an accurate reflection of the fair value of the Company's net assets,



Valuation Approach	Appropriateness of	Description
- Valuation Approach	valuation approach	particularly the appreciation of the Company's land value. Most of the
		land has been acquired since
		company's establishment and is located near industrial areas, resulting
		in a significant increase in its present
		value. This valuation method is
		appropriate as it considers independent appraisals based on the
		market price, which best reflects the
		maximum utilization of the asset at that time.
3. Historical Market Price	Inappropriate	Although it moderately reflects the
Approach		value of SFP based on demand and
		supply in the stock market in certain level, the Company's ordinary shares
		have limited liquidity and the market
		price is affected by many external
		factors such as the country's economy, political situation, interest rate, etc.,
		which are uncontrollable factors.
4. Market Comparable Approach	Inappropriate	Although this approach compares SFP's financial ratios with companies in
Арргоасп		similar business as SFP, such companies
		may differ from SFP on several aspects
		such as target customer group, capital structure, sales liquidity, etc. In
		addition, this approach in revenue
		structures, target customers, size of
		businesses and trading liquidity. In addition, this approach does not take
		into account the company's potential
		growth, its ability to generate earnings
		and its ability to generate cash flow in the future.
5. Sum of the Parts	Inappropriate	Although this approach is typically
		considered better than other approaches for reflecting SFP's
		business operations and its ability to
		generate cash flow in the future, it is
		not ideal in this case. The sum of the parts approach results in a lower fair
		value than adjusted book value
		approach. Therefore, the IFA has noted
		that SFP's business operations may not be consistent with the highest use of its
		assets, particularly the land used for
		farming, production, and distribution.
		While the sum of the parts approach



Valuation Approach	Appropriateness of valuation approach	Description
		can show SFP's potential to generate cash flow in the future, it may not be suitable for determining SFP's fair value in this case.

The summary of shareholders' equity valuation of SFP according to each valuation approach is as follows:

Summary of SFP's share valuation

Valuation Approach	Fair Value by the IFA (THB/share)	The Offer Price (THB/share)	Appropriateness of valuation approach	The IFA price is lower than the Offer Price (%)
1. Book Value Approach	88.36		Inappropriate	65.25
2. Adjusted Book Value Approach	250.97 – 254.22 (Base case equals THB 252.59 per share)		Appropriate	0.02 - 1.30
3. Historical Market Price Approach	190.47 – 246.35	254.27	Inappropriate	3.12 - 25.09
4. Market Comparable Approach				
- P/BV ratio	139.57 - 166.24		Inappropriate	34.62 - 45.11
- P/E ratio	71.60 - 83.03		Inappropriate	30.54 - 67.35
- EV/EBITDA ratio	72.93 – 88.79		Inappropriate	64.29 - 71.32
5. Sum of the Part	155.23 - 172.41 155.00 - 172.18		Inappropriate	32.19 - 38.95 32.29 - 39.56

From the above table, the IFA opines that the valuation of SFP's shareholders' equity using the adjusted book value method is the most appropriate method. The fair value SFP's shareholders' equity value is in the range of THB 250.97 – 254.22 per share. When compared to the consideration paid at THB 254.27 per share, the fair value is lower by THB 0.05 – 3.30 per share or 0.02% – 1.30%. Revision

# 21. Page 53 No. 2.2.1 Rationale to Accept the Tender Offer a) The appropriateness of the Tender Offer Price

#### Original

The Tender Offer Price at THB 254.27 per share is reasonable as the Tender Offer Price is higher than the value of the ordinary shares access by the IFA, which based on the adjusted book value approach. The IFA opines that valuation using the adjusted book value method is the most appropriate method, because it provides an accurate reflection of the fair value of the Company's net assets, particularly the appreciation of the Company's land value. Most of the land has been acquired since company's establishment and is located near industrial areas, resulting in a significant increase in its present value. This valuation method is appropriate as it considers independent appraisals based on the market price, which best reflects the maximum utilization of the asset at that time. The fair value SFP's shareholders' equity value is in the range of THB 250.97 – 254.22 per share. The base case equals THB 252.57 per share (Detail can be found in Part 2.1 of this report). In addition, the Tender Offer price is



not lower than the maximum price calculated in accordance with the regulations set by the SEC in considering the suitability of the tender offer price in the event of a tender offer for the delisting of securities in accordance with Clause 56 of the Notification of the Capital Market Supervisory Board No. Tor Chor. 12/2554 Re: Rules, Conditions and Procedures for the Acquisition of Securities for Business Takeover dated on 13 May 2011 (as amended, which details are as following:

## **Revision**

The Tender Offer Price at THB 254.27 per share is reasonable as the Tender Offer Price is higher than the value of the ordinary shares access by the IFA, which based on the adjusted book value approach. The IFA opines that valuation using the adjusted book value method is the most appropriate method, because it provides an accurate reflection of the fair value of the Company's net assets, particularly the appreciation of the Company's land value, which include land for cultivation and land for use as factory location. Most of the land has been acquired since company's establishment and is located near industrial areas, resulting in a significant increase in its present value. This valuation method is appropriate as it considers independent appraisals based on the market price, which best reflects the maximum utilization of the asset at that time. The fair value SFP's shareholders' equity value is in the range of THB 250.97 - 254.22 per share. The base case equals THB 252.57 per share (Detail can be found in Part 2.1 of this report). In addition, the Tender Offer price is not lower than the maximum price calculated in accordance with the regulations set by the SEC in considering the suitability of the tender offer price in the event of a tender offer for the delisting of securities in accordance with Clause 56 of the Notification of the Capital Market Supervisory Board No. Tor Chor. 12/2554 Re: Rules, Conditions and Procedures for the Acquisition of Securities for Business Takeover dated on 13 May 2011 (as amended, which details are as following:

# 22. Page 54 No. 2.2.1 Rationale to Accept the Tender Offer b) Impact on Minority Shareholders after delisting the Company's securities from SET

# **Original**

After delisting the Company's securities from SET, the minority shareholders may be impacted in the following issues:

## 1. Lack of Trading Liquidity

After delisting from SET, the shareholders will not be able to trade the Company's shares on SET, which is the secondary market for trade. Trade will not be as fast and liquid. In addition, there will not be reference market price as a benchmark for share trading.

#### 2. Limitation of Investment Return

The return on investment in holding the Company's share may be limited in the form of dividend. Meanwhile, the opportunity to earn capital gains could be lower since the Company's shares will have no secondary market nor reference market price as a benchmark for securities trading. In addition, the future dividend payout of the Company is uncertain and will depend on the policy of Plantheon as the major shareholder of the Company.

### 3. No Tax Privilege

Pursuant to the Ministerial Regulation No. 126 (B.E. 2509), when the Company maintains the status of a listed company, individual shareholders who trade shares on SET are exempted from capital gain tax and are not required to include capital gain in their personal income tax calculation. After the Company delist from SET, individual shareholders will not be entitled to such tax benefit. Shareholders



will have to report capital gain from the sales of the Company's shares on their personal income tax filing under a progressive rate.

#### 4. Limited Access to SFP's Information

After delisting from SET, the Company will no longer have to comply with SET's disclosure requirement. Therefore, the minority shareholders will receive a limited access to the Company's news, information and those related to reports of interests by directors and executives, etc. Moreover, directors, executives and auditors will not be obligated to prepare and submit a report on their holdings of the Company's securities in accordance with the SEC Notification No. Sor Jor. 38/2561 Re: Preparation of Report on Changes to the Securities and Derivatives Holding of Director, Executive, Auditor, Plan Preparer and Plan Administrator (as amended).

Moreover, after voluntary delisting from SET, other shareholders who are not the Offeror, concert party or related persons under Section 258, do not hold an aggregate of more than 5.00 percent of the total issued and paid-up shares or the total number of shareholders is not over 100, the Company will not be required to prepare and submit its financial reports and operating results to the SEC in accordance with the Capital Market Supervisory Board's Notification No. Tor Chor. 44/2556 Re: Rules, Conditions and Procedures for Disclosure regarding Financial and Non-financial Information of Securities Issuers. In addition, the Company's directors and executives will not be required to comply with provisions under Section 3/1 of the Securities and Exchange Act B.E. 2535 (as amended) such as provisions related to connected transactions, those related to material transactions, etc.

However, the Company, as a public company, is still required to disclose and submit information in accordance with the Public Limited Companies Act BE, 2535, such as annual reports, financial reports and operating results, and if the minority shareholders would like information about the Company affidavit, list of shareholders, and the annual financial statements of the Company, the minority shareholders can obtain a copy of the Company's information at the Ministry of Commerce.

# 5. Unable to balance the power of the major shareholders

Currently, the Company is under the control of Plantheon, which is the majority shareholder holding 74.58 percent of the total issued and paid up capital of the Company. This allows the Offeror to control the management and business direction as well as the resolutions of the shareholders' meeting on common issues that require majority votes of the shareholders who attend the meeting and are eligible to vote, such as the approval of the annual financial statements, the appointment of the board of directors and the appointment of auditor and etc.

Therefore, if the minority shareholders hold less than 10.00 percent of total issued share of the Company after the delisting tender offer, the minority shareholders will not be able to call for shareholders meetings, which require aggregate vole of more than 10.00 percent of total issued share of the Company and aggregate vote for balancing and inspecting of the Company's management of the major shareholder.

# **Revision**

After delisting the Company's securities from SET, the minority shareholders may be impacted in the following issues:

# 1. Lack of Trading Liquidity and the absence of a market price for trading reference

After delisting from SET, the shareholders will not be able to trade the Company's shares on SET, which is the secondary market for trade. Trade will not be as fast and liquid. In addition, there will not be reference market price <u>from trading price in SET</u> as a benchmark for share trading.



#### 2. Limitation of Investment Return

The return on investment in holding the Company's share may be limited in the form of dividend. Meanwhile, the opportunity to earn capital gains could be lower since the Company's shares will have no secondary market nor reference market price as a benchmark for securities trading. In addition, the future dividend payout of the Company is uncertain and will depend on the policy of Plantheon as the major shareholder of the Company.

### 3. No Tax Privilege

Pursuant to the Ministerial Regulation No. 126 (B.E. 2509), when the Company maintains the status of a listed company, individual shareholders who trade shares on SET are exempted from capital gain tax and are not required to include capital gain in their personal income tax calculation. After the Company delist from SET, individual shareholders will not be entitled to such tax benefit. Shareholders will have to report capital gain from the sales of the Company's shares on their personal income tax filing under a progressive rate.

#### 4. Limited Access to SFP's Information

After delisting from SET, the Company will no longer have to comply with SET's disclosure requirement. Therefore, the minority shareholders will receive a limited access to the Company's news, information and those related to reports of interests by directors and executives, etc. Moreover, directors, executives and auditors will not be obligated to prepare and submit a report on their holdings of the Company's securities in accordance with the SEC Notification No. Sor Jor. 38/2561 Re: Preparation of Report on Changes to the Securities and Derivatives Holding of Director, Executive, Auditor, Plan Preparer and Plan Administrator (as amended).

Moreover, after voluntary delisting from SET, other shareholders who are not the Offeror, concert party or related persons under Section 258, do not hold an aggregate of more than 5.00 percent of the total issued and paid-up shares or the total number of shareholders is not over 100, the Company will not be required to prepare and submit its financial reports and operating results to the SEC in accordance with the Capital Market Supervisory Board's Notification No. Tor Chor. 44/2556 Re: Rules, Conditions and Procedures for Disclosure regarding Financial and Non-financial Information of Securities Issuers. In addition, the Company's directors and executives will not be required to comply with provisions under Section 3/1 of the Securities and Exchange Act B.E. 2535 (as amended) such as provisions related to connected transactions, those related to material transactions, etc.

However, the Company, as a public company, is still required to disclose and submit information in accordance with the Public Limited Companies Act BE, 2535, such as annual reports, financial reports and operating results, and if the minority shareholders would like information about the Company affidavit, list of shareholders, and the annual financial statements of the Company, the minority shareholders can obtain a copy of the Company's information at the Ministry of Commerce.

# 5. Unable to balance the power of the major shareholders

Currently, the Company is under the control of Plantheon, which is the majority shareholder holding 74.58 percent of the total issued and paid up capital of the Company. This allows the Offeror to control the management and business direction as well as the resolutions of the shareholders' meeting on common issues that require majority votes of the shareholders who attend the meeting and are eligible to vote, such as the approval of the annual financial statements, the appointment of the board of directors and the appointment of auditor and etc. And also able to control votes on the important agendas which are the selling and transferring the Company both entirely or partially to the external person, purchasing and transferring other companies to be a part of the Company, the capital reduction, the capital increase, merger and acquisition and etc. which required not less than three fourth of the attending and voting shareholders.



Therefore, if the minority shareholders hold less than 10.00 percent of total issued share of the Company after the delisting tender offer, the minority shareholders will not be able to call for shareholders meetings, which require aggregate vole of more than 10.00 percent of total issued share of the Company and aggregate vote for balancing and inspecting of the Company's management of the major shareholder.

# 23. Page 56 No. 2.3 Benefits or Impacts of Plans and Policies Stipulated in the Tender Offer and Viability of Such Plans and Policies

# **Original**

Independent Financial Advisor has considered benefits and effects from plans and policies that the Tender Offer stated in Form 247-4 and also the possibility of plans and policies which can be summarized as follows:

#### The Status of the Business

As stated in in Form 247-4, after the Tender offer, Plantheon will proceed the delisting of SFP's securities from the SET. After the SET has delisted the ordinary shares of the Business from being listed securities in the SET, the status of the Business as a listed company in the SET will cease. Nonetheless, the Business shall continue to operate its business and will maintain its status as a public company limited. In any case, should there be any change to the laws related to the conversion of the Business's status and should the Business qualify for the conditions to proceed as required by law, the Offeror may further consider proceeding as appropriateness and in accordance with all the relevant laws.

Nonetheless, as the Business will maintain its status as a public company limited, it is still required to make disclosures and deliveries of information according to the Public Company Act B.E. 2535 (1992) (as amended), but the obligations for disclosures as a listed company in the SET, including obligations under the rules, conditions and procedures governing the disclosure of information and other acts of a Listed Company will cease. The cessation of requirements for the directors, executives and auditor of the Company to prepare and disclose reports of their securities holdings in accordance to the Notification of the Office of the Securities and Exchange Commission No. Sor Jor. 38/2561 Re: Preparation of Report on Changes to the Securities and Derivatives Holding of Director, Executive, Auditor, Plan Preparer and Plan Administrator.

In addition, the Offeror holds shares in the Business before Tender Offer Period totaling 74.58 percent of total voting rights of the Business. Therefore, after the completion of the Tender Offer Period and the SET's delisting of the Business's securities, if the Business has shareholders who are not the Offeror, including their concert parties and their persons under Section 258, holding less than 5.00 percent of the total voting rights of the Business or number of those shareholders are less than 100 persons, this results in (1) the cessation of the Business's obligation to prepare and deliver financial statements to the SEC in accordance to the Notification of the Capital Market Supervisory Board TorChor. 44/2556 re: the Rules, Conditions and Procedures for Disclosure regarding Financial and Non-financial Information of Securities Issuers (2) the Business as well as the directors and executives of the Business no longer being under the requirements related to the governance of a listed company in accordance to Section 3/1 of The Securities and Exchange Act B.E. 2535 (as amended) such as requirements on entering into Connected Transaction, Major Transactions, and Reporting of Equity Holdings of Directors and Executives.

After delisting from SET, the Company's shares will no longer be traded on the SET which impacts to the shareholders who have no liquidity for selling and buying the Company's share. Moreover, the



information of share price and trading will not be published because no creditable public information for reference in investing.

# **Opinion of the Independent Financial Advisor**

Independent Financial Advisor has considered the status of the Company as stated in Form 247-4 and deems that after delisting of the Company's securities from SET, the Company will be unable to raise funds or offer securities to support business operations and expansion of the Company through the SET. Nevertheless, the Company still has other means to raise the capital such as loans from financial institutions and issuing debentures to institutional investors and/or its majority shareholder. In addition, the Company may ask the Offeror, as the major shareholder of the Company, to provide financial support, if appropriate and necessary. Therefore, the Company will be able to operate its future plans without being significantly affected by the delisting from SET. However, the shareholders who decline the Tender Offer may be affected by the Company's status as no longer a listed company on SET such as lack of trading liquidity, limitation of chance to obtain investment return in a form of capital gains from trading securities will be limited since there is no secondary market for trading, the individual shareholder will not receive any tax privilege, limited access to SFP's information news and the minor shareholders will be unable to balance the power of the major shareholders.

Although the Company is no longer a listed company in the SET, the Board of Directors still has duty to supervise the Company to be complied with relevant regulations and laws which include the Public Limited Company Act and Corporate Governance Code since the Company still has duty to comply with Public Limited Company Act. So the Company's shareholders still have rights as prescribed by the Public Limited Company Act such as attending shareholder meetings, voting for directors, receiving of dividends, receiving of information and etc.

### **Revision**

Independent Financial Advisor has considered benefits and effects from plans and policies that the Tender Offer stated in Form 247-4 and also the possibility of plans and policies which can be summarized as follows:

# **The Status of the Business**

As stated in in Form 247-4, after the Tender offer, Plantheon will proceed the delisting of SFP's securities from the SET. After the SET has delisted the ordinary shares of the Business from being listed securities in the SET, the status of the Business as a listed company in the SET will cease. Nonetheless, the Business shall continue to operate its business and will maintain its status as a public company limited. In any case, should there be any change to the laws related to the conversion of the Business's status and should the Business qualify for the conditions to proceed as required by law, the Offeror may further consider proceeding as appropriateness and in accordance with all the relevant laws.

Nonetheless, as the Business will maintain its status as a public company limited, it is still required to make disclosures and deliveries of information according to the Public Company Act B.E. 2535 (1992) (as amended), but the obligations for disclosures as a listed company in the SET, including obligations under the rules, conditions and procedures governing the disclosure of information and other acts of a Listed Company will cease. The cessation of requirements for the directors, executives and auditor of the Company to prepare and disclose reports of their securities holdings in accordance to the Notification of the Office of the Securities and Exchange Commission No. Sor Jor. 38/2561 Re: Preparation of Report on Changes to the Securities and Derivatives Holding of Director, Executive, Auditor, Plan Preparer and Plan Administrator.



In addition, the Offeror holds shares in the Business before Tender Offer Period totaling 74.58 percent of total voting rights of the Business. Therefore, after the completion of the Tender Offer Period and the SET's delisting of the Business's securities, if the Business has shareholders who are not the Offeror, including their concert parties and their persons under Section 258, holding less than 5.00 percent of the total voting rights of the Business or number of those shareholders are less than 100 persons, this results in (1) the cessation of the Business's obligation to prepare and deliver financial statements to the SEC in accordance to the Notification of the Capital Market Supervisory Board TorChor. 44/2556 re: the Rules, Conditions and Procedures for Disclosure regarding Financial and Non-financial Information of Securities Issuers (2) the Business as well as the directors and executives of the Business no longer being under the requirements related to the governance of a listed company in accordance to Section 3/1 of The Securities and Exchange Act B.E. 2535 (as amended) such as requirements on entering into Connected Transaction, Major Transactions, and Reporting of Equity Holdings of Directors and Executives.

After delisting from SET, the Company's shares will no longer be traded on the SET which impacts to the shareholders who have no liquidity for selling and buying the Company's share. Moreover, the information of share price and trading will not be published because no creditable public information for reference in investing.

## **Opinion of the Independent Financial Advisor**

Independent Financial Advisor has considered the status of the Company as stated in Form 247-4 and deems that after delisting of the Company's securities from SET, the Company will be unable to raise funds or offer securities to support business operations and expansion of the Company through the SET. Nevertheless, the Company still has other means to raise the capital such as loans from financial institutions and issuing debentures to institutional investors and/or its majority shareholder. In addition, the Company may ask the Offeror, as the major shareholder of the Company, to provide financial support, if appropriate and necessary. Therefore, the Company will be able to operate its future plans without being significantly affected by the delisting from SET. However, the shareholders who decline the Tender Offer may be affected by the Company's status as no longer a listed company on SET such as lack of trading liquidity, limitation of chance to obtain investment return in a form of capital gains from trading securities will be limited since there is no secondary market for trading, the individual shareholder will not receive any tax privilege, limited access to SFP's information news and the minor shareholders will be unable to balance the power of the major shareholders.

Although the Company is no longer a listed company in the SET, the Board of Directors still has duty to supervise the Company to be complied with relevant regulations and laws which include the Public Limited Company Act and Corporate Governance Code since the Company still has duty to comply with Public Limited Company Act. So the Company's shareholders still have rights as prescribed by the Public Limited Company Act such as attending shareholder meetings, voting for directors, receiving of dividends, receiving of information and etc.

24. Page 57 No. 2.3 Benefits or Impacts of Plans and Policies Stipulated in the Tender Offer and Viability of Such Plans and Policies

Original

**Policy and Plans of Business Operations** 

**Business Objective** 



As stated in Form 247-4, during the 12-month period after the completion of the Tender Offer Period and the Business's status as a listed company in the SET has ended, the Offeror does not have any plan to make any material significant changes to the business objectives but may consider amending business plan partially for the purpose of efficiency and competitiveness within 12 months after the completion of the Tender Offer Period and the Offeror will comply with relevant laws, policies and regulations which are effective at that time.

Nevertheless, if needed and for the best interest of the business, the Offeror may cooperate with the Business to adjust business plans or in the case of a significant change to the Business position or other necessary changes, such as the Offeror may review and reconsider the Business's operational policies in order to be suitable to the Business's operation and financial position and to avoid any potential negative consequences which may affect its operations, or to improve the efficiency and competitiveness of the Business in the future. Nevertheless, if the Offeror intends to make any change significantly different from those specified in the Tender Offer, the Offeror will seek for an approval from the board of directors' meeting and/or the shareholders' meeting and other necessary approval to comply with related rules and regulations that are effective at that particular time.

## **Opinion of the Independent Financial Advisor**

Independent Financial Advisor has considered the business objectives as stated in Form 247-4 and deems that the Company will not have a significant impact on the business operation since the Company still continues to focus on the same main business operations and has no plan to change its business operation. However, the Tender Offeror and the Company may consider together to adjust the business plan and financial structure in order to be appropriate and highly beneficial to the Company's business operations.

In the event that the Company will significantly change the business objectives that are different from those specified in the Tender Offer within the 12-month period from the end of the Tender Offer period, the Company must be approved by the Board of Directors and/or the Shareholders' meeting and other related contractual parties (if necessary) in order to comply with the relevant laws and regulations effective at that time.

### <u>Revision</u>

## **Policy and Plans of Business Operations**

#### **Business Objective**

As stated in Form 247-4, during the 12-month period after the completion of the Tender Offer Period and the Business's status as a listed company in the SET has ended, the Offeror does not have any plan to make any material significant changes to the business objectives but may consider amending business plan partially for the purpose of efficiency and competitiveness within 12 months after the completion of the Tender Offer Period and the Offeror will comply with relevant laws, policies and regulations which are effective at that time.

Nevertheless, if needed and for the best interest of the business, the Offeror may cooperate with the Business to adjust business plans or in the case of a significant change to the Business position or other necessary changes, such as <u>industry trend in the entity's business may change</u>, or the tender <u>offeror may consider new business opportunities</u>, among other factors. the The Offeror may review and reconsider the Business's operational policies in order to be suitable to the Business's operation and financial position and to avoid any potential negative consequences which may affect its operations, or to improve the efficiency and competitiveness of the Business in the future. Nevertheless, if the Offeror intends to make any change significantly different from those specified in



the Tender Offer, the Offeror will seek for an approval from the board of directors' meeting and/or the shareholders' meeting and other necessary approval to comply with related rules and regulations that are effective at that particular time.

#### Opinion of the Independent Financial Advisor

Independent Financial Advisor has considered the business objectives as stated in Form 247-4 and deems that the Company will not have a significant impact on the business operation since the Company still continues to focus on the same main business operations and has no plan to change its business operation. However, the Tender Offeror and the Company may consider together to adjust the business plan and financial structure in order to be appropriate and highly beneficial to the Company's business operations.

In the event that the Company will significantly change the business objectives that are different from those specified in the Tender Offer within the 12-month period from the end of the Tender Offer period, the Company must be approved by the Board of Directors and/or the Shareholders' meeting and other related contractual parties (if necessary) in order to comply with the relevant laws and regulations effective at that time.

# 25. Page 58 No. 2.3 Benefits or Impacts of Plans and Policies Stipulated in the Tender Offer and Viability of Such Plans and Policies

#### <u>Original</u>

# **Investment or Production Capacity Expansion Plan**

As stated in Form 247-4, during the 12-month period after the completion of the Tender Offer Period and the Business's status as a listed company in the SET has ended, the Offeror does not have plan for a significant investment or capacity expansion that not in line with the Business's normal investment plan within 12 months after the completion of the Tender Offer Period.

Nonetheless, in the interest of the Business, as deemed appropriate, the Offeror, together with the Business may review and consider amending such investment plan as appropriate to increase an efficiency of the operation, management, and business development in each current business line of the Business. In case the Offeror makes any significant amendment to the investment plan, the Offeror will comply with relevant laws, policies and regulations which are effective at that time.

#### Opinion of the Independent Financial Advisor

Independent Financial Advisor has considered the investment or production capacity expansion plan as stated in Form 247-4 and deems that the Tender Offeror has no plan to expand the investment or the production capacity which is consistent with the Company's business plan that the Company has no plan to invest or add more production capacity within 12 months period after the Tender Offer except for machinery maintenance.

Currently, the Company has the production capacity of approximately 5,500.00 thousand standard case per year for canned pineapple and 17,500.00 ton per year for concentrated pineapple juice, which the IFA believes that the current production lines are capable of meeting customer demand and are appropriate for the current market situation. So, the Company has not been significantly affected if no any plan to expand investment or production capacity in any way. However, the Tender Offeror still has a maintenance plan for machines in order to keep them in a good condition.



#### **Revision**

#### **Investment or Production Capacity Expansion Plan**

As stated in Form 247-4, during the 12-month period after the completion of the Tender Offer Period and the Business's status as a listed company in the SET has ended, the Offeror does not have plan for a significant investment or capacity expansion that not in line with the Business's normal investment plan within 12 months after the completion of the Tender Offer Period. At present, the business is solely considering the feasibility and investment structure for the development of land into industrial estates.

The IFA holds the view that the investment for developing land into industrial estates remains uncertain. This uncertainty is influenced by factors such as feasibility considerations, investment structure, the business plan, economic conditions during the investment period, and the approval of investment plans by the Board of Directors. These factors must be carefully evaluated to ensure that such investments can yield positive performance for the business and align with the best interests of the business and shareholders.

Nonetheless, in the interest of the Business, as deemed appropriate, the Offeror, together with the Business may review and consider amending such investment plan as appropriate to increase an efficiency of the operation, management, and business development in each current business line of the Business. In case the Offeror makes any significant amendment to the investment plan, the Offeror will comply with relevant laws, policies and regulations which are effective at that time.

# **Opinion of the Independent Financial Advisor**

Independent Financial Advisor has considered the investment or production capacity expansion plan as stated in Form 247-4 and deems that the Tender Offeror has no plan to expand the investment or the production capacity which is consistent with the Company's business plan that the Company has no plan to invest or add more production capacity within 12 months period after the Tender Offer except for machinery maintenance.

Currently, the Company has the production capacity of approximately 5,500.00 thousand standard case per year for canned pineapple and 17,500.00 ton per year for concentrated pineapple juice, which the IFA believes that the current production lines are capable of meeting customer demand and are appropriate for the current market situation. So, the Company has not been significantly affected if no any plan to expand investment or production capacity in any way. However, the Tender Offeror still has a maintenance plan for machines in order to keep them in a good condition.

# 26. Page 58 No. 2.3 Benefits or Impacts of Plans and Policies Stipulated in the Tender Offer and Viability of Such Plans and Policies

# **Original**

# Organizational restructuring and administration

As stated in Form 247-4, during the 12-month period after the completion of the Tender Offer Period and the Business's status as a listed company in the SET has ended, the Offeror may nominate persons as directors and/or independent directors in the best interest of the Business, as deemed appropriate, such as in case of a resignation of director or expiration of the director's term of office or additional appointment of director by considering various factors for the best interest of the Business such as business operations plan, business strategy, competitiveness and growth of the Business including a plan to change or reduce executives. At present, the Offeror does not have a plan involving the



restructuring of the organization and management, including significant hiring or termination of executives and employees.

As of the date of submission of the Tender Offer, the Offeror does not have plan to change organization and management structure of the Business within 12 months after the end of the Tender Offer Period. Nonetheless, during the period of 12 months after the end of the Offer Period, the Offeror may consider to change organization and management to be appropriate for growth and efficiency in operation. In the case that the Offeror makes any significant amendment in the organization and management structure, the Offeror will comply with relevant laws, policies and regulations which are effective at that time.

#### **Opinion of the Independent Financial Advisor**

Independent Financial Advisor has considered the organizational restructuring, administration and employment plans as stated in Form 247-4 and deems that the Company has currently represented directors from Plantheon, the Tender Offeror, 4 out of the total of 11 directors (the remaining 4 directors are independent directors). So, Plantheon has significant roles in the formulation of policies, business plans and operations of the Company. After this Tender Offer and the Company doesn't have the status of being a listed company, the Company may not renew the term of the director position for independent directors and audit committee when the term of independent director and audit committee becomes expired. Moreover, the Tender Offeror has no plan to significantly change the Company's number of employees and the managerial structure. As a result, after this Tender Offer and the Company doesn't have the status of being a listed company, the management of the Company will still follow policies and business plans that Plantheon has set as usual.

In the event that the Company will change the organizational structure, business management and employment, the Company and the Tender Offeror will appropriately proceed in order to comply with the Company's regulations, resolution of the Board of Directors, resolution of the Shareholders' meetings and/or the relevant laws in order to follow the Corporate Governance Code and the best interest for the Company.

# Revision

## Organizational restructuring and administration and employment plans

As stated in Form 247-4, during the 12-month period after the completion of the Tender Offer Period and the Business's status as a listed company in the SET has ended, the Offeror may nominate persons as directors and/or independent directors in the best interest of the Business, as deemed appropriate, such as in case of a resignation of director or expiration of the director's term of office or additional appointment of director by considering various factors for the best interest of the Business such as business operations plan, business strategy, competitiveness and growth of the Business including a plan to change or reduce executives. At present, the Offeror does not have a plan involving the restructuring of the organization and management, including significant hiring or termination of executives and employees.

As of the date of submission of the Tender Offer, the Offeror does not have plan to change organization and management structure of the Business within 12 months after the end of the Tender Offer Period. Nonetheless, during the period of 12 months after the end of the Offer Period, the Offeror may consider to change organization and management to be appropriate for growth and efficiency in operation. In the case that the Offeror makes any significant amendment in the organization and management structure, the Offeror will comply with relevant laws, policies and regulations which are effective at that time.



### **Opinion of the Independent Financial Advisor**

Independent Financial Advisor has considered the organizational restructuring, administration and employment plans as stated in Form 247-4 and deems that the Company has currently represented directors from Plantheon, the Tender Offeror, 4 out of the total of 11 directors (the remaining 4 directors are independent directors). The remaining 7 directors have been selected and appointed based on their profound knowledge, abilities, and extensive experience within the business area, 4 out of 7 are independent directors. So, Plantheon has significant roles in the formulation of policies, business plans and operations of the Company. After this Tender Offer and the Company doesn't have the status of being a listed company, the Company may not renew the term of the director position for independent directors and audit committee when the term of independent director and audit committee becomes expired. Moreover, the Tender Offeror has no plan to significantly change the Company's number of employees and the managerial structure. As a result, after this Tender Offer and the Company doesn't have the status of being a listed company, the management of the Company will still follow policies and business plans that Plantheon has set as usual.

In the event that the Company will change the organizational structure, business management and employment, the Company and the Tender Offeror will appropriately proceed in order to comply with the Company's regulations, resolution of the Board of Directors, resolution of the Shareholders' meetings and/or the relevant laws in order to follow the Corporate Governance Code and the best interest for the Company.

## 27. Page 63 No. 2.3 3 Summary of Opinion of the Independent Financial Advisor

## **Original**

Independent Financial Advisor deems that the tender offer price of THB 254.27 per share is **appropriate** since the tender offer price is higher than the value of ordinary share that Independent Financial Advisor assesses by using adjusted book value method. The IFA opines that the valuation of SFP's shareholders' equity using this method is the most appropriate method, because this method reflects the fair value of the Company's assets, particularly the appreciation of the Company's land value. Most of the land has been acquired since the company establishment and is located near industrial areas, result in a significant increase in its present value. This valuation method is appropriate as it considers independent appraisals based on the market price, which best reflects the maximum utilization of the asset at that time. It ranges between THB 250.97 – 254.22 per share, which has the base case equals THB 252.59 per share. (Detail can be found in Part 2.1 of this report). Moreover, the tender offer price is not lower than the maximum price calculated in accordance with the regulations set by the SEC in considering the suitability of the tender offer price in the event of a tender offer for the delisting of securities in accordance with Clause 56 of the Notification of the Capital Market Supervisory Board No. Tor Chor. 12/2554 Re: Rules, Conditions and Procedures for the Acquisition of Securities for Business Takeover dated on 13 May 2011 (as amended).

After the delisting of securities from the SET, if the minor shareholders still hold the Company's shares, those shareholders will be affected in which the Company not being a listed company in the SET as follows:

- Lack of liquidity in trading of securities in which shares can't be quickly and flexibly traded since there is no secondary market for securities trading
- Chance to obtain investment return in a form of capital gains from trading securities will be limited since there is no secondary market for trading and also no market price for reference. Moreover,



the dividend payment policy may be changed in accordance with Plantheon as a major shareholder of the Company.

- Individual shareholders will no longer receive tax benefits for the exemption of capital gains tax. Also, individuals and juristic persons will not be exempted from stamp duty from transferring shares.
- Access to information will be lower since obligations to disclose information of the Company as a listed company has ended.
- At present, Plantheon as the Tender Offeror and major shareholder, holds the Company's share of 74.58 percent of the total number of issued and paid-up shares of the Company. Plantheon has control power over the Company in setting the business directions and the Shareholders' meetings. Therefore, after the completion of the Tender Offer, if the minority shareholders hold less than 10.00 percent of total issued share of the Company after the delisting tender offer, the minority shareholders will not able to gather votes to balance the power and check the Plantheon's control.

Based on the information in this report, Independent Financial Advisor deems that the <u>Company's shareholders should accept the Tender Offer</u> for the delisting of the Company's securities from the SET. However, the final decision to approve or decline the Tender Offer for the delisting of the Company's securities from the SET depends on the individual shareholders' discretion.

Jay Capital Advisory Limited, as the Independent Financial Advisor, hereby certifies that our opinion has been rendered with due care in accordance with professional standards, taking into consideration the appropriateness, the reasonability and the interests of the shareholders.

#### Revision

Independent Financial Advisor deems that the tender offer price of THB 254.27 per share is **appropriate** since the tender offer price is higher than the value of ordinary share that Independent Financial Advisor assesses by using adjusted book value method. The IFA opines that the valuation of SFP's shareholders' equity using this method is the most appropriate method, because this method reflects the fair value of the Company's assets, particularly the appreciation of the Company's land value. Most of the land has been acquired since the company establishment and is located near industrial areas, result in a significant increase in its present value. This valuation method is appropriate as it considers independent appraisals based on the market price, which best reflects the maximum utilization of the asset at that time. It ranges between THB 250.97 – 254.22 per share, which has the base case equals THB 252.59 per share. (Detail can be found in Part 2.1 of this report). Moreover, the tender offer price is not lower than the maximum price calculated in accordance with the regulations set by the SEC in considering the suitability of the tender offer price in the event of a tender offer for the delisting of securities in accordance with Clause 56 of the Notification of the Capital Market Supervisory Board No. Tor Chor. 12/2554 Re: Rules, Conditions and Procedures for the Acquisition of Securities for Business Takeover dated on 13 May 2011 (as amended).

After the delisting of securities from the SET, if the minor shareholders still hold the Company's shares, those shareholders will be affected in which the Company not being a listed company in the SET as follows:



- Lack of liquidity in trading of securities in which shares can't be quickly and flexibly traded since
  there is no secondary market for securities trading and there is no market price which is the
  trading price in SET for trading reference.
- Chance to obtain investment return in a form of capital gains from trading securities will be limited since there is no secondary market for trading and also no market price for reference. Moreover, the dividend payment policy may be changed in accordance with Plantheon as a major shareholder of the Company.
- Individual shareholders will no longer receive tax benefits for the exemption of capital gains tax. Also, individuals and juristic persons will not be exempted from stamp duty from transferring shares.
- Access to information will be lower since obligations to disclose information of the Company as a
  listed company has ended. However, the Company still has an obligation to disclose and submit
  information as a public limited company, in accordance with the Public Limited Companies Act
  B.E. 2535 (as amended).
- At present, Plantheon as the Tender Offeror and major shareholder, holds the Company's share of 74.58 percent of the total number of issued and paid-up shares of the Company. Plantheon has control power over the Company in setting the business directions and the Shareholders' meetings. Therefore, after the completion of the Tender Offer, if the minority shareholders hold less than 10.00 percent of total issued share of the Company after the delisting tender offer, the minority shareholders will not able to gather votes to balance the power and check the Plantheon's control.

Based on the information in this report, Independent Financial Advisor deems that the <u>Company's shareholders should accept the Tender Offer</u> for the delisting of the Company's securities from the SET. However, the final decision to approve or decline the Tender Offer for the delisting of the Company's securities from the SET depends on the individual shareholders' discretion.

Jay Capital Advisory Limited, as the Independent Financial Advisor, hereby certifies that our opinion has been rendered with due care in accordance with professional standards, taking into consideration the appropriateness, the reasonability and the interests of the shareholders.

